REGISTRATION NO. 333-4419

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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AMENDMENT NO. 4

TO

FORM S-1

REGISTRATION STATEMENT

UNDER

THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

\_\_\_\_\_

GUESS ?, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation or organization)

2345

Classification Code Number)

95-3679695

(Primary Standard (I.R.S. Employer Industrial Identification Number Identification Number)

1444 SOUTH ALAMEDA STREET LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90021

(213) 765-3100

(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

> ROGER A. WILLIAMS CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

> > GUESS ?, INC.

1444 SOUTH ALAMEDA STREET

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90021

(213) 765-3100

(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of agent for service)

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COPIES TO:

William H. Hinman, Jr., Esq. Shearman & Sterling 555 California Street San Francisco, California 94104-1522

Gregg A. Noel, Esq. Jeffrey H. Cohen, Esq. Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom 300 South Grand Avenue, Suite 3400 Los Angeles, California 90071

APPROXIMATE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF PROPOSED SALE OF THE SECURITIES TO THE PUBLIC:

AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT BECOMES EFFECTIVE.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, check the following box. /

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. /

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. / /

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule  $\,$  434, please check the following box. / /

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8 (A) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8 (A), MAY DETERMINE.

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# GUESS ?, INC. CROSS-REFERENCE SHEET PURSUANT TO ITEM 501(B) OF REGULATION S-K

ITEM NUMBER	ITEM	LOCATION IN PROSPECTUS
1.	Forepart of the Registration Statement and Outside Front Cover Page of Prospectus	Facing Page; Cross-Reference Sheet; Outside Front Cover Page of Prospectus
2.	Inside Front and Outside Back Cover Pages of	*****
	Prospectus	Inside Front Cover Page of Prospectus; Additional Information; Table of Contents; Outside Back Cover Page of Prospectus
3.	Summary Information, Risk Factors and Ratio of	D
4.	Earnings to Fixed Charges	Prospectus Summary; Risk Factors Prospectus Summary; Use of Proceeds
5.	Determination of Offering Price	Underwriting
6.	Dilution	Dilution
7.	Selling Security Holders	Not Applicable
8.	Plan of Distribution	Outside Front Cover Page of Prospectus; Underwriting
9.	Description of Securities to Be Registered	Outside Front Cover Page of Prospectus; Prospectus Summary; Description of Capital Stock
10.	Interests of Named Experts and Counsel	Not Applicable
11.	Information with Respect to Registrant	Prospectus Summary, Risk Factors; Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status; Dividend Policy; Capitalization; Selected Financial Data; Selected Pro Forma Financial Data; Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations; Business; Management; Certain Transactions; Principal Stockholders; Shares Eligible for Future Sale; Description of Capital Stock; Financial Statements
12.	Disclosure of Commission Position on Indemnification for Securities Act	
	Liabilities	Not Applicable

This Registration Statement contains two forms of prospectus: one to be used in connection with an offering in the United States and Canada (the "U.S. Prospectus") and one to be used in a concurrent offering outside the United States and Canada (the "International Prospectus"). The U.S. Prospectus and the International Prospectus will be identical in all respects except for the front and back cover pages and the "Underwriting" section. The U.S. Prospectus is included herein and is followed by those pages to be used in the International Prospectus which differ from those in the U.S. Prospectus. Each of the pages for

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the International Prospectus included herein has been labeled "Alternate Page for International Prospectus."

Information contained herein is subject to completion or amendment. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These securities may not be sold nor may offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the registration statement becomes effective. This prospectus shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION

PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 31, 1996

PROSPECTUS

9,200,000 SHARES

[LOGO]

COMMON STOCK

Of the 9,200,000 shares of Common Stock of Guess ?, Inc. offered hereby, 7,360,000 shares are initially being offered in the United States and Canada by the U.S. Underwriters and 1,840,000 shares are initially being offered outside the United States and Canada by the International Managers. The initial public offering price and the aggregate underwriting discount per share are identical for each of the Offerings. See "Underwriting."

Prior to the Offerings, there has been no public market for the Common Stock. It is currently estimated that the initial public offering price per share of Common Stock will be between \$21 and \$23. See "Underwriting" for a discussion of the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price of the Common Stock.

The Common Stock has been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "GES," subject to official notice of issuance.

SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 7 FOR A DISCUSSION OF CERTAIN FACTORS THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE COMMON STOCK OFFERED HEREBY.

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THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

	PRICE TO PUBLIC	UNDERWRITING DISCOUNT (1)	PROCEEDS TO COMPANY (2)
Per Share Total (3)	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$

- (1) The Company and the Principal Stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several Underwriters against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. See "Underwriting."
- (2) Before deducting expenses payable by the Company estimated to be \$1,750,000.

(3) The Company has granted to the U.S. Underwriters and the International Managers options, exercisable within 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to an additional 1,104,000 and 276,000 shares of Common Stock, respectively, to cover over-allotments, if any. If all such additional shares are purchased, the total Price to Public, Underwriting Discount and Proceeds to Company will be \$ , \$ and \$ , respectively. See "Underwriting."

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The shares of Common Stock are offered by the several Underwriters, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, and subject to the approval of certain legal matters by counsel for the Underwriters and certain other conditions. The Underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify such offer and to reject orders in whole or in part. It is expected that delivery of the shares of Common Stock will be made in New York, New York on or about , 1996.

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MERRILL LYNCH & CO. MORGAN STANLEY & CO. INCORPORATED

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The date of this Prospectus is

, 1996.

[PICTURES]

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

THE FOLLOWING SUMMARY IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY THE MORE DETAILED INFORMATION AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (INCLUDING THE NOTES THERETO) APPEARING ELSEWHERE IN THIS PROSPECTUS. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED, ALL COMMON STOCK SHARE AMOUNTS, PER SHARE DATA AND OTHER INFORMATION SET FORTH IN THIS PROSPECTUS (I) HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED TO REFLECT A 32.66 FOR 1 STOCK SPLIT, WHICH WILL BE EFFECTED PRIOR TO CONSUMMATION OF THE OFFERINGS, AND (II) ASSUME THAT THE UNDERWRITERS' OVER-ALLOTMENT OPTIONS HAVE NOT BEEN EXERCISED. UNLESS THE CONTEXT REQUIRES OTHERWISE, THE "COMPANY" OR "GUESS," AS USED IN THIS PROSPECTUS, MEANS GUESS ?, INC. AND GUESS? EUROPE, B.V., A NETHERLANDS CORPORATION ("GEBV"), GUESS ITALIA S.R.L., AN ITALIAN CORPORATION ("GUESS ITALIA," AND TOGETHER WITH GEBV, "GUESS EUROPE"), AND RANCHE LIMITED, A HONG KONG CORPORATION ("RANCHE" OR "GUESS ASIA"), EACH OF WHICH IS A CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARY OF GUESS ?, INC.

# THE COMPANY

Guess ?, Inc. (the "Company" or "Guess"), founded in 1981 by the Marciano brothers, designs, markets, distributes and licenses one of the world's leading lifestyle collections of casual apparel, accessories and related consumer products. The Company's apparel for men and women is inspired by an appreciation of the American lifestyle combined with a European flair and is marketed under the trademarks GUESS, GUESS U.S.A., GUESS? AND TRIANGLE DESIGN and GUESS COLLECTION. The lines include full collections of denim and cotton clothing, including jeans, pants, overalls, skirts, dresses, shorts, blouses, shirts, jackets and knitwear. In addition, the Company has granted licenses to manufacture and distribute a broad range of products that complement the Company's apparel lines, including watches, clothing for infants and children, eyewear, footwear, activewear, home products and other fashion accessories. The Company's product quality combined with captivating advertising images have created a global brand franchise with products that appeal to style-conscious consumers across a broad spectrum of ages. The Company generates net revenue from wholesale and retail operations and licensing activities, which accounted for 56%, 35% and 9%, respectively, of net revenue in 1995. The Company's total net revenue in 1995 was \$486.7 million and pro forma net earnings (as described herein) were \$43.3 million.

The Company achieves premium pricing for its products by emphasizing superior styling and quality. The Company maintains rigorous control over the quality of its products by performing its own design and development work and by closely monitoring the workmanship of its contractors and licensees. The enduring strength of the GUESS brand name and image is reinforced by the Company's consistent emphasis on innovative and distinctive design. Under the direction of Maurice Marciano, the Company's design department creates full lines of casual apparel that appeal to both men and women. During 1995, net sales of apparel for men and for women accounted for approximately 48% and 52%, respectively, of net revenue from the sale of apparel products. Each of the lines consists of a broad array of basic, recurring styles, complemented by more fashion-oriented items which reflect contemporary trends. During 1995, net sales of basic and fashion items accounted for approximately 49% and 51%, respectively, of the Company's net revenue from the sale of apparel products.

The Company seeks to reach a broad consumer base through multiple channels of distribution. As of March 31, 1996, GUESS brand products were distributed by the Company, its licensees and international distributors to better department stores and upscale specialty stores, 112 stores operated by the Company (of which 65 were retail stores and 47 were factory outlet stores) and 205 stores operated by licensees and distributors. As a critical element of its distribution to department stores, the Company and its licensees utilize shop-in-shops to enhance brand recognition, permit more complete merchandising of the lines and differentiate the presentation of GUESS products. As of December 31, 1995, the Company's and its licensees'

IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERINGS, THE UNDERWRITERS MAY OVER-ALLOT OR EFFECT TRANSACTIONS WHICH STABILIZE OR MAINTAIN THE MARKET PRICE OF THE COMMON STOCK OFFERED HEREBY AT A LEVEL ABOVE THAT WHICH MIGHT OTHERWISE PREVAIL IN THE OPEN MARKET. SUCH TRANSACTIONS MAY BE EFFECTED ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE OR OTHERWISE. SUCH STABILIZING, IF COMMENCED, MAY BE DISCONTINUED AT ANY TIME.

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products were sold in approximately 1,600 shop-in-shops worldwide. In order to protect the Guess image and enhance the exclusivity of the brand, the Company began in 1993 to withdraw its products from certain wholesale accounts which did not meet the Company's merchandising standards. Sales to such discontinued accounts represented approximately \$51.1 million, \$32.9 million and \$3.8 million of the Company's net revenue in 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively. The Company's own network of stores, in addition to providing a key opportunity for growth, allows the Company to present and merchandise its entire collection and to test market new product concepts.

The Company intends to capitalize on the worldwide recognition of its brand name and the breadth of Guess lifestyle products by expanding its international operations. The Company has established Guess Europe in Italy and Guess Asia in Hong Kong to design, source and market products in Europe and the Pacific Rim. Guess has granted licenses for the manufacture and sale of GUESS branded products similar to the Company's, including men's and women's denim and knitwear, in markets such as Canada, Argentina, Mexico, the Philippines, South Korea, Brazil and Japan. Although Guess is in the early stages of its international expansion, GUESS brand products are currently sold in over 70 countries primarily through licensees and distributors. See "Business --Business Strategy -- Increase International Presence."

The desirability of the GUESS brand name among consumers has allowed the Company to selectively expand its product offerings through licensing arrangements. The Company believes its licensing strategy significantly broadens the distribution of GUESS brand products while limiting the Company's capital investment and operating expenses. The Company carefully selects its licensees and maintains strict control over the design, advertising, marketing and distribution of all licensed products in order to maintain a consistent global GUESS brand image. The Company's 26 licensees manufacture and distribute a broad array of related consumer products in the United States and international markets. The Company's most significant licenses include GUESS WATCHES, BABY GUESS, GUESS KIDS and GUESS EYEWEAR, which together accounted for approximately

48.1% of the Company's net royalties in 1995. The Company continues to capitalize on the GUESS brand image by granting licenses to introduce related products. Recently, the Company licensed the GUESS HOME COLLECTION and GUESS OUTERWEAR, as well as various accessory products.

Under Paul Marciano's direction and supervision, Guess has created a consistent, high profile image through the use of its distinctive black and white print ads. The Company's in-house Advertising Department directs the media placement of all advertising worldwide, including placement by its licensees and distributors. On numerous occasions since 1986, the Company's advertising has garnered prestigious awards for creativity and excellence, including CLIO, BELDING and MOBIUS awards. Such awards are generally awarded on the basis of the judgment of prominent members of the advertising industry. By retaining control over its advertising programs, the Company is able to maintain the integrity of the GUESS brand image while realizing a substantial cost savings compared to the use of outside agencies. The Company requires its licensees and distributors to invest a percentage of their net sales of licensed products and net purchases of Guess products, respectively, in advertising, promotion and marketing. From 1992 through 1995, the Company's advertising expenditures, together with amounts spent by its licensees and its distributors (as reported to the Company by such licensees and distributors), exceeded \$160 million.

The Company's business strategy is designed to increase sales and profitability, while preserving the integrity and expanding the product depth and global reach of the GUESS brand. To provide greater management depth, the Company has recently recruited several key executives with substantial industry experience to faciliate the implementation of its business strategy. The business strategy consists of the following key elements: (i) to maintain high brand recognition, (ii) to increase international operations through increasing sales to existing and new distributors, increasing royalties from the growth of licensees' businesses, increasing the number of licensee— and distributor-operated retail stores and shop-in-shops and expanding direct sales penetration through Guess Europe, (iii) to increase both product and geographic licensing arrangements, (iv) to deepen the Company's product offerings to include new fabrications and product lines, (v) to expand and improve the productivity of the Company-operated retail and factory outlet store network and (vi) to expand and upgrade domestic shop-in-shops.

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# COMPANY HISTORY

Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano (the "Principal Executive Officers"), together with their brother Georges, began in the apparel business in France in 1972 and opened their first retail apparel stores in the United States in 1978 in California. The business of GUESS was founded in 1981 by the Marciano brothers. The Company was founded on the concept of a fashion jean with the first GUESS product being the "three-zip Marilyn" jean, which was stone-washed and adapted to fit the contours of a woman's body. Since that time, the Company's product offerings have grown to include full lines of men's and women's casual apparel. In August 1993, Georges Marciano sold his interest in Guess to the Company and a trust for the benefit of Paul Marciano.

#### THE OFFERINGS

Of the 9,200,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share ("Common Stock"), to be sold in the Offerings, 7,360,000 shares are initially being offered in the United States and Canada by the U.S. Underwriters (the "U.S. Offering") and 1,840,000 shares are initially being offered outside the United States and Canada by the International Managers (the "International Offering," and together with the U.S. Offering, the "Offerings").

Company of \$188.0 million will be used to repay the S Distribution Notes (as defined herein) (estimated to have an aggregate principal amount between \$180.0 million and \$190.0 million). Any remaining net proceeds will be used to repay outstanding advances under the Company's revolving credit facility.

The Common Stock has been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "GES," subject to official notice of

issuance.

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Listing.....

(1) Excludes approximately 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance pursuant to awards under the Company's 1996 Equity Incentive Plan (the "1996 Equity Plan") and 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan (the "Directors' Plan"), including options to purchase 1,207,405 shares of Common Stock to be granted immediately prior to the Offerings. Of such options, 1,137,598 will have an exercise price per share equal to the initial public offering price of the Common Stock and 69,807 will have an exercise price of \$21.49 per share. The Company does not anticipate recording compensation expense relating to the grant of any such options. See "Management -- Employment Agreements," "-- 1996 Equity Incentive Plan" and "-- 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan."

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GUESS-Registered Trademark-, GUESS?-Registered Trademark-, GUESS? AND TRIANGLE DESIGN-Registered Trademark-, BABY GUESS-TM-, GUESS KIDS-Registered Trademark-, GUESS WATCHES-TM-, GUESS JEANS-TM-, GUESS U.S.A.-TM- and GUESS COLLECTION-TM- are included among the Company's trademarks.

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#### SUMMARY FINANCIAL DATA

		V23.5 53					HS ENDED
	1991		NDED DECEMB		1995		
	1991						
		(IN	THOUSANDS,	EXCEPT PI	ER SHARE DA	ATA)	
STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA:							
Net revenue (1)					\$486,733		
Earnings from operations	104,469		114,464				43,905(2)
Earnings before income taxes	102,527		105,281				
Net earnings SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA (3):	99,832		103,471			32,994	
Earnings before income taxes	102,527		105,281			34,269	
Income taxes	41,011	44,490	42,112	40,472	26,726	13,708	
Net earnings	\$ 61,516	\$ 66,734	\$ 63,169	\$ 60,709	\$ 40,088	\$ 20,561	\$ 21,990
Net earnings per share (4)					\$ 1.00		\$ .55
Weighted average common shares outstanding (4)					40,040		39,825
PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA (5):							
Earnings from operations					\$ 87,985	\$ 45,817	\$47,271
Earnings before income taxes					72,145	37,912	39,993
Income taxes					28,858		15,877
Net earnings					\$ 43,287		\$24,116
Net earnings per share (4)					\$ 1.08		\$ .61
Weighted average common shares outstanding (4)					40,040		39,825

AS OF JUNE 30, 1996

AS AS
ADJUSTED
ACTUAL (6)

(IN THOUSANDS)

BALANCE SHEET DATA:
Working capital.

Working capital.

Say, 415 \$ 88,078
229,735 237,179
Notes payable and long-term debt
Not stockholders' equity.

6,324 24,868

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- (1) Includes net revenue from (i) sales to discontinued wholesale accounts that the Company determined did not meet its merchandising standards of \$42.3 million, \$51.1 million, \$32.9 million and \$3.8 million for 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively, and \$3.5 million and \$407,000 for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, and (ii) wholesale sales of discontinued product lines of \$82.6 million, \$31.7 million, \$5.3 million and \$1.7 million for 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively, and \$1.5 million and \$345,000 for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- General."
- (2) Includes non-recurring charges related to the write down of operating assets to be disposed of in contemplation of the Offerings of \$3.6 million in the aggregate (the "Reorganization Charge") relating to (i) disposal of two currently active remote warehouse and production facilities which are not expected to be used in the Company's operations after the Offerings, resulting in a net book loss of \$2.4 million, and (ii) the net book loss of \$1.2 million incurred by the Company in connection with the sale of one of its aircraft to an unaffiliated third party for \$6.0 million. On an after-tax basis, based upon the effective S corporation tax rate or Ccorporation tax rate, as the case may be, the effect of the \$3.6 million Reorganization Charge would have been \$3.4 million (historical) and \$2.2 million (supplemental and pro forma). The effects of the Reorganization Charge have not been given pro forma effect for any of the periods presented. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Six Months Ended June 30, 1996 Compared to Six Months Ended July 2, 1995."
- (3) Reflects adjustments for Federal and state income taxes as if the Company had been taxed as a C corporation rather than an S corporation.
- (4) Reflects 32,682,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding prior to the Offerings and the assumed issuance of 7,358,000 and 7,143,000 shares of Common Stock at an assumed initial public offering price of \$22.00 per share to generate sufficient cash to pay (i) the S Corporation Distribution (as defined herein) in an amount equal to retained earnings as of December 31, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, and (ii) the \$300,000 to be paid by the Company to the Marciano Trusts (as defined herein) in connection with the merger of Marciano International (as defined herein) with and into the Company.
- (5) Pro forma operating results reflect adjustments to historical operating results for (i) the elimination of salaries and bonuses paid to the Principal Executive Officers in excess of an aggregate of \$4.9 million per year, or \$1.2 million per quarter (the estimated aggregate salaries and bonuses to be paid to the Principal Executive Officers under their respective employment agreements following the Offerings), (ii) the decrease in depreciation and operating costs of \$2.6 million, \$1.3 million and \$1.2

million for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, associated with an aircraft owned by the Company, which aircraft was sold in contemplation of the Offerings, (iii) the elimination of the minority interest in GEBV and Guess Italia through the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company in connection with the Reorganization (as defined herein), resulting in the inclusion in net earnings of \$274,000, \$201,000 and \$160,000 for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, which amounts had previously been recorded as minority interest, and (iv) adjustments for Federal and state income taxes as if the Company had been taxed as a C corporation rather than an S corporation. See "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status" and "Management -- Employment Agreements." For additional pro forma statement of earnings data for 1993, 1994 and 1995 and for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

(6) The as adjusted amount includes \$176.9 million of S Distribution Notes which represent the undistributed S corporation taxable earnings at June 30, 1996 that would have been distributed had the Company's S corporation status been terminated at such date, the sale of shares of Common Stock by the Company hereby at the assumed initial public offering price of \$22.00 per share and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom to repay indebtedness of the Company, including indebtedness under the S Distribution Notes. No adjustment has been made to give effect to the Company's earned and undistributed taxable S corporation earnings for the period from July 1, 1996 through the S Termination Date (as defined herein), which will be distributed as part of the S Corporation Distribution. Between July 1, 1996 and the S Termination Date, the Company anticipates the increase in the S Distribution Notes to be between approximately \$3.1 million and \$13.1 million. See "Use of Proceeds" and "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status."

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# RISK FACTORS

PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE COMMON STOCK OFFERED HEREBY SHOULD CONSIDER CAREFULLY THE FACTORS SET FORTH BELOW, AS WELL AS OTHER INFORMATION SET FORTH IN THIS PROSPECTUS, IN EVALUATING AN INVESTMENT IN THE COMMON STOCK. THIS PROSPECTUS CONTAINS FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS WHICH INVOLVE RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES. THE COMPANY'S ACTUAL RESULTS AND THE TIMING OF CERTAIN EVENTS COULD DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE ANTICIPATED BY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AS A RESULT OF CERTAIN FACTORS DISCUSSED IN THIS PROSPECTUS, INCLUDING THE FACTORS SET FORTH BELOW AND IN "MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS" AND "BUSINESS," AS WELL AS THOSE DISCUSSED ELSEWHERE IN THIS PROSPECTUS.

# COMPETITION AND OTHER FACTORS AFFECTING THE APPAREL AND RETAILING INDUSTRIES

The apparel industry is highly competitive, fragmented and subject to rapidly changing consumer demands and preferences. The Company believes that its success depends in large part upon its ability to anticipate, gauge and respond to changing consumer demands and fashion trends in a timely manner and upon the continued appeal to consumers of the Guess image. Failure by the Company to identify and respond appropriately to changing consumer demands and fashion trends could adversely affect consumer acceptance of Guess products and may have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. Guess competes with numerous apparel manufacturers and distributors (including Calvin Klein, Ralph Lauren, DKNY, Tommy Hilfiger and Nautica). Moreover, several well-known designers have recently entered or re-entered the designer denim market with products generally priced lower than the Company's designer jeans products. Guess's retail and factory outlet stores face competition from other retailers. Additionally, the Company encounters substantial competition from department stores, including some of the Company's major retail customers. Many of the Company's competitors have greater financial resources than Guess. The Company's licensed apparel and accessories also compete with a substantial number of designer and non-designer lines. Although the level and nature of competition differ among its product categories, Guess believes that it competes primarily on the basis of its brand image, quality of design and workmanship and product assortment. Increased competition by existing and future competitors could result in reductions in sales or prices of Guess products that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the apparel industry historically has been subject to substantial cyclical variations, and a recession in the general economy or uncertainties regarding future economic prospects that affect consumer spending habits could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

#### DEPENDENCE UPON CERTAIN CUSTOMERS AND LICENSEES

The Company's department store customers include major United States retailers. The Company's three largest customers accounted for approximately 26.0% of net revenue in 1995. During 1995, Bloomingdale's, Macy's and affiliated stores owned by Federated Department Stores together accounted for approximately 11.0% of the Company's net revenue; The May Company accounted for approximately of the Company's net revenue; and Dillard's stores accounted for approximately 7.3% of the Company's net revenue. Although several of the Company's department store customers are under common ownership, no other single customer or group of related customers accounted for more than 3.0% of the Company's net revenue in this period. While the Company believes that purchasing decisions in many cases are made independently by each department store chain under common ownership, the trend may be toward more centralized purchasing decisions. A decision by the controlling owner of a group of department stores or any other significant customer to decrease the amount purchased from the Company or to cease carrying Guess products could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. The retail industry has periodically experienced consolidation and other ownership changes. In the future, the Company's wholesale customers may consolidate, undergo restructurings or reorganizations, or realign these affiliations, any of which could decrease the number of stores that carry the Company's or its licensees' products or increase the ownership concentration within the retail industry. Approximately 48.1% of the Company's net royalties was derived from its top four licensed product lines, GUESS WATCHES (18.9% of 1995 net royalties), BABY GUESS (12.3%), GUESS KIDS (9.2%) and GUESS EYEWEAR (7.7%). The BABY GUESS and GUESS KIDS lines are licensed to the same entity. A substantial portion of sales of GUESS brand products by its licensees are also made to the Company's three largest customers. The inability of the Company to control

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the quality, focus, image or distribution of its licensed products could impact consumer receptivity to the Company's products generally and, therefore, adversely affect the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

# RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH ACHIEVING AND MANAGING GROWTH

To manage growth effectively, Guess will be required to continue to implement changes in certain aspects of its business, continue to expand its information systems and operations to respond to increased demand, attract and retain qualified personnel (including management), and develop, train and manage an increasing number of management-level and other employees. Failure to continue to enhance operating control systems or unexpected difficulties encountered during expansion could adversely affect the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

As part of its operating strategy, Guess intends to continue to expand its network of retail stores. Factors beyond the Company's control may affect the Company's ability to expand, including general economic and business conditions affecting consumer spending. The actual number and type of such stores to be opened and their success will depend on various factors, including the performance of the Company's wholesale and retail operations, the acceptance by consumers of the Company's retail concepts, the ability of the Company to manage such expansion and hire and train personnel, the availability of desirable

locations and the negotiation of acceptable lease terms for new locations. Certain of these factors are also beyond the Company's control.

In addition, Guess's strategy relies heavily upon its ability to align itself with effective distributors and licensees that are able to deliver high-quality products consistent with the GUESS brand image in a timely fashion and to successfully integrate such distributors and licensees into its global distribution channels. A general failure by the Company to maintain and control its existing distribution and licensing arrangements or to procure additional distribution and licensing relationships could adversely affect the Company's growth strategy, which could adversely affect the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

The Company's strategic plan for its wholesale division depends in part on its ability to expand its sales to international distributors, deepen its product offerings and expand and upgrade its shop-in-shop program. This strategy is subject to a number of factors beyond the Company's control including general economic conditions and changing consumer preferences. Between 1992 and 1995, net revenue from wholesale operations decreased 32%. There can be no assurance that the Company's business strategy will be successful in halting or reversing this decline in net revenue.

#### DEPENDENCE UPON KEY PERSONNEL

The success of Guess is largely dependent upon the personal efforts and abilities of its senior management, particularly Mr. Maurice Marciano, Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Paul Marciano, President and Chief Operating Officer, and Mr. Armand Marciano, Senior Executive Vice President and Secretary. Effective upon consummation of the Offerings, Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano will continue to beneficially own an aggregate of 78.0% of the Company's outstanding Common Stock and each will enter into employment agreements with the Company. Although the Company has recently recruited several key executives with substantial industry expertise, the extended loss of the services of one or more of the Principal Executive Officers could have a material adverse effect on the Company's operations. The Company does not currently have "key man" insurance with respect to any of such individuals. See "Management -- Employment Agreements."

# FOREIGN OPERATIONS AND SOURCING; IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

During 1995, approximately 18% of the Company's purchases of raw materials, labor and finished goods for its apparel were made in Hong Kong and other Asian countries; approximately 4% were made in Europe; approximately 1% were made elsewhere outside the United States; and the balance of 77% were made in the United States, all through arrangements with independent contractors. In recent years, Guess has been increasing its sourcing of fabrics outside of the United States. In addition, Guess has been increasing its international sales and, in 1995, approximately 5.0% and 1.9% of the Company's net revenue was from product sales to customers in international markets and from net royalties paid by international

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licensees, respectively. As a result, the Company's operations may be affected adversely by political instability resulting in the disruption of trade with the countries in which the Company's contractors, suppliers or customers are located, the imposition of additional regulations relating to imports, the imposition of additional duties, taxes and other charges on imports, significant fluctuations in the value of the dollar against foreign currencies or restrictions on the transfer of funds. The inability of a contractor to ship orders in a timely manner could cause the Company to miss the delivery date requirements of its customers for those items, which could result in cancellation of orders, refusal to accept deliveries or a reduction in sales prices. Further, since Guess is unable to return merchandise to its suppliers, it could be faced with a significant amount of unsold merchandise, which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

Sovereignty over Hong Kong is scheduled to be transferred from the United Kingdom to The People's Republic of China effective July 1, 1997. If the business climate in Hong Kong were to experience an adverse change as a result of the transfer, the Company believes it could relocate its production and sourcing facilities outside Hong Kong and replace the merchandise currently produced in Hong Kong with merchandise produced elsewhere without a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the Company would be able to do so.

The Company's import operations are subject to constraints imposed by bilateral textile agreements between the United States and a number of foreign countries, including Hong Kong, China, Taiwan and South Korea. These agreements, which have been negotiated bilaterally either under the framework established by the Arrangement Regarding International Trade in Textiles, known as the Multifiber Agreement, or other applicable statutes, impose quotas on the amounts and types of merchandise which may be imported into the United States from these countries. These agreements also allow the United States to impose restraints at any time and on very short notice on the importation of categories of merchandise that, under the terms of the agreements, are not currently subject to specified limits. Imported products are also subject to United States customs duties which comprise a material portion of the cost of the merchandise. A substantial increase in customs duties could have an adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations. The United States and the countries in which the Company's products are produced or sold may, from time to time, impose new quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions, or adversely adjust prevailing quota, duty or tariff levels, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

# DEPENDENCE ON UNAFFILIATED MANUFACTURERS

The Company does not own or operate any manufacturing facilities other than cutting, silk-screen and embroidery machinery, and is therefore dependent upon independent contractors for the manufacture of its products. The Company's products are manufactured to its specifications by both domestic and international manufacturers. The inability of a manufacturer to ship the Company's products in a timely manner or to meet the Company's quality standards could adversely affect the Company's ability to deliver products to its customers in a timely manner. Delays in delivery could result in missing certain retailing seasons with respect to some or all of the Company's products or could otherwise have an adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. The Company does not have long-term contracts with any manufacturers.

#### PROTECTION OF TRADEMARKS

Guess believes that its trademarks and other proprietary rights are important to its success and its competitive position. Accordingly, Guess devotes substantial resources to the establishment and protection of its trademarks on a worldwide basis. Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the actions taken by the Company to establish and protect its trademarks and other proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent imitation of its products by others or to prevent others from seeking to block sales of Guess products as violative of the trademarks and proprietary rights of others. No assurance can be given that others will not assert rights in, or ownership of, trademarks and other proprietary rights of Guess. In addition, the laws of certain foreign countries do not protect proprietary rights to the same extent as do the laws of the United States. See "Business -- Trademarks."

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# FUTURE SALES BY PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS; SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

The Common Stock offered hereby will be freely tradeable (other than by an "affiliate" of the Company as such term is defined in the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")) without restriction or registration under the Securities Act. Immediately after the Offerings, trusts controlled by

and for the benefit of Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano and their families, respectively (the "Principal Stockholders"), will beneficially own approximately 35.4%, 28.8% and 13.8%, respectively, of the outstanding Common Stock. Subject to the restrictions set forth below, the Principal Stockholders will be free to sell such shares from time to time to take advantage of favorable market conditions or for any other reason. Future sales of shares of Common Stock by the Company and its stockholders could adversely affect the prevailing market price of the Common Stock. Guess and the Principal Stockholders have entered into lock-up agreements with Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated ("Merrill Lynch") and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated, as representatives of the U.S. Underwriters (the "U.S. Representatives"), and with Merrill Lynch International and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited, as representatives of the International Managers (the "International Representatives" and, together with the U.S. Representatives, the "Representatives"), pursuant to which the Company and the Principal Stockholders have agreed, subject to certain exceptions, not to, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, grant any option to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for Common Stock or file a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the foregoing or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement or transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of the Common Stock, without the prior written consent of Merrill Lynch, for a period of 180 days after the date of this Prospectus. After such time, approximately 32,682,000 shares of Common Stock will be eligible for sale pursuant to Rule 144 promulgated under the Securities Act. In addition, the Principal Stockholders have rights to demand or participate in future registrations of shares of Common Stock under the Securities Act. Sales of substantial amounts of Common Stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales may occur, could have a material adverse effect on the market price of the Common Stock. See "Shares Eligible for Future Sale" and "Underwriting."

#### CONTROL BY PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

Following the consummation of the Offerings, the Principal Stockholders will have majority control of the Company and the ability to control the election of directors and the results of other matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Such concentration of ownership, together with the anti-takeover effects of certain provisions in the Delaware General Corporation Law and in the Company's Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of the Company. See "Description of Capital Stock." The Board of Directors of the Company is expected to be comprised entirely of designees of the Principal Stockholders. See "Management" and "Principal Stockholders."

#### ABSENCE OF PUBLIC MARKET AND POSSIBLE VOLATILITY OF STOCK PRICE

Prior to the Offerings, there has been no public market for the Common Stock, and there can be no assurance that an active trading market will develop or be sustained. The initial public offering price of the Common Stock offered hereby will be determined through negotiations among the Company, the Principal Stockholders and the Representatives and may bear no relationship to the market price for the Common Stock after the Offerings. Subsequent to the Offerings, prices for the Common Stock will be determined by the market and may be influenced by a number of factors, including depth and liquidity of the market for the Common Stock, investor perceptions of the Company, changes in conditions or trends in the Company's industry or in the industry of the Company's significant customers, publicly traded comparable companies and general economic and other conditions. See "Underwriting."

# DILUTION

The initial public offering price is expected to be substantially higher than the book value per share of Common Stock. Investors purchasing shares of Common Stock in the Offerings will therefore incur immediate and substantial dilution of \$21.44 per share, based upon the mid-point of the filing range set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus. See "Dilution."

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

When used in this Prospectus and the documents incorporated herein by reference, the words "believes," "anticipates," "expects" and similar expressions are intended to identify in certain circumstances, forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected, including the risks described in this "Risk Factors" section. Given these uncertainties, prospective investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements. The Company also undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

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#### COMPANY HISTORY, THE REORGANIZATION AND PRIOR S CORPORATION STATUS

Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano, together with their brother Georges, began in the apparel business in France in 1972 and opened their first retail apparel stores in the United States in 1978 in California. The business of GUESS was founded in 1981 by the Marciano brothers. The Company was founded on the concept of a fashion jean with the first GUESS product being the "three-zip Marilyn" jean, which was stone-washed and adapted to fit the contours of a woman's body. Since that time, the Company's product offerings have grown to include full lines of men's and women's casual apparel.

Guess ?, Inc. is a Delaware corporation organized in 1993 to succeed to the business of Guess ?, Inc., a California corporation ("Guess California"), that commenced operations in 1981. Guess California was the entity through which Maurice, Paul, Armand and Georges Marciano conducted the Guess business until August 1993. At that time, Guess California was merged into Guess ?, Inc., and the Company and a trust for the benefit of Paul Marciano repurchased the shares of Common Stock owned by Georges Marciano, who simultaneously resigned as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and from its Board of Directors. Since the inception of Guess California, Georges Marciano, together with Maurice Marciano, had been primarily responsible for the creation of Guess California's product. Georges Marciano was primarily responsible for design while Maurice Marciano was responsible for product development. After the resignation of Georges Marciano, Maurice Marciano became responsible for all aspects of design along with his prior responsibilities for the development of the Company's strategic focus and expansion of its business and was named Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. See "Management."

The purchase price for the shares of Common Stock repurchased by the Company was approximately \$203.5 million. The Company financed such purchase with the proceeds from an offering of \$130.0 million principal amount of  $9\ 1/2\%$  Senior Subordinated Notes due 2003 (the "Senior Subordinated Notes") and an \$80.0 million short term loan (the "Bridge Loan"). The Bridge Loan was repaid in full in December 1993. As of the date hereof, \$105.0 million principal amount of the Senior Subordinated Notes remains outstanding.

Since 1983, Guess has elected to be treated for Federal and certain state income tax purposes as an S corporation under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and comparable state laws. As a result, the earnings of the Company (including its predecessor) for such years have been included in the taxable income of the Company's stockholders for Federal and certain state income tax purposes, and the Company has generally not been subject to income tax on such earnings, other than California and other state franchise taxes. Prior to the consummation of the transactions related to the Offerings (the "Closing Date"), the Company's S corporation status will be terminated (the "S Termination Date"). Prior to the S Termination Date, the Company will declare a distribution to its stockholders that will include all of its previously earned and undistributed S corporation earnings through the S Termination Date (the "S Corporation Distribution"). The S Corporation

Distribution will occur prior to the S Termination Date and will be comprised of promissory notes bearing interest at 8% per annum (the "S Distribution Notes"). Guess estimates that such undistributed taxable S corporation earnings will be between \$180.0 million and \$190.0 million as of the Closing Date, including a gain for income tax purposes recognized in connection with the sale of one of the Company's aircraft. See "Use of Proceeds." On and after the S Termination Date, the Company will no longer be treated as an S corporation and, accordingly, will be fully subject to Federal and state income taxes. See "Capitalization" and note 7 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The Company's current primary subsidiaries include GEBV and Guess Italia. Marciano International, Inc., a Delaware corporation owned by certain of the Principal Stockholders ("Marciano International"), currently holds minority interests in GEBV and Guess Italia. Ranche is currently a wholly-owned subsidiary of GEBV.

Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, (i) Marciano International will be merged with and into Guess, (ii) all of the capital stock of Guess Italia will be contributed to GEBV, (iii) the Company will effect a 32.66 for 1 split of the Common Stock and (iv) the S Corporation Distribution will be effected, whereby the Company will distribute to the Principal Stockholders the S Distribution Notes. The Company will pay trusts for the respective benefit of Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano (the "Marciano

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Trusts") an aggregate of \$300,000 in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company. Such \$300,000 payment is not included in the aggregate principal amount of the S Distribution Notes. All of such transactions (together with the termination of the Company's S corporation status described above) are referred to herein as the "Reorganization."

The Company's principal executive offices are located at 1444 South Alameda Street, Los Angeles, California 90021 and its telephone number is (213) 765-3100.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds to the Company from the sale of the shares of Common Stock offered by the Company hereby are estimated to be approximately \$188.0 million, based on an assumed initial public offering price of \$22.00 per share. The Company intends to immediately use such net proceeds to repay substantially all of the S Distribution Notes (estimated to have an aggregate principal amount between \$180.0 million and \$190.0 million). The remaining net proceeds, if any, will be used to repay outstanding advances under the Company's revolving credit facility. The S Distribution Notes will bear interest at 8% and will mature one year from the Closing Date. Pending repayment of the S Distribution Notes, the Company will invest the net proceeds in short-term, interest bearing instruments or other investment grade securities. As of June 30, 1996, there was \$43.0 million outstanding under the revolving credit facility, which bears interest at 7.0%. See "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Liquidity and Capital Resources."

#### DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company anticipates that, after payment of the S Corporation Distribution to the Principal Stockholders in connection with the termination of the S corporation status of the Company, all earnings will be retained for the foreseeable future for use in the operations of the business. Purchasers of

shares of Common Stock in the Offerings will not receive any portion of the S Corporation Distribution. Any future determination as to the payment of dividends will be at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors and will depend upon the Company's results of operations, financial condition, contractual restrictions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board of Directors. The agreement governing the Company's revolving credit facility (the "Credit Agreement") and the indenture pursuant to which the Senior Subordinated Notes were issued (the "Indenture") restrict the payment of dividends by the Company. For certain information regarding distributions made by the Company in 1993, 1994, 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1996, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Liquidity and Capital Resources."

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#### CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth the short-term debt and capitalization of the Company as of June 30, 1996 and as adjusted as of that date to give effect to (i) the S Corporation Distribution as if the Company's S corporation status had terminated on such date and (ii) an estimated \$7.4 million of net deferred tax assets that would have been recorded had the Company's S corporation status been terminated on June 30, 1996, and as further adjusted to reflect the sale of shares of Common Stock by the Company in the Offerings and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom to repay indebtedness under the S Distribution Notes and the Credit Agreement. The information below should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto which are included elsewhere in this Prospectus. See "Use of Proceeds."

	AS	OF	JUNE 30	), 19	96	
	ACTUAL AS ADJUS			red	ΑD	
			THOUSAN			
Short-term debt: Current installments of long-term debt	\$ 983	\$	98	3 3	\$	983
Short-term notes payable	3,073					
Total short-term debt	\$	\$	180,95	56	\$	4,056
Long-term debt:	 					
Long-term debt, net of current installments	43,712 105,000		105,00	0.0		105,000
Total long-term debtStockholders' equity:						
Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding						
20,031,000 shares held in treasury (2)	35					
Paid-in capital	181		(19,88	33) (3	)	168,025(3
Retained earnings (4)	156,836 48		1,44	14		7,444
Foreign currency translation adjustment Treasury stock, 20,031,000 shares repurchased (5)	(150,776)					
Net stockholders' equity (deficiency)	6,324					
Total capitalization	\$	\$	(14,42	20)	\$	162,480

<sup>(1)</sup> The as adjusted amount includes \$176.9 million of S Distribution Notes which represent the undistributed S corporation taxable earnings at June 30, 1996 that would have been distributed had the Company's S corporation status been terminated on such date.

- (2) Excludes approximately 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance pursuant to awards under the 1996 Equity Plan and the Directors' Plan, including options to purchase 1,207,405 shares of Common Stock to be granted immediately prior to the Offerings. Of such options, 1,137,598 will have an exercise price per share equal to the initial public offering price of Common Stock and 69,807 will have an exercise price of \$21.49 per share. The Company does not anticipate recording compensation expense relating to the grant of any such options. See "Management -- Employment Agreements," "-- 1996 Equity Incentive Plan" and "-- 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan."
- (3) Reflects a reduction of \$20.1 million of paid-in capital for that portion of the S Corporation Distribution which is in excess of financial statement retained earnings. The S Corporation Distribution exceeds financial statement retained earnings because of differences in the basis of certain assets and liabilities between the financial reporting and income tax presentation.
- (4) No adjustment has been made to give effect to the Company's earned and undistributed taxable S corporation earnings for the period from July 1, 1996 through the S Termination Date, which will be distributed as part of the S Corporation Distribution. Between July 1, 1996 and the S Termination Date, the Company anticipates the increase in the S Distribution Notes to be between approximately \$3.1 million and \$13.1 million. See "Use of Proceeds" and "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status."
- (5) Represents the cost in excess of the allocable portion of retained earnings associated with the repurchase of Common Stock from a former principal stockholder of the Company. See note 7 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.
- (6) Does not reflect the \$300,000 to be paid by the Company to the Marciano Trusts in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company.

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# DILUTION

net tangible book value of the Company at June 30, 1996 was approximately \$5.3 million, or \$.16 per share of Common Stock. After giving effect to the Reorganization and the S Corporation Distribution as  $\mbox{if it had}$ been made as of June 30, 1996 and the Company's S corporation status had terminated at such date, the pro forma net tangible book value of the Company at June 30, 1996 would have been approximately (164.5) million, or (5.03) per share of Common Stock. After giving effect to the sale by the Company of shares of Common Stock in the Offerings and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom to repay indebtedness under the S Distribution Notes and the Company's Credit Agreement, the pro forma net tangible book value of the Company as adjusted at June 30, 1996 would have been approximately \$23.5 million, or \$.56 per share. See "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status" and "Use of Proceeds." This represents an immediate increase in net tangible book value of \$5.59 per share to the Principal Stockholders and an immediate net tangible book value dilution of  $$21.44\ \mathrm{per}$  share to investors purchasing shares in the Offerings. The following table illustrates this per share dilution:

Assumed initial public offering price per share (1)		\$ 22.00
Net tangible book value at June 30, 1996	\$ .16	
Increase attributable to the establishment of deferred tax assets	.23	
Decrease attributable to S Corporation Distribution and Reorganization (3)	 (5.42)	
Adjusted net tangible book value per share before the Offerings	(5.03)	
Increase attributable to new investors in the Offerings	 5.59	
Net tangible book value, as further adjusted, per share after the Offerings (2)		 .56
Dilution per share to new investors		\$ 21.44

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- (1) Before deducting estimated underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses of the Offerings payable by the Company.
- (2) Excludes approximately 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance pursuant to awards under the 1996 Equity Plan and the Directors' Plan, including options to purchase 1,207,405 shares of Common Stock to be granted immediately prior to the Offerings. Of such options, 1,137,590 will have an exercise price per share equal to the initial public offering price of the Common Stock and 69,807 will have an exercise price of \$21.49 per share. The Company does not anticipate recording compensation expense relating to the grant of any such options. See "Management -- Employment Agreements," "-- 1996 Equity Incentive Plan" and "-- 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan."
- (3) Reflects the \$300,000 to be paid by the Company to the Marciano Trusts in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company.

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# SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected financial data set forth below have been derived from the consolidated financial statements of the Company and the related notes thereto. The statement of earnings data for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 1994 and 1995 are derived from the consolidated financial statements of the Company, which have been audited by KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, independent auditors and which are contained elsewhere in this Prospectus. The statement of earnings data for the years ended December 31, 1991 and 1992 and the balance sheet data as of December 31, 1991, 1992 and 1993 are derived from the consolidated financial statements of the Company, which have been audited but are not contained herein. Financial data as of June 30, 1996, and for the six month periods ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, are unaudited but, in the opinion of management, include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair

presentation of such data. The results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 1996 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the entire year. The following selected financial data should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which are included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

		VEAD E		SIX MONTHS ENDER			
			NDED DECEMBE		4005	JULY 2,	
		1992	1993		1995		1996
		(	IN THOUSANDS	G, EXCEPT F	ER SHARE DA	TA)	
STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA: Net revenue:							
Product sales (1) Net royalties		20,788	28,780	40,350		\$ 206,579 23,073	\$ 232,111 25,295
Total net revenue	450,531 226,238	512,766	520,224 260,409	547,812	486,733	229,652 120,809	257,406 137,113
Gross profit	224,293	237,846	259,815	255,823	224,591	108,843	120,293
expenses	119,824	127,873 	145,351	138,016	141,663	66,468 	72,829 3,559
Earnings from operations Interest, net Non-operating income (expense)	104,469 (2,108) 166	2,413	,	(16,948) 322	(15,957) (157)	42,375 (7,926) (180)	43,905 (7,291) (147)
Earnings before income taxes	102,527	111,224 2,856	105,281	101,181 3,540	66,814 2,895		
Net earnings	\$ 99,832	\$ 108,368	\$ 103,471	\$ 97,641	\$ 63,919		\$ 34,869
SUPPLEMENTAL STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA (3): Earnings before income taxes		\$ 111,224 44,490			\$ 66,814 26,726	\$ 34,269 13,708	\$ 36,467 14,477
Net earnings	\$ 61,516	\$ 66,734	\$ 63,169	\$ 60,709	\$ 40,088		\$ 21,990
Net earnings per share (4)					\$ 1.00		\$ .55
(4)					40,040		39,825

	AS OF DECEMBER 31,									 AS OF JUN	E 30	, 1996 	
	1991			1992		1993		1994		1995	ACTUAL	ADJ	USTED (5)
						(	IN	THOUSANDS	.)		 		
BALANCE SHEET DATA:													
Working capital	\$ 91,	535	\$	114,732	\$	74,094	\$	83,127	\$	57,572	\$ 84,415	\$	88,078
Total assets	214,	346		226,824		181,017		207,696		202,635	229,735		237,179
Notes payable and long-term debt Net stockholders' equity	21,	161		8,548		189,414		156,495		123,335	152,768		141,668
(deficiency)	149,	)22		167,390		(50,284)		373		10,997	6,324		24,868

(FOOTNOTES ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE)

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# (CONTINUED FROM PRIOR PAGE)

(1) Includes net revenue from (i) sales to discontinued wholesale accounts that the Company determined did not meet its merchandising standards of \$42.3 million, \$51.1 million, \$32.9 million and \$3.8 million for 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively, and \$3.5 million and \$407,000 for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, and (ii) wholesale sales of discontinued product lines of \$82.6 million, \$31.7 million, \$5.3 million and \$1.7 million for 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively, and \$1.5 million and \$345,000 for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial

- (2) In contemplation of the Offerings, the Company recorded the Reorganization Charge for certain non-recurring charges related to the write down of operating assets to be disposed of in the six months ended June 30, 1996 aggregating \$3.6 million relating to (i) disposal of two currently active remote warehouse and production facilities which are not expected to be used in the Company's operations after the Offerings, resulting in a net book loss of \$2.4 million, and (ii) the net book loss of \$1.2 million incurred by the Company in connection with the sale of one of its aircraft to an unaffiliated third party for \$6.0 million. On an after-tax basis, based upon the effective S corporation tax rate or C corporation tax rate as the case may be, the effect of the \$3.6 million Reorganization Charge would have been \$3.4 million (historical) and \$2.2 million (supplemental and pro forma). The effects of the Reorganization Charge have not been given pro forma effect for any of the periods presented. See "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations -- Six Months Ended June 30, 1996 Compared to Six Months Ended July 2, 1995."
- (3) Reflects adjustments for Federal and state income taxes as if the Company had been taxed as a C corporation rather than an S corporation.
- (4) Reflects 32,682,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding prior to the Offerings and the assumed issuance of 7,358,000 and 7,143,000 shares of Common Stock at an assumed initial public offering price of \$22.00 per share to generate sufficient cash to pay (i) the S Corporation Distribution in an amount equal to retained earnings as of December 31, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, and (ii) the \$300,000 to be paid by the Company to the Marciano Trusts in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company.
- (5) The as adjusted amount includes \$176.9 million of S Distribution Notes which represent the undistributed S corporation taxable earnings at June 30, 1996 that would have been distributed had the Company's S corporation status been terminated at such date, the sale of shares of Common Stock by the Company hereby at the assumed initial public offering price of \$22.00 per share and the application of the estimated net proceeds therefrom to repay indebtedness of the Company, including indebtedness under the S Distribution Notes. No adjustment has been made to give effect to the Company's earned and undistributed taxable S corporation earnings for the period from July 1, 1996 through the S Termination Date, which will be distributed as part of the S Corporation Distribution. Between July 1, 1996 and the S Termination Date, the Company anticipates the increase in the S Distribution Notes to be between approximately \$3.1 million and \$13.1 million. See "Use of Proceeds" and "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status."

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# SELECTED PRO FORMA FINANCIAL DATA

The selected pro forma statement of earnings data set forth below are presented for informational purposes only and may not necessarily be indicative of the results of operations of the Company as they may be in the future. The following selected pro forma financial data should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," which are included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

Amounts reflect pro forma adjustments to historical operating results for (a) the elimination of salaries and bonuses paid to the three Principal Executive Officers in excess of an aggregate of \$4.9 million per year, or \$1.2 million per quarter (the estimated aggregate salaries and bonuses to be paid to the Principal Executive Officers under their respective employment agreements following the Offerings), (b) the decrease in depreciation and operating costs of \$2.6 million, \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, associated with an aircraft owned by the Company, which aircraft was sold in contemplation of the Offerings, (c) the elimination of the minority interest in GEBV and Guess Italia through the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company in connection with the Reorganization, resulting in the inclusion in net earnings of \$274,000, \$201,000 and \$160,000 for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, which amounts had previously been recorded as minority interest and (d) adjustments for Federal and state income taxes as if the Company had been taxed as a C corporation rather than an S corporation. See "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status" and "Management -- Employment Agreements." For additional pro forma statement of earnings data for 1993, 1994 and 1995 and for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations."

			SIX MO	NTHS EN	HS ENDED		
	DECEM	AR ENDED					
		IN THOUSANDS,					
PRO FORMA STATEMENT OF EARNINGS DATA:							
Product sales. Net royalties.	\$	440,359 46,374	\$ 206,579 23,073		232,111 25,295		
Total net revenue		486,733	229,652 120,809		257,406 137,113		
Gross profit Selling, general and administrative expenses		224,591	108,843 63,026		120,293 69,463 3,559		
Earnings from operations. Interest expense, net Non-operating income, net		87,985 (15,957) 117	45,817 (7,926) 21		47,271 (7,291) 13		
Earnings before income taxes		72,145 28,858	37,912		39,993 15,877		
Net earnings	\$	43,287	\$ 22,747	\$	24,116		
Net earnings per share (1)	\$	1.08		\$	.61 39,825		

(1) Amounts reflect 32,682,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding prior to the Offerings and the assumed issuance of 7,358,000 and 7,143,000 shares of Common Stock at an assumed initial public offering price of \$22.00 per share to generate sufficient cash to pay (i) the S Corporation Distribution in an amount equal to retained earnings as of December 31, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, and (ii) the \$300,000 to be paid by the Company to the Marciano Trusts in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company.

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the "Selected Financial Data" and "Selected Pro Forma Financial Data" and the Company's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, which are included elsewhere in this Prospectus.

The Company derives its revenue and net earnings from the worldwide sale of GUESS brand products through its wholesale, retail and licensing operations. Since its inception in 1982, the Company's net revenue has grown to \$486.7 million in 1995. The Company has been profitable in every year of its operations and in 1995 generated pro forma net earnings (as described herein) of \$43.3 million.

The Company derives its net revenue from the sale of Guess men's and women's apparel to wholesale customers and distributors, the sale of Guess men's and women's apparel and its licensees' products through the Company's network of retail and factory outlet stores and net royalties from licensing activities. The following table sets forth the net revenue of the Company through its channels of distribution.

		YEA	R ENDED DE	CEMBER 3	1,		S	IX MONTH	IS ENDED,	
	199	3	199	4	199	5	JULY 2,	1995	JUNE 30,	1996
					(IN THOU	SANDS)				
Net revenue: Wholesale operations Retail operations		67.1% 27.4	\$358,125 149,337	65.4% 27.2	\$270,931 169,428	55.7% 34.8	\$142,427 64,152	62.0% 27.9	\$144,782 87,329	56.3% 33.9
Net revenue from product sales	491,444	94.5	507,462 40,350		440,359 46,374		206,579	89.9	232,111 25,295	90.2
Total net revenue	\$520,224	100.0%	\$547,812	100.0%	\$486,733	100.0%	\$229,652	100.0%	\$257,406	100.0%

### WHOLESALE OPERATIONS

The Company, through its wholesale operations, designs, sources, markets and distributes its men's and women's apparel lines to wholesale customers in the United States and Italy, to international distributors and to the Company's network of retail and factory outlet stores. Wholesale operations include the Company's U.S. operations, Guess Europe and Guess Asia. Guess Europe was established in 1993 to provide a platform for increased international growth and to better service the Company's distributors and international licensees, and consists of a design studio, sales office, sourcing office and warehouse in Florence and a showroom in Milan. Ranche, which is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, consists of a sales office and sourcing office for the Company and a merchandising support operation for the Company's distributors and licensees. In addition, GEBV is a 50% joint venture partner in a sourcing agency located in Hong Kong.

Since its inception, net revenue from the Company's wholesale operations grew to \$396.9 million in 1992. Between 1992 and 1995, net revenue from wholesale operations decreased 32%, which, to a large extent, resulted from strategic business decisions implemented beginning in late 1992, including a renewed focus within the Company's wholesale operations on the sale of its core men's and women's product lines. As a result, the Company converted the boys' product line, the majority of the girls' product line and women's knits into licensing arrangements, which became effective at various times throughout 1993. Net revenue from wholesale operations attributable to these discontinued product lines was \$82.6 million, \$31.7 million, \$5.3 million and \$1.7 million for 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively. Net sales by such licensees, as reported to the Company, aggregated \$75.6 million, \$109.6 million and \$99.5 million for 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively. See Note 12 to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Beginning in late 1993, the Company made the strategic decision to curtail distribution of its products to certain accounts which did not meet the Company's merchandising standards in order to protect the Guess image and enhance the exclusivity of the brand. Net sales to such discontinued accounts represented approximately \$42.3 million, \$51.1 million, \$32.9 million and \$3.8 million of the Company's net revenue in 1992, 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively. In addition, the Company's net revenue declined during this period

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as a result of increased competition in branded denim apparel, the then sluggish retail environment, the consolidation taking place among department store retailers and financial difficulties experienced by certain of the Company's wholesale customers.

To address the decline in net revenue from wholesale operations, the Company is pursuing a strategy to deepen the Company's product offerings, increase the number of shop-in-shops and increase sales to international distributors. Based on positive consumer reaction, the Company has introduced the GUESS COLLECTION to selected better department stores for shipment in the Fall 1996 season. In addition, the Company intends to broaden its men's and women's lines to include khaki and other twill products beginning with the 1996 holiday/resort season. In November 1995 the Company introduced a new line of jeans under the "Bare Basics" label, with unique construction and fabrications and lower price points than traditional Guess jeans. The Company opened 18 shop-in-shops in the first quarter of 1996. The Company intends to open a total of 75 and 100 shop-in-shops in 1996 and 1997, respectively, and intends to support the introduction of the GUESS COLLECTION with a unique shop-in-shop program beginning in 1997.

#### RETAIL OPERATIONS

The Company's retail operations include 112 Company-operated retail and factory outlet stores primarily located in regional shopping malls in the United States, including one Company-operated retail store located in Florence, Italy. The Company's factory outlet stores serve as a distribution channel for discontinued styles, slow-moving inventory, returned goods and seconds. As of March 31, 1996, the domestic retail network included 64 retail stores located in 20 states and 47 factory outlet stores located in 27 states. The Company's strategy is to increase domestic sales by selectively expanding its network of retail stores, increasing the comparable store sales of its existing stores and closing stores that do not meet its financial objectives. Consistent with this strategy, the Company has opened two retail stores in the first quarter of 1996, and intends to open approximately five additional retail stores during the remainder of 1996 and approximately 15 additional retail stores during 1997.

The Company's retail management team recently refined the Company's strategy to improve the productivity of its retail network by establishing new models for optimal store size, design and construction costs as well as staffing levels. In addition, in late 1995, the Company began to improve the merchandising mix in its stores and implement sophisticated information systems to improve inventory control. The Company believes that the implementation of these initiatives contributed to the increase in comparable retail and factory outlet store net revenue of 16.7% in the first quarter of 1996.

The Company monitors the performance of each of its retail and factory outlet stores to ensure they meet minimum operating performance standards. Stores that do not meet these minimum standards or are unprofitable become candidates for closure. Since the beginning of 1993, the Company has closed 16 stores, including ten that were closed in 1995. During 1995, the Company recorded provisions for store closing expenses of \$2.9 million and \$1.0 million during the third and fourth quarters, respectively. These provisions include the costs the Company will incur in connection with completing the closure of three retail stores. The Company does not currently expect that it will be closing additional retail stores during the next 12 months. Costs of closing stores

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The following chart sets forth the store openings and closing since 1993, total average gross square footage, comparable store net revenue and net revenue per square foot.

				FIRST QI ENDI	
		DED DECEMBI	•	APRIL	
			1995	2, 1995 	
Retail stores					
Beginning of period Opened during period Closed during period	1 (4)		15	53 1 (2)	63 2
End of Period	36	53	63	52	65
Factory stores  Beginning of period  Opened during period  Closed during period	21			47 1 (1)	47  
End of Period	43	47 	47 	47 	47 
Comparable store sales increase (decrease)	(4.0)%	(5.3)%	(7.4)%	(0.1)%	16.7%
Total average gross square footage (1)	341,000	425,000	543,000	507,000	593,000
Net revenue per average gross square foot	\$ 418	\$ 351	\$ 312	\$ 56	\$ 68

(1) Average gross square footage represents the square footage (including selling, stocking and all other areas) of the Company's stores. In the event a store was open for less than the full period presented, the average gross square footage was computed based on the percentage of time such store was open during the period.

#### LICENSING OPERATIONS

Guess has selectively licensed the use of its trademarks since 1982. The Company's strategy is to increase net royalties from selectively licensing the Guess name to producers of high-quality products that complement its lifestyle collection in the United States and other territories. In addition to licensing products which complement the Company's apparel products, Guess has granted licenses for the manufacture and sale of GUESS branded products similar to the Company's, including men's and women's denim and knitwear, in markets such as Canada, Argentina, Mexico, the Philippines, South Korea, Brazil and Japan. Licensing both expands distribution into new territories and broadens the spectrum of GUESS brand products. Licensed products include watches, clothing for infants and children, eyewear, footwear, activewear, home products and other fashion accessories. The Company's royalties, net of direct expenses, from such sales and nonrecurring fees increased from \$28.8 million in 1993 to \$46.4 million in 1995. Guess has 26 licensees, all of which are currently generating royalties. Net royalties from the four most significant licenses accounted for

approximately 48.1% and 49.1% of the Company's net royalties in 1995 and the six months of 1996, respectively.

In order to maintain its reputation for quality and style and to control the integrity of the brand name, the Company's licensing department strictly monitors product design, development, merchandising and marketing and meets regularly with licensees to ensure consistency with the Company's overall strategies, and to ensure uniformity and quality control. The Company regularly reviews the financial reports provided by its licensees in order to monitor sales trends, royalty calculations and pricing policies, among other things. All GUESS brand products, advertising, promotional and packaging materials must be approved in advance by Guess. The Company operates centers in Los Angeles, Hong Kong and Milan that assist in monitoring the quality of the products and operations of its licensees, as well as its distributors, in developing their territories and products. These centers allow the Company to ensure that all licensees and distributors comply with the strict Guess quality standards.

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#### PRO FORMA RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth pro forma operating results for the periods indicated. Pro forma operating results reflect adjustments to historical operating results for (i) the elimination of salaries and bonuses paid to the Principal Executive Officers in excess of an aggregate of \$4.9 million per year, or \$1.2 million per quarter (the estimated aggregate salaries and bonuses to be paid to the Principal Executive Officers under their respective employment agreements following the Offerings), resulting in a decrease in compensation expense of \$14.0 million, \$3.3 million, \$2.4 million, \$2.2 million and \$2.1million for 1993, 1994, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1995, (ii) the decrease in depreciation and operating costs of \$2.6 million, \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, associated with an aircraft owned by the Company, which aircraft was sold in contemplation of the Offerings, (iii) the elimination of the minority interest in GEBV and Guess Italia through the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company in connection with the Reorganization, resulting in the inclusion in net earnings of \$24,000, \$280,000, \$274,000, \$201,000 and \$160,000 for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively, which amounts had previously been recorded as minority interest and (iv) adjustments for Federal and state income taxes as if the Company had been taxed as a C corporation rather than an S corporation. See "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status" and "Management -- Employment Agreements."

		VEAD E	MDE	D DECEMBE	D 3	1		ENDED			
		1993		D DECEMBE 		1995	J	JULY 2,		UNE 30,	
		1993						1995		1996	
	(IN THOUSANDS)										
Net revenue: Product sales Net royalties	\$	491,444 28,780	\$	507,462 40,350	\$	440,359 46,374	\$	206,579 23,073	\$	232,111 25,295	
Total net revenue		520,224 260,409		547,812		486,733 262,142		229,652 120,809		257,406 137,113	
Gross profit Selling, general and administrative expenses Reorganization charge		259,815 127,971 		255,823 131,711 		224,591 136,606 		108,843 63,026		120,293 69,463 3,559	
Earnings from operations		131,844 (11,735) 2,528		124,112 (16,948) 42		87,985 (15,957) 117		45,817 (7,926) 21		47,271 (7,291) 13	
Earnings before income taxes		122,637 49,055		107,206 42,882		72,145 28,858		37,912 15,165		39,993 15,877	
Pro forma net earnings	\$	73,582	\$	64,324	\$	43,287	\$	22,747	\$	24,116	

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The following table sets forth pro forma operating results as a percentage of net revenue for the periods indicated.

				SIX MONT	HS ENDED
	YEAR EN	DED DECEMBE	R 31,	JULY 2,	.TIINE 3.0
	1993	1994	1995	1995	
Net revenue:					
Product sales	94.5%	92.6%	90.5%	90.0%	90.2%
Net royalties	5.5	7.4	9.5	10.0	9.8
Total net revenue	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cost of sales	50.1	53.3	53.9	52.6	53.3
Gross profit	49.9	46.7	46.1	47.4	46.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses	24.6	24.0	28.0	27.4	27.0
Reorganization charge					1.3
Earnings from operations	25.3	22.7	18.1	20.0	18.4
Interest expense, net	(2.3)	(3.1)	(3.3)	(3.5)	(2.8)
Non-operating income, net	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Earnings before income taxes	23.5	19.6	14.8	16.5	15.6
Pro forma income taxes	9.4	7.9	5.9	6.6	6.2
Pro forma net earnings	14.1%	11.7%	8.9%	9.9%	9.4%

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 1995

NET REVENUE. Net revenue increased \$27.7 million or 12.1% to \$257.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 1996 from \$229.7 million in the six months ended July 2, 1995. Net revenue from wholesale operations increased \$2.4 million to \$144.8 million from \$142.4 million, due principally to increased sales outside the United States of \$12.1 million, partially offset by a \$9.7 million decline in domestic wholesale sales. The decline in domestic wholesale sales resulted from a \$3.1 million decline due to closing certain accounts and a \$1.2 million decline due to the licensing out of certain apparel lines as described above. Net revenue from retail operations increased \$23.1 million to \$87.3 million from \$64.2 million, primarily attributable to an increase of 14.4% in comparable store net revenue and from volume generated by 13 new store openings, offset by the closing of five stores. The increase in comparable store net revenue was primarily attributable to a more favorable merchandise mix and the implementation of improved inventory management systems. Net royalties increased 9.6% in the six months ended June  $\,$  30, 1996 to \$25.3 million from \$23.1 million in the six months ended July 2, 1995. Net revenue from international operations comprised 11.6% and 6.8% of the Company's net revenue during the first six months of 1996 and 1995, respectively.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit increased 10.5% to \$120.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 1996 from \$108.8 million in the six months ended July 2, 1995. The increase in gross profit resulted from increased net royalties and increased net revenue from product sales. Gross profit as a percentage of net revenue decreased to 46.7% in the six months ended June 30, 1996 as compared to 47.4% in the six months ended July 2, 1995 primarily as a result of the growth in net revenues derived from both international and retail operations, both of which generally have relatively lower gross profit margins. Gross profit from product sales increased 10.7% to \$95.0 million in the six months ended June 30, 1996 from \$85.8 million in the six months ended July 2, 1995.

SG&A EXPENSES. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased 9.6% in the six months ended June 30, 1996 to \$72.8 million, or 28.3% of net revenue, from \$66.5 million, or 28.9% of net revenue, in the six months ended July 2, 1995. On a pro forma basis, SG&A expenses would have increased 10.2% in the six months ended June 30, 1996 to \$69.5 million, or 27.0% of net revenue, from \$63.0 million, or 27.4% of net revenue, in the six months ended July 2, 1995. The increase in SG&A expense was primarily the

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result of increased store expenses related to the expansion of the retail operation. The decrease in SG&A expenses as a percentage of net revenue was the result of fixed expenses being spread over a larger revenue base in the 1996 period.

REORGANIZATION CHARGE. In anticipation of the Offerings, in the second quarter of 1996 the Company recorded reserves for certain non-recurring charges related to the writedowns of operating assets to be disposed of \$3.6 million for: (i) disposal of two currently active remote warehouse and production facilities not expected to be used in the Company's operations after the Offerings, resulting in a net book loss of \$2.4 million, and (ii) the net book loss of \$1.2 million incurred by the Company in connection with the sale of one of its aircraft. The above charges are based upon the net book value of the related assets as of June 30, 1996. The Company intends to relocate the warehouse and production operations located at the remote facilities to its central facility in Los Angeles in an effort to centralize its operations and improve operating efficiencies.

EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS. Earnings from operations, including the reorganization charge described above, increased 3.6% to \$43.9 million, or 17.1% of net revenue in the six months ended June 30, 1996, from \$42.4 million, or 18.5% of net revenue, in the six months ended July 2, 1995. On a pro forma basis, earnings from operations would have increased 3.2% in the six months ended June 30, 1996 to \$47.3 million, or 18.4% of net revenue, from \$45.8 million, or 20.0% of net revenue, in the six months ended July 2, 1995. This increase resulted primarily from the increase in net revenue.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET. Net interest expense decreased 8.0% to \$7.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 1996 from \$7.9 million in the six months ended July 2, 1995. This decrease resulted primarily from lower outstanding debt. For the first six months of 1996, the average debt balance was \$149.3 million, with an average effective interest rate of 9.3%. For the first six months of 1995, the average debt balance was \$164.8 million, with an average effective interest rate of 9.4%.

INCOME TAXES. For Federal and certain state income tax purposes, the Company has elected to be treated as an S corporation and therefore has generally not been subject to income tax on its earnings. The Company's income taxes, which represent state income taxes and foreign taxes, were \$1.6 million and \$1.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 1996 and July 2, 1995, respectively. The Company's S corporation status will terminate prior to the consummation of the Offerings and, therefore, the Company will be fully subject to Federal, state and foreign income taxes. On a pro forma basis, income taxes would have been \$15.9 million and \$15.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 1996 and July 2, 1995, respectively.

NET EARNINGS. Net earnings increased 5.7% to \$34.9 million, or 13.5% of net revenue, in the six months ended June 30, 1996, from \$33.0 million, or 14.4% of net revenue, in the six months ended July 2, 1995. On a pro forma basis, net earnings would have increased 6.0% to \$24.1 million, or 9.4% of net revenue, in the six months ended June 30, 1996, from \$22.7 million, or 9.9% of net revenue, in the six months ended July 2, 1995.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1995 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1994

NET REVENUE. Net revenue decreased \$61.1 million or 11.1% to \$486.7 million in 1995 from \$547.8 million in 1994. Net revenue from wholesale operations decreased \$87.2 million to \$270.9 million from \$358.1 million, including a \$29.1 million decline due to closing certain accounts, and a \$3.6 million decline due to the licensing out of certain apparel lines as described above. Excluding these items, net revenue from wholesale operations would have decreased \$54.5 million. The principal reasons for the decrease were a \$49.3 million decline in domestic sales of men's and women's apparel and a \$15.5 million decrease in off-price revenue (which represents net revenue from the liquidation of discontinued merchandise which carries lower margins), partially offset by increased sales outside the United States to international distributors of \$10.3 million. The Company's domestic net sales declined during this period as a result of increased competition in branded denim apparel, the sluggish retail environment, the consolidation taking place among department store retailers and financial difficulties experienced by certain of the Company's wholesale customers. Net revenue from retail operations increased \$20.1 million to \$169.4 million from \$149.3 million. This net increase reflects a 37.2% increase in Guess retail store net

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revenue resulting from new store openings, somewhat offset by a 7.4% decline in comparable store net revenue, primarily attributable to the continued sluggish market conditions affecting the factory outlet stores. Net royalties increased 14.9% in 1995 to \$46.4 million from \$40.4 million in 1994. This increase was attributable to the continued growth in existing licensees' businesses as well as the addition of new licensees. Revenue from international operations (including net royalties from international licensees) comprised 6.9% and 3.7% of the Company's net revenue during 1995 and 1994, respectively.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit decreased 12.2% to \$224.6 million in 1995 from \$255.8 million in 1994. Gross profit as a percentage of net revenue decreased to 46.1% in 1995 from 46.7% in 1994. The decrease in gross profit was attributable to a \$67.1 million decrease in net revenue from product sales, partially offset by a \$6.0 million increase in net royalties. Gross profit from product sales decreased 17.3% to \$178.2 million in 1995 from \$215.5 million in 1994. During the second half of 1995, the Company recorded a provision of \$3.9 million for anticipated store closing expenses. Without the \$3.9 million store closure provision, gross margin would have been 46.9% of net revenue in 1995 as compared with 46.7% of net revenue in 1994, respectively.

SG&A EXPENSES. SG&A expenses increased 2.6% to \$141.7 million, or 29.1% of net revenue, in 1995, from \$138.0 million, or 25.2% of net revenue, in 1994. On a pro forma basis, SG&A expenses would have increased 3.7% in 1995 to \$136.6 million, or 28.0% of net revenue, from \$131.7 million, or 24.0% of net revenue, in 1994. This increase was primarily the result of the continued expansion of the retail division, an increase in advertising expenses and increased expenses relating to the installation and remodeling of twice as many shop-in-shops as were installed or remodeled in 1994. These increases were partially offset by reduced expenses resulting from cost containment efforts. The increase in SG&A expenses as a percentage of net revenue was the result of the above mentioned

advertising and shop-in-shop expenditures being expensed as incurred together with fixed expenses being spread over a smaller revenue base during the 1995 period.

EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS. Earnings from operations decreased 29.6% to \$82.9 million, or 17.0% of net revenue in 1995, from \$117.8 million, or 21.5% of net revenue, in 1994. On a pro forma basis, earnings from operations would have decreased 29.1% in 1995 to \$88.0 million, or 18.1% of net revenue, from \$124.1 million, or 22.7% of net revenue, in 1994. This decline primarily resulted from a decrease in net revenue, which was partially offset by higher royalty income.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET. Net interest expense decreased 5.9% to \$16.0 million for 1995 from \$16.9 million in 1994. This decrease resulted from lower debt in 1995 which more than offset the effect of higher interest rates. For 1995, the average debt balance was \$156.6 million, with an average effective interest rate of 9.5%. For 1994, the average debt balance was \$183.2 million, with an average effective interest rate of 8.6%.

INCOME TAXES. Income taxes were \$2.9 million and \$3.5 million in 1995 and 1994, respectively. On a pro forma basis, income taxes would have been \$26.0 million and \$42.9 million in 1995 and 1994, respectively.

NET EARNINGS. Net earnings decreased 34.5% to \$63.9 million, or 13.1% of net revenue, in 1995, from \$97.6 million, or 17.8% of net revenue, in 1994. On a pro forma basis, net earnings would have decreased 32.7% to \$43.3 million, or 8.9% of net revenue, in 1995, from \$64.3 million, or 11.7% of net revenue, in 1994.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1994 COMPARED TO YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1993

NET REVENUE. Net revenue increased \$27.6 million or 5.3% to \$547.8 million in 1994 from \$520.2 million in 1993. Net revenue from wholesale operations increased \$9.2 million to \$358.1 million from \$348.9 million, including a \$26.3 million decline due to the licensing of certain apparel lines previously produced by the Company and a \$18.2 million decline due to closing certain accounts. Excluding these items, net revenue from wholesale operations would have increased \$53.7 million. Net revenue from retail operations increased \$6.7 million to \$149.3 million from \$142.6 million. This increase was attributable to new store openings, somewhat offset by a decline of \$5.6 million or 5.3% in comparable store net revenue. This decline in comparable store net revenue was attributable to the factory outlet stores, which were affected by the severe East Coast weather in the early part of 1994, product assortment changes which were instituted in the

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fall of 1993 and sluggish factory outlet market conditions. Net royalties increased 40.2% in 1994 to \$40.4 million from \$28.8 million in 1993. This increase was attributable to royalties from new licensees including the aforementioned boys, girls, and women's knit lines, as well as increased royalties from higher net revenue by existing licensees. Revenue from international operations comprised 3.7% and 2.7% of the Company's net revenue during 1994 and 1993, respectively.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit decreased 1.5% to \$255.8 million in 1994 from \$259.8 million in 1993. Gross profit as a percentage of net revenue decreased to 46.7% in 1994 from 49.9% in 1993. The decrease in gross profit was attributable to a \$15.6 million decrease in gross profit from product sales, partially offset by an \$11.6 million increase in net royalties. Gross profit from product sales decreased 6.7% to \$215.5 million in 1994 from \$231.0 million in 1993. This decrease reflects an increase in production costs due to changes in fabrication and processing costs, as well as higher occupancy costs as a percentage of

revenue due to the opening of new retail stores.

SG&A EXPENSES. SG&A expenses decreased 5.1% to \$138.0 million, or 25.2% of net revenue, in 1994, from \$145.4 million, or 27.9% of net revenue, in 1993. On a pro forma basis, SG&A expenses would have increased 2.9% in 1994 to \$131.7 million, or 24.0% of net revenue, from \$128.0 million, or 24.6% of net revenue, in 1993. This increase was primarily attributable to the opening of a design studio in Florence, Italy and an increase in domestic design and selling expenses related to the additions of new stores.

EARNINGS FROM OPERATIONS. Earnings from operations increased 2.9% to \$117.8 million, or 21.5% of net revenue in 1994, from \$114.5 million, or 22.0% of net revenue, in 1993. On a pro forma basis, earnings from operations would have decreased 5.9% in 1994 to \$124.1 million, or 22.7% of net revenue, from \$131.8 million, or 25.3% of net revenue, in 1993.

NON-OPERATING INCOME. Non-operating income was \$0.3 million for 1994 compared to \$2.6 million in 1993. The non-operating income in 1993 was primarily a result of a lawsuit settlement.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET. Net interest expense increased to \$16.9 million for 1994 from \$11.7 million in 1993. This increase resulted from the full year effect of financing transactions entered into in connection with the recapitalization of the Company in August 1993, including the issuance of the Senior Subordinated Notes and borrowing under a revolving credit facility. For 1994, the average debt balance was \$183.2 million, with an average effective interest rate of 8.6%. For 1993, the average debt balance was \$90.5 million, with an average effective interest rate of 8.9%.

INCOME TAXES. Income taxes were \$3.5 million and \$1.8 million in 1994 and 1993, respectively. On a pro forma basis, income taxes would have been \$42.9 million and \$49.1 million in 1994 and 1993, respectively.

NET EARNINGS. Net earnings decreased 5.6% to \$97.6 million, or 17.8% of net revenue, in 1994, from \$103.5 million or 19.9% of net revenue, in 1993, primarily due to the increase in interest expense. On a pro forma basis, net earnings would have decreased 12.6% to \$64.3 million, or 11.7% of net revenue, in 1994, from \$73.6 million, or 14.1% of net revenue, in 1993.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company has relied primarily upon internally generated funds, trade credit and bank borrowings to finance its operations and expansion and to make periodic distributions to its stockholders. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had working capital of \$84.4 million, compared to \$57.6 million at December 31, 1995. The \$26.8 million increase in working capital primarily resulted from a \$19.5 million increase in inventories, an \$8.8 million increase in receivables and a \$3.5 million decrease in payables, partially offset by a \$5.4 million increase in accrued liabilities. The increase in inventory and receivables relates to seasonal requirements and the buildup of initial inventory of the Company's BARE BASICS line. The accounts receivable reserves aggregated \$8.2 million at June 30, 1996, as compared with \$8.6 million at June 30, 1995 and \$10.8 million at December 31, 1995. The reduction in the reserves from December 31, 1995 to June 30, 1996 is principally due to the seasonal granting of markdowns (which are charged against the accounts receivable reserves) in the first quarter of 1996 related to product sales recorded in the fourth quarter of 1995 and is consistent with the Company's historical experience.

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As part of the Company's management of its working capital, the Company performs all customer credit functions internally, including extension of credit and collections. The Company's bad debt write-offs were less than 0.5% of net revenue for the six months ended June 30, 1996 and year ended December 31, 1995.

The Company's Credit Agreement provides for a \$100.0 million revolving credit facility which includes a \$20.0 million sublimit for letters of credit. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had \$43.0 million in outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility and outstanding letters of credit of \$8.6 million. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had \$48.4 million available for future borrowings under such facility. The revolving credit facility will expire in December 1997. In addition to the revolving credit, the Company also has a \$25.0 million letter of credit facility. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had \$15.3 million outstanding under this facility.

Capital expenditures, net of lease incentives granted, totaled \$21.7 million for 1995 and \$18.3 million for 1994. The Company estimates that its capital expenditures for 1996 will be approximately \$20.0 million, primarily for the expansion of its retail stores and operations.

As a result of the Company's treatment as an S corporation for Federal and certain state income tax purposes, the Company has provided to the Principal Stockholders periodic distributions for the payment of income taxes, as well as a return on their investment. The Company paid dividends, including amounts for taxes, of \$117.7 million, \$47.0 million, \$53.3 million and \$39.6 million in 1993, 1994, 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1996, respectively. Prior to consummation of the Offerings, the Company will declare the S Corporation Distribution and distribute the S Distribution Notes, which notes will mature one year from the Closing Date of the Offerings. Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, the Company's S corporation status will be terminated. The Company anticipates that, after payment of the S Corporation Distribution (including repayment of the remaining balance of the S Distribution Notes), any earnings will be retained for the foreseeable future in the operations of the business. See "Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status" and "Dividend Policy."

Subsequent to the consummation of the Offerings, the Company's cash flow needs will decrease as a result of decreased compensation to the Principal Executive Officers and the absence of stockholder distributions for the purposes of tax payments. Offsetting these decreases will be increases related to the need to apply funds to the payment of Federal and additional state income taxes. The net effect on cash for such changes is expected to increase the Company's cash flow.

The Company anticipates that it will be able to satisfy its ongoing cash requirements through 1997, including retail and international expansion plans and interest payments on the Company's Senior Subordinated Notes, primarily with cash flow from operations, supplemented, if necessary, by borrowings under its Credit Agreement.

## SEASONALITY

The Company's business is impacted by the general seasonal trends that are characteristic of the apparel and retail industries. The Company's wholesale operations generally experience stronger performance in the first and third quarters, while retail operations are generally stronger in the third and fourth quarters. As the timing of the shipment of products may vary from year to year, the results for any particular quarter may not be indicative of results for the full year. The Company has not had significant overhead and other costs generally associated with large seasonal variations.

The following table sets forth certain unaudited quarterly data for the periods shown.

1994	1995	1996

	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIRST	SECOND
	QTR.									
					(IN THO	USANDS)				
Net revenue	\$ 122,729	\$ 119,383	\$ 160,783	\$ 144,917	\$ 124,903	\$ 104,749	\$ 133,129	\$ 123,952	\$ 134,898	\$ 122,508
Gross profit	59 784	53 611	79 232	63 196	59 636	49 207	59 148	56 600	64 419	55 874

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#### INFLATION

The Company does not believe that the relatively moderate rates of inflation experienced in the United States over the last three years have had a significant effect on its net revenue or profitability. Although higher rates of inflation have been experienced in a number of foreign countries in which the Company's products are manufactured, the Company does not believe that they have had a material effect on the Company's net revenue or profitability.

#### EXCHANGE RATES

The Company receives United States dollars for substantially all of its product sales and its licensing revenues. Inventory purchases from offshore contract manufacturers are primarily denominated in United States dollars; however, purchase prices for the Company's products may be impacted by fluctuations in the exchange rate between the United States dollar and the local currencies of the contract manufacturers, which may have the effect of increasing the Company's cost of goods in the future. During the last two fiscal years, exchange rate fluctuations have not had a material impact on the Company's inventory costs. The Company currently does not engage in hedging activities with respect to such exchange rate risk. See "Risk Factors -- Foreign Operations."

#### IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 121 ("SFAS No. 121"), "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be disposed of," in March 1995 which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1995. SFAS No. 121 establishes accounting standards for the impairment of long-lived assets, certain identifiable intangibles and goodwill related to these assets and certain identifiable intangibles to be disposed of. The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 121 effective April 1, 1996 and has, accordingly, recorded a write-down aggregating \$3.6 million in the second quarter of 1996 related to certain operating assets to be disposed of and is included as the Reorganization Charge in the Company's statement of earnings. The Company does not anticipate that SFAS No. 121 will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In October 1995, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("SFAS 123"). SFAS 123 established a fair value-based method of accounting for compensation cost related to stock options and other forms of stock-based compensation plans. However, SFAS 123 allows an entity to continue to measure compensation costs using the principles of Accounting Principles Board pronouncement 25 if certain pro forma disclosures are made. SFAS 123 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1995. The Company intends to adopt the provisions for pro forma disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 in fiscal 1996 and anticipates that SFAS 123 will not have a material impact on its financial statements. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had not issued any stock options or other instruments under which SFAS 123 would apply.

Guess, founded in 1981 by the Marciano brothers, designs, markets, distributes and licenses one of the world's leading lifestyle collections of casual apparel, accessories and related consumer products. The Company's apparel for men and women is inspired by an appreciation of the American lifestyle combined with a European flair and is marketed under the trademarks GUESS, GUESS U.S.A., GUESS? AND TRIANGLE DESIGN and GUESS COLLECTION. The lines include full collections of denim and cotton clothing, including jeans, pants, overalls, skirts, dresses, shorts, blouses, shirts, jackets and knitwear. In addition, the Company has granted licenses to manufacture and distribute a broad range of products that complement the Company's apparel lines, including watches, clothing for infants and children, eyewear, footwear, activewear, home products and other fashion accessories. The Company's product quality combined with captivating advertising images have created a global brand franchise with products that appeal to style-conscious consumers across a broad spectrum of ages. The Company generates revenue from wholesale and retail operations and licensing activities, which accounted for 56%, 35% and 9%, respectively, of net revenue in 1995. The Company's total net revenue in 1995 was \$486.7 million and pro forma net earnings (as described herein) were \$43.3 million.

The Company achieves premium pricing for its products by emphasizing superior styling and quality. The Company maintains rigorous control over the quality of its products by performing its own design and development work and by closely monitoring the workmanship of its contractors and licensees. The enduring strength of the GUESS brand name and image is reinforced by the Company's consistent emphasis on innovative and distinctive design. Under the direction of Maurice Marciano, the Company's design department creates full lines of casual apparel that appeal to both men and women. During 1995, net sales of apparel for men and for women accounted for approximately 48% and 52%, respectively, of net revenue from the sale of apparel products. Each of the lines consists of a broad array of basic, recurring styles, complemented by more fashion-oriented items which reflect contemporary trends. During 1995, net sales of basic and fashion items accounted for approximately 49% and 51%, respectively, of the Company's net revenue from the sale of apparel products.

The Company seeks to reach a broad consumer base through multiple channels of distribution. As of March 31, 1996, GUESS brand products were distributed by the Company, its licensees and international distributors to better department stores and upscale specialty stores, 112 stores operated by the Company (of which 65 were retail stores and 47 were factory outlet stores) and 205 stores operated by licensees and distributors. As a critical element of its distribution to department stores, the Company and its licensees utilize shop-in-shops to enhance brand recognition, permit more complete merchandising of the lines and differentiate the presentation of GUESS products. As of December 31, 1995, the Company's and its licensees' products were sold in approximately 1,600 shop-in-shops worldwide. In order to protect the Guess image and enhance the exclusivity of the brand, the Company began in 1993 to withdraw its products from certain wholesale accounts which did not meet the Company's merchandising standards. Sales to such discontinued accounts represented approximately \$51.1 million, \$32.9 million and \$3.8 million of the Company's net revenue in 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively. The Company's own network of stores, in addition to providing a key opportunity for growth, allows the Company to present and merchandise its entire collection and to test market new product concepts.

The Company intends to capitalize on the worldwide recognition of its brand name and the breadth of Guess lifestyle products by expanding its international operations. The Company has established Guess Europe in Italy and Guess Asia in Hong Kong to design, source and market products in Europe and the Pacific Rim. Guess has granted licenses for the manufacture and sale of GUESS branded products similar to the Company's, including men's and women's denim and knitwear, in markets such as Canada, Argentina, Mexico, the Philippines, South Korea, Brazil and Japan. Although Guess is in the early stages of its international expansion, GUESS brand products are currently sold in over 70

The desirability of the GUESS brand name among consumers has allowed the Company to selectively expand its product offerings through licensing arrangements. The Company believes its licensing strategy significantly broadens the distribution of GUESS brand products while limiting the Company's capital investment and operating expenses. The Company carefully selects its licensees, maintains strict control over the design, advertising, marketing and distribution of all licensed products in order to maintain a consistent global GUESS brand image. The Company's 26 licensees manufacture and distribute a broad array of related consumer products in the United States and international markets. The Company's most significant licenses include GUESS WATCHES, BABY GUESS, GUESS KIDS and GUESS EYEWEAR, which together accounted for approximately 48.1% of the Company's net royalties in 1995. The Company continues to capitalize on the GUESS brand image by granting licenses to introduce related products. Recently, the Company licensed the GUESS HOME COLLECTION and GUESS OUTERWEAR, as well as various accessory products.

Under Paul Marciano's direction and supervision, Guess has created a consistent, high profile image through the use of its distinctive black and white print ads. The Company's in-house Advertising Department directs the media placement of all advertising worldwide, including placement by its licensees and distributors. On numerous occasions since 1986, the Company's advertising has garnered prestigious awards for creativity and excellence, including CLIO, BELDING and MOBIUS awards. Such awards are generally awarded on the basis of the judgment of prominent members of the advertising industry. By retaining control over its advertising programs, the Company is able to maintain the integrity of the GUESS brand image while realizing a substantial cost savings compared to the use of outside agencies. The Company requires its licensees and distributors to invest a percentage of their net sales of licensed products and net purchases of Guess products, respectively, in advertising, promotion and marketing. From 1992 through 1995, the Company's advertising expenditures, together with amounts spent by its licensees and its distributors (as reported to the Company by such licensees and distributors), exceeded \$160.0 million.

# BUSINESS STRATEGY

The Company's business strategy is designed to increase sales and profitability while preserving the integrity and expanding the product depth and global reach of the GUESS brand. Over the past three years, the Company has built the infrastructure necessary to support distribution and licensing of its products worldwide. To provide greater management depth, Company has recently recruited several key executives with substantial industry experience to facilitate the implementation of its business strategy, including Ken Duane, Andrea Weiss and Michael Wallen. The key elements of the strategy include:

MAINTAIN HIGH BRAND RECOGNITION. The Company intends to continue its efforts to increase its revenues by enhancing consumer recognition of its brand name and image. Under the creative leadership of Paul Marciano, the Company's award-winning advertising has established the Guess signature image and reinforced the lifestyle concept of Guess and Guess-licensed products in mutually supportive marketing campaigns. In addition to the Company's expenditures, licensees are required to spend a percentage of total revenues in advertising. The aggregate advertising expenditures of the Company and its distributors and licensees (as reported to the Company by such licensees and distributors) were \$50.7 million in 1995, a 16.2% increase over 1994.

INCREASE INTERNATIONAL PRESENCE. The Company believes it is well-positioned to capitalize on the worldwide recognition of its brand name and the breadth of Guess lifestyle products by continuing to expand its distribution internationally through distributors and licensees. The Company has recently established Guess Europe in Italy and Guess Asia in Hong Kong to design, source and market products in Europe and the Pacific Rim, which

will facilitate increased sales to existing and new distributors and licensees outside the United States. As of March 31, 1996, 164 Guess retail stores were operated internationally, 111 of which were operated by 13 licensees and 53 of which were operated by eight distributors. The Company has been advised by its distributors and licensees that they plan to establish approximately 35 new distributor-operated stores and approximately 21 licensee-operated stores, respectively, by the end of 1996, and approximately an additional 45 new distributor-operated stores and approximately 39 licensee-operated stores, respectively, by the end of 1997.

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EXPAND LICENSING ARRANGEMENTS. The Company expects to continue to license the GUESS name selectively to producers of high quality products that complement its lifestyle collection. Since the beginning of 1993, the Company has added new licenses, which in 1995 represented approximately 30% of the Company's net royalties. Recently, the Company licensed the GUESS HOME COLLECTION and GUESS OUTERWEAR, as well as various accessory products. To maintain its reputation for quality and style and control the integrity of the brand name, the Company will continue to provide design, production and technical and marketing assistance to its licensees to ensure compliance with its strict marketing and product standards.

EXPAND RETAIL STORE NETWORK. The Company believes an expanded retail network will reinforce consumer recognition of its brand name and enhance the presentation of the complete Guess merchandise collections. Since the beginning of 1993 through March 31, 1996, the Company has opened a total of 25 retail and 25 factory outlet stores (net of store closings). The percentage of net revenue generated by the retail network has increased from 19.3% to 38.5% of the Company's net revenue from product sales from 1992 through 1995. The Company intends to open approximately five additional retail stores during the remainder of 1996 and approximately 15 additional retail stores during 1997. The Company is currently completing the closure of three retail stores, the costs of which closures were reserved for in 1995.

DEEPEN PRODUCT OFFERINGS. The Company has recently introduced new product lines and categories to complement its existing lines. In 1993, the Company introduced in its retail stores the GUESS COLLECTION and has since expanded this collection to a full line of higher priced women's apparel that incorporates a sophisticated combination of styles and colors. In 1995 and the first quarter of 1996, the GUESS COLLECTION accounted for approximately 11.4% and 14.6%, respectively, of net revenue from the Company's stores. Based on positive consumer reaction, the Company has introduced the GUESS COLLECTION to selected better department stores for shipment in the Fall 1996 season. In addition, the Company intends to broaden its men's and women's lines to include khaki and other twill products beginning with the 1996 holiday/resort season. In November 1995 the Company introduced a new line of jeans under the "Bare Basics" label, with unique construction and fabrications and lower price points than traditional Guess jeans.

IMPROVE PRODUCTIVITY OF THE RETAIL STORE NETWORK. The Company's retail management team has recently refined the Company's strategy to improve the productivity of its retail network by establishing new models for optimal store size, design and construction costs as well as staffing levels. In addition, in late 1995, the Company began to improve the merchandising mix in its stores and implemented sophisticated information systems to improve inventory management. The Company believes that the implementation of these initiatives contributed to the increase in comparable factory outlet and retail store net revenue of 16.7% in the first quarter of 1996.

EXPAND AND UPGRADE SHOP-IN-SHOP PROGRAM. To enhance the presence of Guess products in department stores, the Company intends to develop approximately 80 new shop-in-shops in 1996 and 100 in 1997, and remodel approximately 45 additional shops in 1996 and 55 in 1997. The design of the

shops utilizes the distinctive Guess advertising to promote brand recognition and differentiate the location from its competition. The shops also facilitate ease of shopping by presenting a complete presentation of the Company's merchandise. In addition, the installation of these shops enables the Company to establish premium locations within the department stores and, therefore, compete more effectively against other products.

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#### GENERAL

The Company derives its net revenue from the sale of Guess men's and women's apparel to wholesale customers and distributors and the sale of Guess men's and women's apparel and its licensees' products through the Company's network of retail and factory outlet stores. The following table sets forth the net revenue of the Company through its channels of distribution.

		R ENDED DE		SIX MONTHS ENDED						
	1993		1994		1995		JULY 2,	1995	JUNE 30,	1996
	(IN THOUSANDS)									
Net Revenue: Wholesale operations Retail operations	\$348,879 142,565		\$358,125 149,337	65.4% 27.2	\$270,931 169,428	55.7% 34.8	\$142,427 64,154		\$144,782 87,329	56.2% 33.9
Net revenue from product sales Net royalties	491,444	94.5	507,462	92.6	440,359 46,374	90.5	206,581 23,074	89.9	232,111	90.1
Total net revenue	\$520,224	100.0%	\$547,812	100.0%	\$486,733	100.0%	\$229,655	100.0%	\$257,406	100.0%
-										

The following table sets forth the Company's net revenue from product sales generated through such channels of distribution by product category (licensed products represent sales of licensed products by the Company's retail and factory outlet stores).

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,									
		1993			1994			1995		
PRODUCT										
Men's apparel	\$	239,767 199,405 20,608 31,664	48.8% 40.6 4.2 6.4	\$	250,687 225,268 26,172 5,335	49.4% 44.4 5.2 1.0	\$	194,945 210,945 32,766 1,703	44.3% 47.9 7.4 0.4	
Total (2)		491,444	100.0%	\$	507,462	100.0%	\$	440,359	100.0%	

(1) In late 1992, the Company entered into licensing agreements for the boys' product line, the majority of the girls' product line and women's knits, which were previously produced by the Company. While the licensing of such products reduced net revenue in 1993, the associated reduction in earnings

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products reduced net revenue in 1993, the associated reduction in earnings from operations from such sales was substantially offset by the increase in net royalties from the new licenses. "Other products" represents retail operations' sales of such discontinued product lines.

(2) Beginning in 1993, the Company began to withdraw its products from selected

accounts which did not meet the Company's standards for merchandising. Net product sales to discontinued accounts represented approximately \$51.1 million, \$32.9 million and \$3.8 million of the Company's net revenue from product sales in 1993, 1994 and 1995, respectively.

#### PRODUCTS

COMPANY PRODUCTS. The GUESS brand was founded upon its core product line of high-quality jeans and other denim casual wear. Guess has been marketing denim apparel since its inception in 1981, and has built and maintained a global brand franchise with products that appeal to style-conscious consumers across a broad spectrum of ages. The Company was founded on the concept of a fashion jean with the first Guess product being the "three-zip Marilyn" jean, which was stone-washed and adapted to fit the contours of a woman's body. Since its inception, the Company has expanded its products to include a broad range of denim and cotton clothing for men and women, including jeans, pants, overalls, skirts, dresses, shorts, blouses, shirts, jackets and knitwear.

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The Company's apparel products are organized into two primary categories: men's apparel and women's apparel (including the GUESS COLLECTION). The following table sets forth the approximate range of current retail prices for the Company's products:

	SU	ANGE GGEST IL PR	ED							
							R	ANGE	OF	
WOMEN'S					MEN'S		SU	GGEST	ED	
						RETAIL PR			PRICE	IS
Jeans\$	58	-	\$	64	Jeans	\$	58	-	\$	72
Shorts	39	-		52	Shorts		39	-		60
Tops	38	-		76	Woven Tops		40	-		78
Dresses	68	-		82	Jackets		82	-		162
Pants	60	-		68	T-Shirts		22	-		8.8
Jackets	78	-		80						
Guess Collection	58	-		340						

A major portion of the Company's men's and women's apparel lines consists of basic, recurring styles which the Company believes are less susceptible to fashion obsolescence and are less seasonal in nature than fashion product styles. Basic product styles provide the Company with a base of business that usually carries over from season to season and year to year. Basic products are primarily made of denim and include jeans, skirts, dresses, overalls and shorts in a variety of fits, washes and styles. To take advantage of contemporary trends, the Company complements its basic styles with more fashion-oriented items. Fashion products range in style from contemporary sportswear to casual apparel and include colored denim items, pants, shirts, jackets and knitwear, made of a variety of materials including fine cotton, man-made fabric and leather. A limited number of best-selling fashion items in a collection may be included in one or more subsequent collections, and a select few may be added to the Company's basic styles.

In 1993, the Company expanded its line of women's apparel to include the GUESS COLLECTION, a collection of women's skirts, tops, jackets, blazers and blouses incorporating a sophisticated combination of colors and styles. The GUESS COLLECTION was introduced exclusively through Guess stores and, based upon positive consumer reaction, the Company expanded distribution of the GUESS COLLECTION to selected better department stores for shipment in the 1996 Fall season. The GUESS COLLECTION appeals to the contemporary segment of the apparel market and will generally be sold in separate selling areas from other Guess denim and casual apparel.

LICENSED PRODUCTS. The high level of desirability of the GUESS brand name among consumers has allowed the Company to selectively expand its product offerings through licensing arrangements. The Company currently has 26 licensees. Sales of licensed products (as reported to the Company by its licensees) have grown from \$451.7 million in 1993 to \$736.5 million in 1995. The

Company's net royalties from such sales and fees from new licensees increased from \$28.8 million in 1993 to \$46.4 million in 1995. Approximately 48.1% of the Company's net royalties was derived from its top four licensed product lines. These product lines are GUESS WATCHES (18.9% of 1995 net royalties), BABY GUESS (12.3%), GUESS KIDS (9.2%) and GUESS EYEWEAR (7.7%).

GUESS WATCHES have been manufactured and distributed since 1983. The GUESS WATCH line includes approximately 408 styles of watches for men, women and children, and clocks. Retail prices range from approximately \$55 to \$125. In 1996, an upscale, higher-priced line of watches is planned to be introduced at a retail price range of \$175 to \$250.

The BABY GUESS and GUESS KIDS product lines include infants', boys' and girls' clothing, accessories, infant layette items and baby hair care products. These products retail for \$4.50 to \$70 and are sold domestically in free-standing licensed stores, better department stores and through distributors in Asia.

GUESS EYEWEAR is manufactured and distributed worldwide. The eyewear line offers styles ranging in retail price from \$37\$ to \$200\$. Guess eyewear is sold through optical specialty and department stores.

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Guess also licenses a range of other products, including men's apparel, women's knitwear, footwear, activewear, athleticwear, leather goods, neckwear, jewelry and a home collection. Most of these licenses have been granted since 1993 and are in their early stage of development.

#### DESIGN

The enduring strength of the GUESS brand name and image is partially due to the Company's consistent emphasis on innovative and distinctive design. For the past 15 years, the Guess design teams have anticipated and adapted to changing consumer tastes while retaining the distinctive Guess image. Under the direction of Maurice Marciano, Guess garments are designed by an in-house staff of four design teams (men's, women's, GUESS COLLECTION and Guess Europe) located in Los Angeles and Florence, Italy. Guess design teams travel around the world in order to monitor fashion trends and discover new fabrics. Fabric shows in Europe and the United States provide additional opportunities to discover and sample new fabrics. These fabrics, together with the trends uncovered by the Company's designers serve as the primary source of inspiration for the Company's lines and collections. The Company also maintains a fashion library consisting of antique and contemporary garments as an additional source of creative concepts. In addition, design teams regularly meet with members of the sales, merchandising and retail operations to further refine the Company's products in order to meet the particular needs of the Company's markets. Many Guess products are developed using computer-aided design equipment which allows a designer to view and modify two- and three-dimensional images of a new design. By the end of 1996, the Company intends to link its Los Angeles and Florence design centers electronically so that individual designs may be accessed, modified and shared by designers in both locations. After working prototypes of each garment are prepared and reviewed, the pattern makers oversee the final production of each garment's pattern. As of March 31, 1996, the Company's design department employed 130 persons, approximately 27 of whom were designers and assistant designers.

Licensed products are designed by both the Company and its licensees. A separate design team of 12 associates works with the Company's licensees and all licensee designs must be approved by the Company to ensure consistency with the Guess image. See "-- Licensing Agreements and Terms."

# DOMESTIC WHOLESALE CUSTOMERS

The Company's domestic wholesale customers consist primarily of better department stores and select upscale specialty stores, which have the image and merchandising expertise that Guess requires for the effective presentation of its products. Leading wholesale customers include Federated Department Stores,

The May Department Stores Company, Dillard Department Stores, Inc. and select upscale specialty stores. As of December 31, 1995, the Company sold its products directly to approximately 2,700 retail doors in the United States and approximately 350 doors in Italy.

A key element of the Company's merchandising strategy is the shop-in-shop merchandising format, an exclusive selling area within a department store that presents a full array of Guess products using Guess signage and fixtures. As of December 31, 1995, there were approximately 1,160 shop-in-shops (excluding shop-in-shops installed by licensees) that feature Guess products (other than the GUESS COLLECTION) and the Company intends to increase the number of shop-in-shops by approximately 80 by the end of 1996 and approximately an additional 100 by the end of 1997. Guess also intends to establish GUESS COLLECTION shop-in-shops, in addition to existing shop-in-shops, in selected better department stores beginning in the Spring of 1997.

The Company's close wholesale customer relationships have been achieved through innovative and effective marketing and merchandising and superior customer service. As of March 31, 1996, the Company had 77 sales representatives and 81 merchandise coordinators. The sales representatives are located in the Company's showrooms in New York, Los Angeles, Dallas, Atlanta, Chicago, Hong Kong, Milan and Florence. They coordinate with buyers for the Company's customers to determine the inventory level and product mix that should be carried in each store to maximize retail sell-through and enhance the customers' profit margins. Such inventory level and product mix are then used as the basis for developing sales projections and product needs for each wholesale customer. In addition, Guess sales representatives monitor the inventories of customers, which assists the Company in scheduling production. The merchandisers work with the store to ensure the Company's products are appropriately displayed.

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Certain of the Company's domestic wholesale customers, including some under common ownership, have accounted for significant portions of the Company's net revenue. During 1995, Bloomingdale's, Macy's and affiliated stores owned by Federated Department Stores together accounted for approximately 11.0% of the Company's net revenue. During the same period, The May Company and Dillard's accounted for approximately 7.7% and 7.3% of the Company's net revenue, respectively. See "Risk Factors -- Dependence on Certain Customers and Licensees."

#### DOMESTIC RETAIL OPERATIONS

As of March 31, 1996, the Company's domestic retail operations consisted of 64 retail and 47 factory outlet stores operated directly by Guess in the United States, which principally sell GUESS label products. Guess retail stores outside the United States, with the exception of the Company-owned store in Florence, Italy, are owned and operated by the Company's distributors and licensees. See "-- International Business." Since the beginning of 1993 through March 31, 1996, the Company has opened a total of 35 retail and 30 factory outlet stores and has closed 10 retail and five factory outlet stores. The percentage of net revenue generated by the retail network has increased from 19.3% to 38.5% of the Company's net revenue from product sales from 1992 through 1995.

The Company's retail management team has recently refined the Company's strategy to improve the productivity of its retail network by establishing new models for optimal store size, design and construction costs as well as staffing levels. In addition, in late 1995, the Company began to improve the merchandising mix in its stores and implemented sophisticated information systems to improve inventory management. The Company believes that the implementation of these initiatives contributed to the increase in comparable retail and factory outlet store net revenue of 16.7% in the first quarter of 1996.

RETAIL STORES. The Company's 64 domestic retail stores typically range in size from approximately 3,400 to 8,500 square feet, with 61 locations in

regional shopping malls and three stand-alone stores in areas of high foot traffic. The retail stores are located in 20 states with approximately an equal number of stores on both the East and West Coasts. Of the retail stores on the West Coast, 22 are located in California. The Company's retail stores carry a full assortment of men's and women's Guess merchandise, including most of its licensed products. Distribution through its own retail stores allows the Company to influence the merchandising and presentation of its products and to test market new product concepts. The Company's strategy is to increase its domestic sales by selectively expanding its network of retail stores and by increasing the productivity of its existing stores. Over the past year, Guess has significantly strengthened its retail operations management through the selective hiring of experienced well-respected retail professionals.

The Company intends to continue to locate its stores in regional malls with a smaller number of flagship stores in major cities. As of March 31, 1996, the Company had opened two retail stores in 1996. The Company intends to open approximately five additional retail stores during the remainder of 1996 and 15 additional retail stores during 1997. The Company is currently completing the closure of three retail stores, the costs of which closures were reserved for in 1995. The Company does not currently expect that it will be closing additional retail stores during the next 12 months.

FACTORY OUTLET STORES. The Company's 47 factory outlet stores typically range in size from approximately 2,100 to 7,500 square feet and are located in outlet malls and strip centers outside the shopping radius of the Company's wholesale customers and its retail stores. The factory outlet stores are located in 27 states, with no major concentration in any one state. These stores sell selected styles of Guess apparel and licensed products at a discount to value-conscious customers, enabling the Company to effectively control the distribution of its excess inventory, thereby protecting the Guess image. The Company plans to open one and close one factory outlet store in 1996. The Company has no plans to open additional factory outlet stores in 1997.

#### INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

Given the high level of GUESS brand awareness in countries outside the United States, the Company believes that international distribution of GUESS brand products represents a significant opportunity to

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increase revenue and profits. This awareness is partially a result of the substantial international advertising undertaken by the Company in advance of distributing products to these locations. Although Guess is in the early stages of its international expansion, GUESS brand products are currently sold in over 70 countries.

Guess derives net revenue and earnings from outside the United States from three principal sources: (i) sales of GUESS brand apparel directly to 12 foreign distributors who distribute such apparel to better department stores, upscale specialty retail stores and Guess-licensed retail stores operated by Guess distributors or licensees, (ii) royalties from licensees who manufacture and distribute GUESS brand products outside the United States and (iii) sales of GUESS brand apparel by Guess Europe directly to upscale retail stores in Italy.

Since 1991, the Company has been selling its products through distributors and licensees in Asia, the Middle East and Australia. In 1993, the Company opened a design studio, sourcing office, sales office and warehouse in Italy and in 1994 began sourcing, marketing and distributing products directly in Italy and executed a distribution agreement for Spain. Recently, Guess has entered into distribution agreements for Belgium, Greece and Hungary, and is in the process of negotiating additional arrangements in Europe and elsewhere including the United Kingdom, Israel, Holland and Turkey.

As of March 31, 1996, 164 Guess retail stores were operated internationally, 111 of which were operated by 13 licensees and 53 of which were operated by eight distributors. The Company's distribution and license agreements generally provide detailed guidelines for store fittings, fixtures, merchandising and marketing programs and the appearance, merchandising and service standards of these stores are closely monitored to ensure the Guess image is maintained. The Company has been advised by its distributors and licensees that they plan to establish approximately 35 new distributor-operated stores and approximately 21 licensee-operated stores, respectively, by the end of 1996, and approximately an additional 45 new distributor-operated stores and approximately 39 licensee-operated stores, respectively, by the end of 1997. Guess also owns and operates a flagship Guess retail store located in Florence, Italy. As of December 31, 1995, there were approximately 220 shop-in-shops for GUESS brand products in stores outside the United States. See "Risk Factors -- Foreign Operations and Sourcing -- Import Restrictions."

# LICENSING AGREEMENTS AND TERMS

The Company carefully selects and maintains tight control over licensees. In evaluating a potential licensee, the Company considers the experience, financial stability, manufacturing performance and marketing ability of the proposed licensee and evaluates the marketability and compatibility of the proposed products with other GUESS brand merchandise. The Company's license agreements generally cover three years with an option to renew prior to expiration for an additional multi-year period. In addition to licensing products which complement the Company's apparel products, Guess has granted licenses for the manufacture and sale of GUESS branded products similar to the Company's, including men's and women's denim and knitwear, in markets such as Canada, Argentina, Mexico, the Philippines, South Korea, Brazil and Japan. Licenses granted to certain licensees which have produced high-quality products and otherwise have demonstrated exceptional operating performance, such as GUESS WATCHES and BABY GUESS, have been renewed repeatedly and in some cases expanded to include new products or markets. The typical license agreement requires that the licensee pay the Company the greater of a royalty based on a percentage of the licensee's net sales of licensed products or a guaranteed minimum royalty that typically increases over the term of the license agreement. Generally, licensees are required to spend a percentage of the net sales of licensed products for advertising and promotion of the licensed products. In addition, certain foreign licensees are required to contribute toward the protection of the Company's trademarks within the territories granted to such licensees, thereby assisting Guess in its efforts to prevent counterfeiting and other trademark infringement in such countries.

The Company's licensing department strictly monitors product design, development, merchandising and marketing. All GUESS brand products, advertising, promotional and packaging materials must be approved in advance by Guess. The licensing department meets regularly with licensees to ensure consistency with Guess's overall marketing, merchandising and design strategies, and to ensure uniformity and quality control. See "Risk Factors -- Dependence upon Certain Customers and Licensees."

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# ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS AND MARKETING

The Company's advertising, public relations and marketing strategy is to promote a consistent high impact image which endures regardless of changing consumer trends. Since the Company's inception, Paul Marciano has had principal responsibility for the GUESS brand image and creative vision. All worldwide advertising and promotional material is controlled through the Company's Advertising Department based in Los Angeles, while Guess Public Relations and Special Events are based in New York. GUESS JEANS, GUESS U.S.A. and GUESS INC. images have been showcased in international print campaigns in dozens of major magazines, on billboards, bus shelters and telephone kiosks, on television and most recently in movie theaters throughout the United States.

ADVERTISING. The Company's advertising strategy is designed to promote the Guess image rather than focus on specific products. The Company's distinctive

black and white print advertisements have garnered prestigious awards, including CLIO, BELDING and MOBIUS awards for creativity and excellence. Such awards, which the Company has received on numerous occasions since 1986, are generally awarded on the basis of the judgment of prominent members of the advertising industry. Guess has maintained a high degree of consistency in its advertisements, using similar themes and images. The Company requires its licensees and distributors to invest a percentage of their net sales of licensed products and net purchases of Guess products, respectively, in advertising, promotion and marketing. From 1992 through 1995, the Company's advertising expenditures, together with amounts spent by its licensees and its distributors (as reported to the Company by such licensees and distributors), exceeded \$160.0 million.

The Company's in-house Advertising Department is responsible for media placement of all advertising worldwide including that of its licensees. The Company uses a variety of media, primarily black and white print and outdoor advertising in various countries. The Company has focused advertisement placement in national and international contemporary fashion/beauty and lifestyle magazines including VOGUE, GLAMOUR, VANITY FAIR, HARPERS BAZAAR, ELLE, W and DETAILS. By retaining control over its advertising programs, the Company is able to maintain the integrity of the GUESS brand image while realizing substantial cost savings compared to the use of outside agencies. The Company's Advertising Department consisted of 10 employees as of March 31, 1996.

PUBLIC RELATIONS. The Company's Public Relations Department is responsible for communicating the Guess image to the public and news media worldwide. The Public Relations Department also coordinates local publicity and special events programs for the Company and its licensees, including in-store Guess model and celebrity appearances and fashion shows. The Guess Public Relations Department consisted of seven full time employees as of March 31, 1996.

MARKETING. The Company utilizes various additional marketing tools such as corporate mailers, videos, newsletters, special events and a toll free Guess number to assist customers worldwide in finding Guess retail locations. The Company also produces 200,000 copies of the GUESS JOURNAL, a full color, oversized semi-annual magazine available in retail stores worldwide or through the Guess mailing list. The GUESS JOURNAL features trends in the arts, travel destinations, candid celebrity profiles, philanthropic events and Guess product information.

The Company further strengthens communications with customers through the WORLD OF GUESS, the Company's Internet site on the World Wide Web. This global medium enables the Company to provide timely information in an entertaining fashion on the Company's history, Guess products and store locations to consumers and allows the Company to receive and respond directly to customer feedback.

#### SOURCING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

The Company sources products through numerous suppliers, many of whom have established relationships with the Company. The Company seeks to achieve the most efficient means for the timely delivery of its high quality products and continues to rebalance its sourcing by region in response to increasing demand within each region. The Company's fabric specialists work with fabric mills in the United States, Europe and Asia to develop woven and knitted fabrics that enhance the products' comfort, design and appearance. For a substantial portion of the Company's apparel products, fabric purchases take place generally four to five

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months prior to the corresponding selling season. Apparel production (cut, manufacture and trim) generally begins after the Company has received customer orders. Delivery of finished goods to customers occurs approximately 90 to 120 days after receipt of customers' orders.

The Company engages both domestic and foreign contractors for the production of its products. During 1995, the Company purchased approximately 77% of its raw

materials, labor and finished goods in the United States, 18% in Hong Kong, Taiwan, South Korea and other Asian countries, 4% in Europe, and 1% elsewhere. The production and sourcing staffs in Los Angeles and Italy oversee all aspects of fabric acquisition, apparel manufacturing, quality control and production, as well as researching and developing new sources of supply. The Company operates product sourcing and quality control offices in Los Angeles, Hong Kong and Florence.

The Company does not own any production equipment other than cutting, silkscreen and embroidery machinery. The Company's apparel products are produced for the Company by approximately 80 different contractors. None of the contractors engaged by the Company accounted for more than 10% of the Company's total production during 1995. The Company has long-term relationships with many of its contractors, although it does not have written agreements with them. The Company uses a variety of raw materials, principally consisting of woven denim, woven cotton and knitted fabrics and yarns. The Company must make commitments for a significant portion of its fabric purchases well in advance of sales, although the Company's risk is reduced because a substantial portion of the Company's products (approximately 43% in 1995) are sewn in basic denim. See "Risk Factors -- Foreign Operations and Sourcing; Import Restrictions," and "-- Dependence on Unaffiliated Manufacturers."

# QUALITY CONTROL

The Company's quality control program is designed to ensure that all of the Company's products meet the Company's high quality standards. The Company monitors the quality of its fabrics prior to the production of garments and inspects prototypes of each product before production runs are commenced. The Company also performs random in-line quality control checks during and after production before the garments leave the contractor. Final random inspections occur when the garments are received in the Company's distribution centers. The Company currently has 25 full-time personnel engaged in quality control located in its Los Angeles office, five located in Hong Kong (who work for the joint venture) and four in Florence, including two independent contractors. The Company believes that its policy of inspecting its products at its distribution centers and at the contractors' facilities is important in maintaining the quality and reputation of its products. The Company also conducts inspections on all licensed products.

The Company permits defective garments to be authorized for return for credit by the purchasers. Less than 0.6% of the garments shipped by the Company during each of the last three years has been returned under this policy.

## WAREHOUSE AND DISTRIBUTION CENTERS

The Company utilizes distribution centers at three strategically located sites. Two of the distribution centers are operated by the Company and one is operated by an independent contractor. Distribution of the Company's products in the United States is centralized in the Los Angeles facility operated by the Company. The Company also operates a distribution center in Florence to service Europe. The Company utilizes a contract warehouse in Hong Kong that services the Pacific Rim.

The Company currently intends to open a contract warehouse in Northern Europe for distribution to portions of Europe outside of Italy. The Company anticipates that such warehouse will become operational during the first half of 1997.

In order to ensure that each of its retail customers receives merchandise in satisfactory condition, substantially all Company products are processed through one of the Company's distribution centers before delivery to the retail customer. Each customer is assigned to one of the Company's distribution centers, depending on the customer's location.

At its distribution center in Los Angeles, the Company has also developed a fully integrated and automated distribution system. The bar code scanning of merchandise, picking tickets and distribution cartons, together with radio frequency communications, provide timely, controlled, accurate and instantaneous updates to the distribution information systems.

#### COMPETITION

The apparel industry is highly competitive and fragmented, and is subject to rapidly changing consumer demands and preferences. The Company believes that its success depends in large part upon its ability to anticipate, gauge and respond to changing consumer demands and fashion trends in a timely manner and upon the continued appeal to consumers of the Guess image. Guess competes with numerous apparel manufacturers and distributors (including Calvin Klein, Ralph Lauren, DKNY, Tommy Hilfiger and Nautica). Moreover, several well-known designers have recently entered or re-entered the designer denim market with products generally priced lower than the Company's designer jeans products. The Company's retail and factory outlet stores face competition from other retailers. Additionally, the Company encounters substantial competition from department stores, including some of the Company's major retail customers. The Company's licensed apparel and accessories also compete with a substantial number of designer and non-designer lines. Many of the Company's competitors have greater financial resources than Guess. The Company's licensed products also compete with various other well-known consumer brands. Although the level and nature of competition differ among its product categories, Guess believes that it competes on the basis of its brand image, quality of design and workmanship and product assortment.

#### TRADEMARKS

The Company's trademarks include GUESS?, GUESS, GUESS? AND TRIANGLE DESIGN, BABY GUESS, GUESS KIDS, GUESS U.S.A. and GUESS COLLECTION. As of March 31, 1996, the Company had more than 1,500 U.S. and international registered trademarks or trademark applications pending with the trademark offices of the United States and over 137 countries around the world. From time to time, the Company adopts new trademarks in connection with the marketing of new product lines. The Company considers its trademarks to have significant value in the marketing of its products and, since shortly after the Company's inception, has acted aggressively to register and protect its trademarks worldwide.

Like many well-known brands, the Company's trademarks are subject to infringement. Guess has a staff devoted to the monitoring and aggressive protection of its trademarks worldwide, which uses, among other things, available legal remedies to prevent unauthorized use of its trademarks.

# MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS

The Company believes that advanced information processing is essential to maintaining its competitive position. Consequently, over the past three years (ending December 31, 1995), the Company has invested over \$20.0 million in upgrading its management information systems. The Company is implementing systems which allow areas of the business to be more pro-active to customer requirements, to improve internal communication flow, to increase process efficiency, and to support management decisions.

The Company's systems provide, among other things, comprehensive order processing, production, accounting and management information for the marketing, selling, manufacturing, retailing and distribution functions of the Company's business. The Company has developed a sophisticated software program that enables the Company to track, among other things, orders, manufacturing schedules, inventory and sales of Guess products. The program includes a centralized management information system which provides the various operating departments with integrated financial, sales, inventory and distribution related information.

Computer-aided-design ("CAD") systems are utilized within both the design and marking and grading departments to develop fabrics and styles. The Company has these systems in place both domestically and internationally, allowing for this information to be shared. All style and fabric information is maintained in

a line management system which streamlines communication between the design, sales and production departments.

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The Company is a Quick Response ("QR") vendor which, via electronic data interchange ("EDI"), provides for customer orders to be shipped from 24 to 72 hours from the time of order receipt. The Company currently receives EDI orders on a worldwide basis, including its Singapore and London distributors. The Company's integrated and automated distribution system, utilizing bar code scanning of merchandise, pick tickets and shipping cartons, together with radio frequency communications, provide controlled, accurate, and instantaneous updates to the distribution information system.

The retail systems allow for rapid stock replenishment, concise merchandise planning, and inventory accounting and control practices. The Company has installed sophisticated point-of-sale registers in Guess retail and factory outlet stores and is in the process of installing a computer network for such stores that will enable the Company to track inventory from store receipt to final sales.

#### WHOLESALE BACKLOG

The Company maintains a model stock program in its basic denim products under which Guess can replenish a customer's inventory within 48 hours. Guess generally receives orders for its fashion apparel three to five months prior to the time the products are delivered to stores. The bulk of the fashion product orders are received after test markets for the Fall and Spring seasons. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had unfilled wholesale orders, consisting primarily of orders for fashion apparel, of approximately \$83.3 million, compared to \$85.9 million of such orders as of July 2, 1995. Guess expects to fill substantially all of these orders in 1996. The backlog of wholesale orders at any given time is affected by a number of factors, including seasonality and the scheduling of manufacturing and shipment of products. Accordingly, a comparison of backlogs of wholesale orders from period to period is not necessarily meaningful and may not be indicative of eventual actual shipments.

#### EMPLOYEES

Guess believes that its employees ("associates") are one of its most valuable resources. As of March 31, 1996, there were approximately 2,600 associates. Total associates include approximately 1,100 in wholesale operations and approximately 1,500 in retail operations.

Guess is not a party to any labor agreements and none of its associates is represented by a labor union. The Company considers its relationship with its associates to be good and has not experienced any interruption of its operations due to labor disputes. In addition, the Company was among the first in the apparel industry to implement a program to monitor the compliance of subcontractors with Federal minimum wage and overtime pay requirements.

### PROPERTIES

Certain information concerning Guess's principal facilities, all of which are leased, is set forth below:

LOCATION USE		IN SQUARE FEET
		514.000
1444 South Alameda Street Los Angeles, California	Principal executive and administrative offices, design facilities, sales offices, distribution and warehouse facilities, production control,	514,000
	sourcing	
1385 Broadway	Administrative offices, public relations,	30,000
New York, New York	showrooms	

APPROXIMATE AREA

Kowloon, Hong Kong

Distribution, showrooms, licensing coordination control

Milan, Italy

Florence, Italy

Administrative offices, design facilities, production control, sourcing, retail, distribution and warehouse facility

The Company's corporate, wholesale and retail headquarters and its production, warehousing and distribution facilities are located in Los Angeles, California and consist of seven adjacent buildings totaling

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approximately 514,000 square feet. Certain of these facilities are leased from limited partnerships in which the sole partners are the Principal Stockholders pursuant to leases that expire in July 2008. The total lease payments to these limited partnerships are \$208,000 per month with aggregate minimum lease commitments at December 31, 1995 totaling approximately \$32.7 million. See "Certain Transactions."

In addition, Guess leases its showrooms, advertising, licensing, sales and merchandising offices, remote warehousing facility and retail and factory outlet store locations under non-cancelable operating lease agreements expiring on various dates through November 2007. These facilities are located principally in the United States, with aggregate minimum lease commitments, at December 31, 1995, totaling approximately \$135.8 million. The current terms of the Company's store leases, including renewal options, expire as follows:

YEARS LEASE TERMS EXPIRE	NUMBER OF STORES
1995-1997	
1998-2000	9
2001-2003	
2004-2006	65
2007-2009	11
2010-2012	2

Guess believes that its existing facilities are well maintained, in good operating condition and are adequate to support its present level of operations. See "Certain Transactions." See Notes 8 and 9 of Notes to Financial Statements for further information regarding current lease obligations.

# ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

The Company is subject to federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances that (i) govern activities or operations that may have adverse environmental effects (such as emissions to air, discharges to water, and the generation, handling, storage and disposal of solid and hazardous wastes) or (ii) impose liability for the costs of clean up or other remediation of contaminated property, including damages from spills, disposals or other releases of hazardous substances or wastes, in certain circumstances without regard to fault. Certain of the Company's operations routinely involve the handling of chemicals and wastes, some of which are or may become regulated as hazardous substances. The Company has not incurred, and does not expect to incur, any significant expenditures or liabilities for environmental matters. As a result, the Company believes that its environmental obligations will not have a material adverse effect on its results of operations.

#### LITIGATION

Guess is a party to various claims, complaints and other legal actions that have arisen in the ordinary course of business from time to time. The Company believes that the outcome of all pending legal proceedings, in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

#### MANAGEMENT

# DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth certain information as of July 1, 1996 concerning the directors and executive officers of the Company:

NAME	AGE	POSITION
Maurice Marciano	47	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer
Paul Marciano	44	President, Chief Operating Officer and Director
Armand Marciano	51	Senior Executive Vice President, Secretary and Director
Ken Duane	39	President of Worldwide Sales Corporate
Roger Williams	48	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
Andrea Weiss	41	President of Retail Operations
Michael Wallen	43	President, Retail Merchandising

Pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement described herein under "Certain Transactions," the Principal Stockholders have agreed to vote their shares of Common Stock to elect each of Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano, or one designee of any such person (if such designee shall be reasonably acceptable to the other Principal Stockholders), to the Board of Directors. Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano are brothers. Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano have worked together in the fashion industry for the last 25 years.

MAURICE MARCIANO, who was one of the founders of the Company in 1981, has served as Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since August 1993. Mr. Marciano had served as President of the Company from June 1990 to September 1992 and as Executive Vice President from 1981 until June 1990. Mr. Marciano's responsibilities include the design direction of the Company, sales and merchandising, manufacturing and production as well as financial aspects of the Company. In addition, Mr. Marciano leads the marketing side of the business with Mr. Paul Marciano. Mr. Marciano has been a Director of the Company since 1981 (except for the period from January 1993 to May 1993). From February 1993 to May 1993, Mr. Marciano was Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and a Director of Pepe Clothing USA, Inc.

PAUL MARCIANO joined the Company two months after its inception in 1981 and has served as creative director for Guess advertising worldwide since that time. He has served as President of the Company since September 1992 and as a Director of the Company since 1990. Mr. Marciano's responsibilities have included direct supervisory responsibility for international expansion, licensing, the legal department, MIS and developing the Advertising Department. Mr. Marciano is recognized for shaping the direction and look of the Company's advertising and creating the Company's signature image. Mr. Marciano served as Senior Executive Vice President of the Company from August 1990 to September 1992.

ARMAND MARCIANO joined the Company two months after its inception in 1981 and has served as Senior Executive Vice President of the Company since November 1992. Mr. Marciano has direct supervisory responsibility for the Company's domestic retail and factory outlet stores. In addition, Mr. Marciano is responsible for the manufacturing, distribution, customer service and European exports aspects of the business. Mr. Marciano has been a Director and Secretary of the Company since 1983. From July 1988 to 1992, Mr. Marciano served as Executive Vice President of the Company.

KEN DUANE joined the Company as President of Worldwide Sales -- Corporate in June 1996. From June 1990 to June 1996, Mr. Duane served as Executive Vice President Sales and Marketing for Nautica International. Mr. Duane had served as a Senior Vice President Sales and Marketing for Hugo Boss International from October 1985 to July 1990 and prior to that time was a Vice President and National Sales Manager for J. Schoeneman/Burberry's beginning June 1981.

ROGER WILLIAMS has been the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company since March 1994. From October 1992 to February 1994, he

President -- Operations and Chief Financial Officer of Authentic Fitness Corporation, a company formed in 1990 to acquire substantially all of the Activewear division of Warnaco, Inc., where Mr. Williams served in various capacities (ending with Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer) from May 1986 to June 1990. Since August 1994, Mr. Williams has served as a Director of Nantucket Industries, Inc.

ANDREA WEISS joined Guess as President of Retail Operations for the Guess Retail and Factory Division in January 1996. Ms. Weiss was Senior Vice President and Director of Stores for Ann Taylor Stores and Ann Taylor Studio Shoe Stores, and an officer of Ann Taylor Stores Corporation, from July 1992 to February 1996. From March 1990 to July 1992, she was Director of Merchandise Operations for the Walt Disney World Resort, a division of The Walt Disney Company. From November 1987 to April 1990, she was Senior Vice President of Operations for the Naragansett Clothing Company, a specialty women's apparel retailer. Ms. Weiss sits on the Board of Common Ground, a non-profit organization.

MICHAEL WALLEN has been President, Retail Merchandising since May 1995. From October 1993 to April 1995, Mr. Wallen served as Executive Vice President of G. H. Bass & Company, a division of Phillips-Van Heusen Corporation. From January 1992 to August 1993, he served as President of Merchandising of Macy's West, a division of R. H. Macy & Co., Inc. From January 1988 to January 1992, Mr. Wallen served as Senior Vice President of Macy's California, Inc., a subsidiary of R. H. Macy & Co., Inc. Mr. Wallen began his professional career with R. H. Macy & Co., Inc. in New York and spent 19 years with the firm.

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company's Board of Directors is currently comprised of Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano. Shortly following the consummation of the Offerings, the Company intends to appoint two directors who are neither officers nor employees of the Company or its affiliates and, within one year following consummation of the Offerings, to appoint an additional two such directors.

Upon the appointment of the first two additional directors, the Board of Directors will establish an Audit Committee and a Compensation Committee. The Audit Committee will be responsible for recommending to the Board of Directors the engagement of the independent auditors of the Company and reviewing with the independent auditors the scope and results of the audits, the internal accounting controls of the Company, audit practices and the professional services furnished by the independent auditors. The Compensation Committee will be responsible for reviewing and approving all compensation arrangements for officers of the Company, and will also be responsible for administering the 1996 Equity Plan.

The Company's Board of Directors is divided into three classes. Directors of each class will be elected at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the year in which the term for such class expires and will serve thereafter for three years. The first class, whose term will expire at the first annual meeting after the Offerings, currently consists of Armand Marciano; the second class, whose term will expire at the second annual meeting after the Offerings, currently consists of Paul Marciano; and the third class, whose term will expire at the third annual meeting after the Offerings, currently consists of Maurice Marciano. For further information on the effect of the classified Board of Directors, see "Description of Capital Stock -- Certain Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Statutory Provisions Affecting Stockholders."

The General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware (the "Delaware Corporation Law") provides that a company may indemnify its directors and officers as to certain liabilities. The Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Restated Bylaws provide for the indemnification of its directors and officers to the fullest extent permitted by law, and the Company intends to enter into separate indemnification agreements with each of its

directors and officers to effectuate these provisions and to purchase directors' and officers' liability insurance. The effect of such provisions is to indemnify, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the directors and officers of the Company against all costs, expenses and liabilities incurred by them in connection with any action, suit or proceeding in which they are involved by reason of their affiliation with the Company. See "Description of Capital Stock - -- Certain Certificate of Incorporation, Bylaws and Statutory Provisions Affecting Stockholders -- Director and Officer Indemnification."

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#### COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

Directors who are employees of the Company receive no compensation for serving on the Board of Directors. It is expected that directors who are not employees of the Company will receive an annual retainer fee of \$15,000 for their services and attendance fees of \$1,000 per meeting. All directors are reimbursed for expenses incurred in connection with attendance at board or committee meetings.

In addition, pursuant to the Directors' Plan, each non-employee director of the Company, upon joining the Board of Directors, will receive non-qualified options to purchase 10,000 shares of Common Stock and will receive non-qualified options to purchase an additional 3,000 shares of Common Stock on the first day of each fiscal year thereafter. The exercise price of such options will be equal to 85% of the fair market value of the Common Stock on the respective date of grant, the term of the options will be ten years, and the options will become exercisable in 25% installments on each of the first four anniversaries of the date of grant. See "-- 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan."

#### EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table sets forth each component of compensation paid or awarded to, or earned by, the Chief Executive Officer and the four most highly compensated executive officers other than the Chief Executive Officer serving as of December 31, 1995 (the "Named Executive Officers") for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995.

# SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

NAME AND PRINCIPAL POSITION	YEAR	SALARY	BONUS	OTHER ANNUAL COMPENSATION (1)	ALL OTHER COMPENSATION (2)	
Maurice Marciano	1995 \$	2,000,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 378,230	\$ 2,250	
Chairman of the Board and Chief	1994	2,000,000	1,950,000	438,990	2,250	
Executive Officer (3)	1993	653,846	728,097	== '	2,250	
Paul Marciano	1995	1,560,000	900,000	192,464	2,250	
President and Chief Operating	1994	1,560,000	2,250,000	343,317	2,250	
Officer	1993	1,560,000	3,700,485	33,302	2,250	
Armand Marciano	1995	742,306	900,000	202,512	2,250	
Senior Executive Vice President	1994	600,000	1,800,000	278,041	2,250	
	1993	599,997	3,700,485	32,743	2,250	
Roger Williams	1995	450,000		30,620	2,250	
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	1994	342,308	100,000	147,152	'	
Michael Wallen (4) President, Retail Merchandising	1995	246,154	25,000	55,792		

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(1) Amounts of 1995 Other Annual Compensation in excess of 25% of the total indicated for such executive officer include the following: (i) \$192,256, \$55,720 and \$65,230 for transportation for Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano, respectively, (ii) \$179,000, \$130,000, \$130,000 and \$18,400 for life insurance for Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano, Armand Marciano and Roger Williams, respectively, and (iii) \$55,701 for relocation and other housing related expenses for Michael Wallen.

Amounts of 1994 Other Annual Compensation in excess of 25% of the total indicated for such executive officer include the following: (i) \$248,103 and \$89,012 for transportation for Maurice Marciano and Paul Marciano, respectively, (ii) \$184,088, \$212,026 and \$207,115 for life insurance for Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano, respectively, and (iii) \$119,059 for relocation and other housing related expenses for Roger Williams.

Amounts of 1993 Other Annual Compensation in excess of 25% of the total indicated for such executive officer include \$33,302 and \$32,743 for transportation for Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano, respectively.

(FOOTNOTES CONTINUE ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE)

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#### (CONTINUED FROM PRIOR PAGE)

- (2) Includes contributions to the Company's 401(k) Savings Plan dated January 1, 1992, by the Company for such executive officers.
- (3) Mr. Marciano rejoined the Company in August 1993.
- (4) Mr. Wallen joined the Company in May 1995.

# EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

The Company has entered into individual employment agreements (the "Executive Employment Agreements") with each of Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano (the "Executives"). The initial term of the Executive Employment Agreements begins on the date of this Prospectus (the "Effective Date") and will terminate on the third anniversary of the Effective Date. The Executive Employment Agreements will automatically extend after the initial term for successive one-year terms, unless notice not to extend is given by either party at least 90 days prior to the end of the then current term. The Executive Employment Agreements provide for an annual base salary of \$900,000, \$900,000 and \$650,000 for Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano and Armand Marciano, respectively, which may be increased based on annual reviews by the Compensation Committee. In addition, the Executive Employment Agreements provide for annual bonuses to be determined in accordance with the Company's Bonus Plan (as defined below), with a minimum expected target bonus equal to 100% of base salary. Commencing on the expiration of the term of the Executive Employment Agreement, or earlier should the Executive Employment Agreement be terminated other than due to the Executive's death or for cause (as defined in the Executive Employment Agreements), the Company and Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano or Armand Marciano, as the case may be, will enter into a two-year consulting agreement under which such Executive will render certain consulting services for which the Company will pay an annual consulting fee equal to 50% of such Executive's annual base salary, as in effect immediately prior to the commencement of the consulting period. In addition, each Executive is entitled to certain fringe benefits, including access to aircraft leased or owned by the Company and full Company-paid health and life insurance for himself and his immediate family during his lifetime. If any of the Executives is terminated without cause or resigns for good reason (as such terms are defined in the Executive Employment Agreements), then such Executive will receive as severance his then current base salary and annual target bonus for the remainder of his term of employment. The Executive will also continue to participate in Company-sponsored health, life insurance and other fringe benefit plans and programs during the severance period. Each Executive Employment Agreement further provides that upon the death or permanent disability of the Executive, such Executive (or his beneficiary) will receive a pro rata portion of his annual target bonus for the year in which the Executive's death or permanent disability occurs. The Executive Employment Agreements also include certain noncompetition, nonsolicitation and confidentiality provisions.

The Company entered into an employment agreement with Ken Duane, dated as of May 14, 1996 (the "Duane Agreement"), pursuant to which Mr. Duane will serve as President of Worldwide Sales-Corporate for a term of three years. Under the Duane Agreement, Mr. Duane is entitled to (i) a base salary of \$550,000, \$600,000 and \$650,000 in the first, second and third years of the term, respectively; (ii) a guaranteed bonus of \$250,000 in the first year of the term, a performance bonus ranging from \$100,000 to \$300,000 in the second year of the term and a performance bonus ranging from \$100,000 to \$325,000 in the third year of the term; and (iii) participation in various health, life insurance and other fringe benefit plans and programs maintained by the Company. Immediately prior to the Offerings, Mr. Duane will be granted nonqualified options to purchase an aggregate of 104,705 shares of Common Stock, consisting of options to purchase 69,807 shares at an exercise price of \$21.49 per share and options to purchase 34,898 shares at an exercise price equal to the price per share at which shares are sold in the Offerings. On the date of the Offerings, Mr. Duane will be fully vested in options to purchase 34,898 shares at an exercise price of \$21.49 per share. On June 3, 1998, Mr. Duane will be fully vested in options to purchase 34,909 shares at an exercise price of \$21.49 per share and on June 3, 1999, Mr. Duane will be fully vested in the remaining options to purchase 34,898 shares at an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price per share. In addition, Mr. Duane will receive a cash payment of \$1.0 million prior to the Offerings. The Company does not anticipate recording any compensation expense in connection with such options. If the Company terminates

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Mr. Duane's employment other than for cause (as defined in the Duane Agreement), he will be entitled to the balance of the compensation described above, subject to mitigation. The Duane Agreement also includes certain confidentiality provisions.

The Company's employment agreement with Roger Williams (the "Williams Agreement"), pursuant to which Mr. Williams serves as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, expires on March 1, 1999. Under the Williams Agreement, Mr. Williams is entitled to (i) a base salary (currently \$450,000 per year), subject to increase based upon an annual performance review by the Board, (ii) an annual performance bonus based upon the profitability of the Company of up to 50% of his base salary for such year and (iii) participation in various health, life insurance and other fringe benefit plans and programs maintained by the Company. Immediately prior to the Offerings, Mr. Williams will be granted nonqualified stock options to purchase 200,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price equal to the price per share at which shares are sold in the Offerings. Portions of Mr. Williams's stock options will vest and become exercisable each February 28 from 1997 through 1999, becoming fully exercisable as of March 1, 1999. Certain termination of employment and change of control events set forth in his employment agreement will accelerate the vesting of his stock options or enable Mr. Williams to immediately exercise his stock options to the extent then vested. In addition, if Mr. Williams's employment is terminated by the Company other than for cause, or if he resigns for good reason (as such terms are defined in the Williams Agreement), he will be entitled (i) to receive a lump sum cash payment equal to the sum of his base salary  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right$ one-year period following his termination to be covered, together with his spouse and dependents, at the Company's expense, under all medical, health and accident insurance or other such health care arrangements maintained for his benefit immediately prior to such termination. Mr. Williams's employment agreement also includes certain noncompetition, nonsolicitation confidentiality provisions.

The Company entered into an employment agreement with Andrea Weiss, dated January 22, 1996 (the "Weiss Agreement"), pursuant to which Ms. Weiss will serve as President of Retail Operations of the Company for a term of two years. Under the Weiss Agreement, Ms. Weiss is entitled to (i) a base salary (currently \$375,000 per year); (ii) an annual performance bonus ranging from \$125,000 to

\$325,000, depending on the performance of the Retail Division of the Company; and (iii) participation in various health, life insurance and other fringe benefit plans and programs maintained by the Company. The Company has an option to extend the term of employment for an additional two years. Upon consummation of the Offerings, Ms. Weiss will be eligible to participate in the 1996 Equity Plan at a level commensurate with her executive level of employment. See "--1996 Equity Incentive Plan." If Ms. Weiss's employment is terminated by the Company other than for cause at any time during the first two years of her employment, she will be entitled to the balance of her salary for the two years plus up to an additional six months' salary.

# 1996 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, the Company intends to adopt the 1996 Equity Plan. The 1996 Equity Plan will be administered by the Compensation Committee upon establishment thereof, and by the Board prior to that time (the "Committee"). The 1996 Equity Plan provides for the granting of incentive stock options (within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code) and nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, performance units and performance shares (individually, an "Award," or collectively, "Awards") to those officers, and other key employees and consultants with potential to contribute to the future success of the Company or its subsidiaries; PROVIDED, that only employees may be granted incentive stock options. The Committee has discretion to select the persons to whom Awards will be granted (from among those eligible), to determine the type, size and terms and conditions applicable to each Award and the authority to interpret, construe and implement the provisions of the 1996 Equity Plan; PROVIDED, that in accordance with the requirements under Section 162(m) of the Code, no participant may receive a grant of stock options or stock appreciation rights with respect to more than 500,000 shares of Common Stock in any Plan year. The Compensation Committee's decisions are binding on the Company and persons eligible to participate in the 1996 Equity Plan and all other persons having any interest in the 1996 Equity Plan. It is presently anticipated that approximately 160 individuals will initially participate in the 1996 Equity Plan.

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The maximum number of shares of Common Stock that may be subject to Awards under the 1996 Equity Plan, including Awards granted concurrently with the Offerings, is 4,500,000 shares, subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the 1996 Equity Plan. Common Stock issued under the 1996 Equity Plan may be either authorized but unissued shares, treasury shares or any combination thereof. Any shares of Common Stock subject to an Award which lapses, expires or is otherwise terminated prior to the issuance of such shares may become available for new Awards.

The following table shows the dollar value and number of Options awarded to the individuals and groups listed below pursuant to the 1996 Equity Plan:

# NEW PLAN BENEFITS 1996 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

NAME	 OLLAR UE(\$)(1)	NUMBER OF OPTI	ONS
Maurice Marciano			
Paul Marciano			
Armand Marciano			
Roger Williams		200,000(	2)
Ken Duane	\$ 35,602	104,705(	2)
Andrea Weiss		75,000(	3)
Michael Wallen		50,000(	3)
Executive Group	\$ 35,602	429,705	
Non-Employee Director Group		==	
Non-Executive Officer Employee Group		777,700(	3)

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- (1) Represents the aggregate value of unexercised in-the-money options as of the date of the grant, assuming an initial public offering price of the Common Stock of \$22.00 per share. The Company does not anticipate recording compensation expense relating to the grant of any such options.
- (2) See "-- Employment Agreements" above for the vesting schedule of such options.
- (3) The date of grant of the options will be the date of the Offerings, and the exercise price per share of such options will be the initial public offering price of the Common Stock in the Offerings. Such options generally vest over three or five-year periods, depending upon the employee's length of service with the Company.

Set forth below is a description of the types of Awards which may be granted under the 1996 Equity Plan:

STOCK OPTIONS. Options (each, an "Option") to purchase shares of Common Stock, which may be nonqualified or incentive stock options, may be granted under the 1996 Equity Plan at an exercise price (the "Option Price") determined by the Committee in its discretion, PROVIDED that the Option Price of incentive stock options may be no less than the fair market value of the underlying Common Stock on the date of grant (110% of fair market value in the case of an incentive stock option granted to a ten percent shareholder).

Options will expire not later than ten years after the date on which they are granted (five years in the case of an incentive stock option granted to a ten percent shareholder). Options become exercisable at such times and in such installments as determined by the Compensation Committee; PROVIDED that all such Options will be fully exercisable within five years after the date on which they are granted, and such exercisability may be based on (i) length of service or (ii) the attainment of performance goals established by the Committee; PROVIDED FURTHER that no Option granted before August 15, 1996 to a person who is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act may be exercised within the first six months following the date of grant. Subject to the preceding proviso, the Committee may also accelerate the time or times at which any or all Options held by an optionee may be exercised. Payment of the Option Price must be made in full at the time of exercise in cash, certified or bank check, or other instrument acceptable to the Committee. In the

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discretion of the Committee, payment in full or in part may also be made by tendering to the Company shares of Common Stock having a fair market value equal to the Option Price (or such portion thereof), by means of a "cashless exercise" procedure to be approved by the Committee or by withholding shares of Common Stock that would otherwise have been issued to the optionee in connection with the exercise of an Option.

STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS. A stock appreciation right ("SAR") is an Award entitling the recipient to receive an amount equal to (or less than, if the Committee so determines at the time of grant) the excess of the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on the date of exercise over the exercise price per share specified for the SAR, multiplied by the number of shares of Common Stock with respect to which the SAR is then being exercised. An SAR granted in connection with an Option will be exercisable to the extent that the related Option is exercisable. Upon the exercise of an SAR related to an Option, the Option related thereto will be cancelled to the extent of the number of shares covered by such exercise and such shares will no longer be available for grant under the 1996 Equity Plan. Upon the exercise of a related Option, the SAR will be cancelled automatically to the extent of the number of shares covered by the exercise of the Option. SARs unrelated to an Option will contain such terms and conditions as to exercisability, vesting and duration as the Committee may determine, but such duration will not be greater than ten years. The Committee may accelerate the period for the exercise of an SAR. Payment upon exercise of an SAR will be made, at the election of the Committee, in cash, in shares of Common Stock or a combination thereof. In no event shall an SAR granted prior to August 15, 1996 be exercisable within the first six months after the date such SAR is granted, or in the case of an SAR granted prior to August 15, 1996 and in tandem with a Stock Option, within the first six months after the date of grant of the related stock option.

The Committee may grant limited stock appreciation rights (an "LSAR") under the 1996 Equity Plan. An LSAR is an SAR which becomes exercisable only in the event of a "change in control" (as defined below). Any such LSAR will be settled solely in cash. An LSAR must be exercised within the 30-day period following a change in control.

RESTRICTED STOCK. An Award of restricted stock ("Restricted Stock") is an Award of Common Stock which is subject to such restrictions as the Committee deems appropriate, including forfeiture conditions and restrictions against transfer for a period specified by the Committee. With respect to Restricted Stock Awards made prior to August 15, 1996, a participant may not sell, assign, transfer, pledge or otherwise dispose of such an Award during the six month period commencing on the date of the Award. Restricted Stock Awards may be granted under the 1996 Equity Plan for or without consideration. Restrictions on Restricted Stock may lapse in installments based on factors selected by the Committee. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may waive or accelerate the lapsing of restrictions in whole or in part. Prior to the expiration of the restricted period, except as otherwise provided by the Committee, a grantee who has received a Restricted Stock Award has the rights of a shareholder of the Company, including the right to vote and to receive cash dividends on the shares subject to the Award. Stock dividends issued with respect to shares covered by a Restricted Stock Award will be treated as additional shares under such Award and will be subject to the same restrictions and other terms and conditions that apply to the shares with respect to which such dividends are issued.

PERFORMANCE SHARES; PERFORMANCE UNITS. A performance share Award (a "Performance Share") is an Award which represents the right to receive a specified number of shares of Common Stock upon satisfaction of certain specified performance criteria, subject to such other terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate. A performance unit (a "Performance Unit") is an Award of a number of units entitling the recipient to receive an amount equal to (or less than, if the Committee so determines at the time of grant) the excess of the fair market value of a share of Common Stock on the relevant date over the price per share specified for the Performance Unit, multiplied by the number of Units, upon satisfaction of certain specified performance criteria, subject to such other terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate. Performance objectives will be established before, or as soon as practicable after, the commencement of the performance period (the "Performance Period") and may be based on net earnings, operating earnings or income, absolute and/or

relative return on equity or assets, earnings per share, cash flow, pre-tax profits, earnings growth, revenue growth, comparisons to peer companies, any combination of the foregoing and/or such other measures, including individual measures of performance, as the Committee deems

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appropriate. Prior to the end of a Performance Period, the Committee, in its discretion and only under conditions which do not affect the deductibility of compensation attributable to Performance Shares or Performance Units, as the case may be, under Section 162(m) of the Code, may adjust the performance objectives to reflect an event which may materially affect the performance of the Company, a subsidiary or a division, including, but not limited to, market conditions or a significant acquisition or disposition of assets or other property by the Company, a subsidiary or a division. The extent to which a grantee is entitled to payment in settlement of a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award at the end of the Performance Period will be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, based on whether the performance criteria have been met.

Payment in settlement of a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award will be made as soon as practicable following the last day of the Performance Period, or at such other time as the Committee may determine, in shares of Common Stock or cash, respectively.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. Under the 1996 Equity Plan, if there is any change in the outstanding shares of Common Stock by reason of any stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, stock split, combination or exchange of shares or other form of reorganization, or any other change involving the Common Stock, such proportionate adjustments as may be necessary (in the form determined by the Committee) to reflect such change will be made to prevent dilution or enlargement of rights with respect to the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock for which Awards in respect thereof may be granted under the 1996 Equity Plan, the number of shares of Common Stock covered by each outstanding Award and the price per share in respect thereof. Generally, an individual's rights under the 1996 Equity Plan may not be assigned or transferred (except in the event of death).

In the event of a change in control and except as the Committee (as constituted prior to such change in control) may expressly provide otherwise: (i) all Options or SARs then outstanding will become fully exercisable as of the date of the change in control, whether or not then exercisable; (ii) all restrictions and conditions of all Restricted Stock Awards then outstanding will lapse as of the date of the change in control; (iii) all Performance Share Awards and Performance Unit Awards will be deemed to have been fully earned as of the date of the change in control and (iv) in the case of a change in control involving a merger of, or consolidation involving, the Company in which the Company is (A) not the surviving corporation (the "Surviving Entity") or (B) becomes a wholly owned subsidiary of the Surviving Entity or a parent thereof, each outstanding Option granted under the Plan and not exercised (a "Predecessor Option") will be converted into an option (a "Substitute Option") to acquire common stock of the Surviving Entity or its parent, which Substitute Option will have substantially the same terms and conditions as the Predecessor Option, with appropriate adjustments as to the number and kind of shares and exercise prices. The above notwithstanding, any Award granted before August 15, 1996 to a person who is subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act and within six months of a change in control will not be afforded any such acceleration as to exercise, vesting and payment rights or lapsing as to conditions or restrictions. For purposes of the 1996 Equity Plan and the Directors' Plan, a "change in control" shall have occurred when (A) any person or "group" within the meaning of

Sections 13(d) or 14(d)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act") (other than (x) the Company, any subsidiary of the Company, any employee benefit plan of the Company or of any subsidiary of the Company, or any person or entity organized, appointed or established by the Company or any subsidiary of the Company for or pursuant to the terms of any such plans or (y) Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano or Armand Marciano, any trust established in whole or in part for the benefit of one or more of them or their family members, or any other entity controlled by one or more of them), alone or together with its affiliates and associates (collectively, an "Acquiring Person"), shall become the beneficial owner of 20% or more of either (i) the then outstanding shares of Common Stock or (ii) the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding voting securities (except pursuant to an offer for all outstanding shares of Common Stock at a price and upon such terms and conditions as a majority of the Continuing Directors (as defined below) determine to be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders (other than an Acquiring Person on whose behalf the offer is being made)), (B) during any period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constitute the Board of Directors and any new director (other than a director who is a representative or nominee of an Acquiring Person) whose election by the Board of Directors or nomination for election by the

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Company's shareholders was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then still in office who either were directors at the beginning of the period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved (collectively, the "Continuing Directors"), no longer constitute a majority of the Board of Directors, (C) the shareholders of the Company approve a merger or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation, other than a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the Surviving Entity or a parent thereof) at least 80% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company or such Surviving Entity or a parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation; or (D) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of reorganization (other than a reorganization under the United States Bankruptcy Code) or complete liquidation of the Company or an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that a change in control shall not be deemed to have occurred in the  $\ \,$  event of (x) a sale or conveyance in which the Company continues as a holding company of an entity or entities that conduct all or substantially all of the business or businesses formerly conducted by the Company or (y) any transaction undertaken for the purpose of reincorporating the Company under the laws of another jurisdiction, if such transaction does not materially affect the beneficial ownership of the Company's capital stock.

The 1996 Equity Plan will remain in effect until terminated by the Board of Directors and thereafter until all Awards granted thereunder are either satisfied by the issuance of shares of Common Stock or the payment of cash or terminated pursuant to the terms of the 1996 Equity Plan or under any Award agreements. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Awards may be granted under the 1996 Equity Plan after the tenth anniversary of the effective date of the 1996Equity Plan. The Board of Directors may at any time terminate, modify, suspend or amend the 1996 Equity Plan; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that no such amendment, modification, suspension or termination may adversely affect an optionee's or grantee's rights under any Award theretofore granted under the 1996 Equity Plan, except with the consent of such optionee or grantee, and no such amendment or modification will be effective unless and until the same is approved by the shareholders of the Company where such shareholder approval is required to comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act, Section  $162\,(\mathrm{m})$  of the Code, or other applicable law, regulation or Nasdaq National Market or stock exchange rule.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF OPTIONS. Certain of the Federal income tax consequences to optionees and the Company of Options granted under the 1996 Equity Plan should generally be as set forth in the following summary.

An employee to whom an incentive stock option ("ISO") which qualifies under Section 422 of the Code is granted will not recognize income at the time of grant or exercise of such Option. However, upon the exercise of an ISO, any excess in the fair market price of the Common Stock over the Option Price constitutes a tax preference item which may have alternative minimum tax consequences for the employee. If the employee sells such shares more than one year after the date of transfer of such shares and more than two years after the date of grant of such ISO, the employee will generally recognize a long-term capital gain or loss equal to the difference, if any, between the sale prices of such shares and the Option Price. The Company will not be entitled to a federal income tax deduction in connection with the grant or exercise of the ISO. If the employee does not hold such shares for the required period, when the employee sells such shares, the employee will recognize ordinary compensation income and possibly capital gain or loss (long-term or short-term, depending on the holding period of the stock sold) in such amounts as are prescribed by the Code and the regulations thereunder and the Company will generally be entitled to a Federal income tax deduction in the amount of such ordinary compensation income recognized by the employee.

An employee to whom a nonqualified stock option ("NSO") is granted will not recognize income at the time of grant of such Option. When such employee exercises such NSO, the employee will recognize ordinary compensation income equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value, as of the date of Option exercise, of the shares the employee receives upon such exercise over the Option Price paid. The tax basis of such shares to such employee will be equal to the Option Price paid plus the amount, if any, includible in the employee's gross income, and the employee's holding period for such shares will commence on the date on which the employee recognizes taxable income in respect of such shares. Gain or loss upon a subsequent sale

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of any Common Stock received upon the exercise of a NSO generally would be taxed as capital gain or loss (long-term or short-term, depending upon the holding period of the stock sold). Certain additional rules apply if the Option Price is paid in shares previously owned by the participant. Subject to the applicable provisions of the Code and regulations thereunder, the Company will generally be entitled to a Federal income tax deduction in respect of a NSO in an amount equal to the ordinary compensation income recognized by the employee. This deduction will, in general, be allowed for the taxable year of the Company in which the participant recognizes such ordinary income.

# 1996 NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS' STOCK OPTION PLAN

Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, the Company intends to adopt the Directors' Plan. The purposes of the Directors' Plan are to attract and retain as non-employee directors individuals with superior training, experience and ability and to provide additional incentives to such individuals by giving them an opportunity to participate in the ownership of Common Stock of the Company. All directors who are not employees of the Company are eligible to participate in the Directors' Plan. It is presently anticipated that approximately four individuals will participate in the Directors' Plan.

Under the Directors' Plan, any person who is not an employee of the Company and who becomes a director either on or after the date of the Offerings will receive a non-qualified option (a "Non-Qualified Option") to purchase 10,000 shares of Common Stock on the date he or she becomes a director. In addition, on the first business day of each fiscal year of the Company, commencing January 1, 1997, while the Directors' Plan is in effect (each, an "Eligibility Date"), each non-employee director who has not been an employee of the Company at any time

during the previous twelve months will receive a Non-Qualified Option to purchase 3,000 shares of Common Stock.

The aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued under the Directors' Plan is 500,000, subject to adjustment in accordance with the terms of the Directors' Plan. Common Stock issued under the Directors' Plan may be either authorized but unissued shares, treasury shares or a combination thereof. Any shares of Common Stock subject to a Non-Qualified Option which lapses, expires or is otherwise terminated without the issuance of such shares may become available for new awards.

All Non-Qualified Options granted under the Directors' Plan will vest and become exercisable in 25% installments in each of the first four anniversaries of the date of grant; PROVIDED that the participant may not exercise any Non-Qualified Option as to less than 100 shares at any one time or, if the total remaining number of shares is less than 100, the participant must exercise the entire remaining shares covered by the Non-Qualified Option. However, in the event of a "change in control" of the Company, (i) all Non-Qualified Options then outstanding will become fully exercisable and (ii) in the case of a change in control involving a merger of, or consolidation involving, the Company in which the Company is (A) not the Surviving Entity or (B) becomes a wholly owned subsidiary of the Surviving Entity or any parent thereof, each Predecessor Option will be converted into a Substitute Option to acquire common stock of the Surviving Entity or its parent, which Substitute Option will have substantially the same terms and conditions as the Predecessor Option, with appropriate adjustments as to the number and kind of shares and exercise prices. See "--1996 Equity Incentive Plan -- Additional Information" above for the definition of "change in control." In addition, if there is any change in the outstanding shares of Common Stock by reason of any stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, consolidation, stock split, combination or exchange of shares or other form of reorganization, or any other change involving the Common Stock, such proportionate adjustments as may be necessary (in the form determined by the Board) to reflect such change will be made to prevent dilution or enlargement of rights with regard to the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock for which Non-Qualified Options in respect thereof may be granted under the Directors' Plan, the number of shares of Common Stock covered by each outstanding Non-Qualified Option and the price per share in respect thereof.

The price of the shares of Common Stock purchased upon exercise of a Non-Qualified Option will be equal to 85% of the fair market value of the Common Stock subject to such Non-Qualified Option as of the date of grant. The exercise price must be paid in full at the time of exercise in cash, certified or bank check, or other instrument acceptable to the Board of Directors. In the discretion of the Board, payment in full or in part may also be made by tendering to the Company shares of Common Stock having a fair market value

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equal to the exercise price (or such portion thereof), by means of a "cashless exercise" procedure to be approved by the Board of Directors or by withholding shares of Common Stock that would otherwise have been issued to the optionee upon the exercise of the Non-Qualified Option. The Company may also loan optionees sufficient funds to exercise any Non-Qualified Option.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. Non-Qualified Options granted or to be granted under the Directors' Plan are nontransferable. Each Non-Qualified Option granted will expire ten years from the date of grant and cannot be exercised after that time. In addition, if any participant ceases to be an eligible director for any reason other than death or disability, any Non-Qualified Option held by such participant may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of termination, for a period of six months from the time of termination or the expiration of the stated term of such Non-Qualified Option, whichever period is shorter; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that if such participant dies within such six-month period, any unexercised Non-Qualified Options held by such participant

will be exercisable, to the extent exercisable at the time of death, for a period of one year from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of any such Non-Qualified Option, whichever period is shorter. If any participant ceases to be an eligible director by reason of death or disability, any Non-Qualified Option held by such participant may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of termination, for a period of one year from the date of such termination or until the expiration of the stated term of such Non-Qualified Option, whichever period is shorter; PROVIDED, that if a participant who is disabled dies within such one-year period, any unexercised Non-Qualified Option held by such participant will thereafter be exercisable, to the extent it was exercisable at the time of death, for a period of one year from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Non-Qualified Option, whichever period is shorter.

Unless it is terminated at an earlier date by the Board of Directors, the Directors' Plan shall terminate ten years after the date Non-Qualified Options are first granted under the Directors' Plan.

The Board of Directors has full and exclusive discretionary authority to revise administrative rules and guidelines governing the Directors' Plan, to interpret the terms of the Directors' Plan and related agreements, to delegate its responsibility and authority under the Directors' Plan, and to generally supervise the administration of the Directors' Plan. In addition, the Board of Directors may amend, alter, suspend or discontinue the Directors' Plan at any time; PROVIDED, that the Board of Directors may not act to impair the rights of plan participants pursuant to Non-Qualified Options previously granted under the Directors' Plan without the optionee's consent. No amendment, alteration, suspension or termination will be effective unless and until the same is approved by the shareholders of the Company where such shareholder approval is required to comply with applicable law.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF NON-QUALIFIED OPTIONS. Although no Federal income tax liability accrues to a participant at the time a Non-Qualified Option is granted, the participant must recognize ordinary compensation income in the year in which the Non-Qualified Option is exercised equal to the amount by which the fair market value of the purchased shares on the date of exercise exceeds the exercise price. The tax basis of such shares to such participant will be equal to the exercise price paid plus the amount includible in the participant's gross income, and the participant's holding period for such shares will commence on the date on which the participant recognizes taxable income in respect of such shares. Gain or loss upon a subsequent sale of any Common Stock received upon the exercise of a Non-Qualified Option generally would be taxed as capital gain or loss (long-term or short-term, depending upon the holding period of the stock sold). Certain additional rules apply if the exercise price for a Non-Qualified Option is paid in shares previously owned by the participant.

Subject to the applicable provisions of the Code and regulations thereunder, the Company will generally be entitled to an income tax deduction equal to the amount of ordinary compensation income the participant recognizes in connection with the exercise of any Non-Qualified Option. The deduction will, in general, be allowed for the taxable year of the Company in which the participant recognizes such ordinary compensation income.

#### ANNUAL INCENTIVE BONUS PLAN

Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, the Company intends to adopt an Annual Incentive Bonus Plan (the "Bonus Plan") which will be administered by the Compensation Committee after the Offerings.

from among key employees who, in the judgment of the Compensation Committee, are in a position to have a significant impact on the performance of the Company. It is anticipated that approximately 100 individuals will participate in the Bonus Plan. Awards are based upon the extent to which the Company's financial performance (in terms of net earnings, operating income, earnings per share, cash flow, absolute and/or relative return on equity or assets, pre-tax profits, earning growth, revenue growth, comparison to peer companies, any combination of the foregoing and/or other appropriate measures in such manner as the Compensation Committee deems appropriate) during the year has met or exceeded certain performance goals specified by the Compensation Committee. Some performance goals applicable to participants may include elements which specify individual achievement objectives directly related to such individual's areas of responsibility. In determining whether performance goals have been satisfied, the Compensation Committee in its discretion may direct that adjustments be made to the performance goals or actual financial performance as reported to reflect extraordinary changes that have occurred during the year. The Compensation Committee may alternatively grant a discretionary bonus. In the event a participant terminates employment prior to the end of a year for any reason other than disability, retirement or death, no award under the Bonus Plan will be paid for such year unless otherwise determined by the Compensation Committee in its sole discretion. If employment terminates by reason of disability, retirement or death, the participant will be entitled to receive a PRO RATA award.

Because the performance goals under the Bonus Plan are determined by the Compensation Committee in its discretion, it is not possible to determine the benefits and amounts that will be received by any individual participant or group of participants in the future.

The Board of Directors may terminate, modify or suspend the Bonus Plan, in whole or in part, at any time; provided that no such termination or modification may impair any rights which may have accrued under such Plan.

#### 401(K) SAVINGS PLAN

On January 1, 1992, the Company established the Guess ? Inc. Savings Plan (the "Savings Plan") under Section 401(k) of the Code. Under the Savings Plan, associates may contribute up to 15% of their compensation per year subject to the elective limits as defined by guidelines of the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") and the Company may make matching contributions in amounts not to exceed 1.5% of the associates' annual compensation. The Company's contributions to the Savings Plan during the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 aggregated \$221,000, \$213,000 and \$261,000, respectively. Contributions to the Savings Plan during the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 aggregated \$132,000 and \$134,000, respectively.

# COMPENSATION COMMITTEE INTERLOCKS AND INSIDER PARTICIPATION

The Company did not have a Compensation Committee during 1995, but each of Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano (each of whom also served as an executive officer of the Company during 1995) participated in deliberations concerning executive compensation. See "Certain Transactions" immediately below for information regarding related-party transactions involving each of Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano.

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# CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS

The Company is engaged in various transactions with entities affiliated with the Marciano Trusts and the other Principal Stockholders. The Company believes that each of the transactions discussed below was entered into on terms no less favorable to the Company than could have been obtained from an unaffiliated third party.

On January 1, 1995, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with Charles David of California ("Charles David"). This new agreement superseded a prior license agreement dated September 28, 1990 and amended in May 1993. The Marciano Trusts and Nathalie Marciano (the spouse of Maurice Marciano) together own 50% of Charles David, and the remaining 50% is owned by the father-in-law of Maurice Marciano. The license agreement grants Charles David the rights to manufacture worldwide and distribute worldwide (except Japan) men's, women's and some children's leather and rubber footwear, excluding athletic footwear, which bear the GUESS logo and trademark. The license also includes related shoe care products and accessories. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$1.7 million, \$1.9 million, \$2.1 million and \$858,000, respectively. In the same respective periods, the Company purchased \$3.7 million, \$4.8 million, \$6.4 million and \$2.7 million of products from Charles David for resale in the Company's retail stores.

On September 1, 1994, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with California Sunshine Active Wear, Inc. ("California Sunshine"), granting it the rights to manufacture and distribute certain men's and women's activewear, which bear the GUESS logo and trademark, in the United States. The Marciano Trusts together own 51% of California Sunshine. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$0, \$342,000 and \$350,000, respectively. In the same respective periods, the Company purchased \$0, \$254,000 and \$332,000 of products from California Sunshine for resale in the Company's retail stores.

Effective January 1, 1995, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with Guess Italia, S.r.l. ("Guess Italia"), granting it the exclusive right in Italy and non-exclusive right in other parts of Europe to manufacture and distribute men's and women's apparel and accessories that bear the GUESS logo and trademark. Guess Italia is owned 79% by the Company and 21% by Marciano International, a company wholly owned by the Marciano Trusts that is to be merged into the Company as part of the Reorganization. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995 and for the six months ended June 30, 1996 was \$505,000 and \$266,000, respectively. During 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1996, the Company purchased \$0, \$0, \$511,000 and \$251,000 of products from Guess Italia for resale in the retail division's stores. The Company sold \$0, \$1.1 million, \$411,000 and \$94,000 of products to Guess Italia during 1993, 1994, 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1996, respectively. The Company will pay the Marciano Trusts an aggregate of \$300,000 in connection with the merger of Marciano International into the Company. Such \$300,000 payment is not included in the aggregate principal amount of the S Distribution Notes.

During 1993 and 1994, the Company made advances to Guess Italia of \$193,000 and \$989,000, respectively. These advances were subsequently recorded as additional paid-in capital.

On December 1, 1992, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with Nantucket Industries, Inc. ("Nantucket Industries") granting it the right to distribute and manufacture men's and women's innerwear, which bear the GUESS logo and trademark, in the United States. The Marciano Trusts together own 8.9% of Nantucket Industries. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$47,000, \$214,000, \$264,000 and

\$157,000, respectively. In the same respective periods, the Company purchased \$23,000, \$201,000, \$505,000 and \$313,000 of products from Nantucket Industries for resale in the Company's retail stores.

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#### PURCHASING AGENCY AGREEMENT

On May 3, 1994, the Company entered into an agreement with Ranche to serve as a non-exclusive buying agent for the Company in Hong Kong, which agreement was terminated in the first quarter of 1996 when certain of Ranche's assets were transferred to Newtimes Guess Ltd., a Hong Kong corporation ("Newtimes") in which the Marciano Trusts, through their ownership of Marciano International, and the Company hold indirect ownership interests of 25% and 25%, respectively. Ranche is currently a wholly owned subsidiary of GEBV. In the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, and in the six months ended June 30, 1996, Ranche earned commission income from the Company of \$1.3 million and \$192,000, respectively, in connection with supplying product. In addition, Ranche operates under a licensing arrangement to distribute product to authorized distributors. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$240,000 and \$133,000, respectively.

In February 1996, the Company entered into a buying agency agreement with Newtimes. Pursuant to such agreement, the Company pays Newtimes a commission based upon the price of all raw materials purchased for the Company by Newtimes. As of June 30, 1996, the Company had paid Newtimes aggregate commissions of \$186,000. In connection with the Reorganization, the Marciano Trusts' indirect interest in Newtimes will be transferred to the Company.

# SALE/LEASEBACK TRANSACTION

On July 29, 1992, the Company sold its corporate and distribution facility in Los Angeles to a limited partnership in which the sole partners were the then existing stockholders under a sale/leaseback arrangement. The facility was sold for \$24 million, of which \$13 million was received in cash upon closing of escrow. The balance of \$11 million was paid by issuance of a promissory note due in July 1994. The note was repaid in February 1993. The limited partnership obtained additional financing for its purchase of the facility through a loan from an institutional third party lender. The loan is secured by the partnership's interest in the facility and in the lease with the Company. Pursuant to the lease, the Company has agreed to indemnify the partnership against certain losses that may be incurred in connection with such loan. In August 1993, the partnership acquired and retired Georges Marciano's beneficial interest in such partnership, and the corporate general partner in such partnership redeemed Georges Marciano's beneficial interest in the corporate general partner.

#### LEASES

The Company leases warehouse and administrative facilities and one retail administrative facility from partnerships affiliated with the Marciano Trusts. The leases will expire in July 2008. Aggregate lease payments under such leases for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the fiscal six months ended June 30, 1996 were \$2.1 million, \$2.6 million, \$2.8 million and \$1.3 million, respectively.

# LOANS TO EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

In 1995, the Company loaned Mr. Wallen the sum of \$200,000 at an annual interest rate of 7% in connection with certain moving expenses. This loan is

scheduled to be repaid on August 31, 1999, with interest on the loan payable in four annual installments commencing August 31, 1996. If Mr. Wallen is an employee in good standing on August 31, 1996, the first interest payment will be waived.

In 1994, the Company loaned Mr. Williams the sum of \$400,000 in connection with certain moving expenses. The loan has been repaid in full.

# OTHER TRANSACTION

On December 31, 1993, the Company wrote off a current note receivable (including accrued interest) in the amount of \$521,000 from G&C Entertainment, Inc. ("G&C"), a corporation engaged in television and record production development. The Company acquired its 51% interest in equity of G&C in January 1993 from trusts for the benefit of Georges Marciano and Paul Marciano who were G&C's sole stockholders prior to such acquisition. G&C was dissolved in 1994.

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#### STOCKHOLDERS' AGREEMENT

Prior to consummation of the Offerings, the Principal Stockholders and the Company will amend and restate the Amended and Restated Shareholders' Agreement dated November 12, 1993 (the "Stockholders' Agreement"). Pursuant to the Stockholders' Agreement, the Principal Stockholders have agreed to vote their shares of Common Stock to elect each of Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano, or one designee of any such person (if such designee shall be reasonably acceptable to the other Principal Stockholders) to the Board of Directors. The Stockholders' Agreement provides that each of the Principal Stockholders has granted to each other and to the Company rights of first refusal with respect to the sale of any shares of the Company's outstanding Common Stock (with certain limited exceptions).

#### PURCHASE AGREEMENT

On August 23, 1993, the Company repurchased 95% of the shares of Common Stock then held by Georges Marciano for a price of \$203.5 million and a trust for the benefit of Paul Marciano purchased the remaining 5% of such shares for a price of \$10.7 million. The purchase price for such shares was determined by negotiation among the Company, the Marciano Trusts and Georges Marciano. Among the factors considered in determining the purchase price were the past and present operations of the Company, the prospects for future earnings of the Company and other relevant factors. In connection with such repurchase, the Company and the Marciano Trusts agreed to release and indemnify Georges Marciano and the Georges Marciano Trust from and against any claims relating to certain specified matters, including the Company, its management, financing, operations and personnel, and the offer and sale of the Company's Senior Subordinated Notes. Any claim for such indemnity will be in the first instance the responsibility of the Company. As consideration for such indemnity and release, Georges Marciano and the Georges Marciano Trust released the Company and the Marciano Trusts from any claim relating to certain specified matters, including the Company, its management, financing, operations and personnel (other than certain excluded matters). In addition, the Company canceled the existing license agreement between it and an affiliate of Georges Marciano with respect to the GEORGES MARCIANO-Registered Trademark- trademarks, effective August 23, 1994, and agreed to assign to such affiliate all of the Company's right, title and interest in the GEORGES MARCIANO-Registered Trademark- trademarks, but reserved the right to use such trademarks until August 23, 1994. As consideration for such assignment, Georges Marciano agreed to refrain from any use of the GEORGES MARCIANO-Registered Trademark- trademarks until August 23, 1995.

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#### PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table and the notes thereto set forth information, as of the date of this Prospectus, relating to beneficial ownership (as defined in Rule

13d-3 of the Exchange Act) of the Company's equity securities and each Principal Stockholder:

	BENEFICIAL OF COMMON PRIOR TO OFFERINGS	STOCK THE	BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF COMMON STOCK AFTER THE OFFERINGS (1)		
NAME OF BENEFICIAL OWNERS	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT	
Maurice Marciano (2)	14,812,252	45.3%	14,812,252	35.4%	
Paul Marciano (3)	12,062,736	36.9	12,062,736	28.8	
Armand Marciano (4)	5,806,831	17.8	5,806,831	13.8	
(7 persons)	32,681,819	100.0%	32,681,819	78.0%	

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- (1) The address of each person listed above is c/o Guess ?, Inc., 1444 South Alameda Street, Los Angeles, California 90021. Subject to the Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement dated as of August 1, 1996 and applicable community property laws and similar laws, each person listed above has sole voting and investment power with respect to such shares.
- (2) Includes shares beneficially owned by Maurice Marciano as follows: 13,072,727 shares as trustee of the Maurice Marciano Trust (1995 Restatement) with respect to which he has sole voting and investment power; 1,094,332 shares as co-trustee of the Paul Marciano 1996 Grantor Retained Annuity Trust with respect to which he shares voting and investment power; and 645,193 shares as co-trustee of the Armand Marciano 1996 Grantor Retained Annuity Trust with respect to which he shares voting and investment power.
- (3) Includes shares beneficially owned by Paul Marciano as follows: 10,502,443 shares as trustee of the Paul Marciano Trust dated February 20, 1986 with respect to which he has sole voting and investment power; and 1,560,293 shares as co-trustee of the Maurice Marciano 1996 Grantor Retained Annuity Trust with respect to which he shares voting and investment power.
- (4) Includes shares beneficially owned by Armand Marciano as trustee of the Armand Marciano Trust dated February 20, 1986 with respect to which he has sole voting and investment power.

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# SHARES ELIGIBLE FOR FUTURE SALE

Upon the consummation of the Offerings, the Company will have 41,882,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding. Of these shares, the 9,200,000 shares of Common Stock sold by the Company in the Offerings will be freely tradeable without restriction or further registration under the Securities Act, unless held by an "affiliate" of the Company (as that term is defined below). Any such affiliate will be subject to the resale limitations of Rule 144 adopted under the Securities Act. The remaining 32,682,000 shares of Common Stock outstanding are "restricted securities" for purposes of Rule 144 and are held by "affiliates" of the Company within the meaning of Rule 144 under the Securities Act. Restricted securities may not be resold in a public distribution except in compliance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act or pursuant to an exemption therefrom, including the exemption provided by Rule 144. The Principal Stockholders have contractual rights to demand or participate in

future registrations of shares of Common Stock under the Securities Act.

In general, under Rule 144 as currently in effect, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated), including a person who may be deemed to be an "affiliate" of the Company as that term is defined under the Securities Act, is entitled to sell within any three month period a number of shares beneficially owned for at least two years that does not exceed the greater of (i) 1% of the then outstanding shares of Common Stock or (ii) the average weekly trading volume of the outstanding shares of Common Stock during the four calendar weeks preceding such sale. Sales under Rule 144 are also subject to certain requirements as to the manner of sale, notice and the availability of current public information about the Company. However, a person (or persons whose shares are aggregated) who is not an "affiliate" of the Company during the 90 days preceding a proposed sale by such person and who has beneficially owned "restricted securities" for at least three years is entitled to sell such shares under Rule 144 without regard to the volume, manner of sale or notice requirements. As defined in Rule 144, an "affiliate" of an issuer is a person that directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with such issuer.

The Company and the Principal Stockholders have agreed, subject to certain exceptions, not to, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, grant any option to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for Common Stock or file a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the foregoing or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement or transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of the Common Stock, without the prior written consent of Merrill Lynch, for a period of 180 days after the date of this Prospectus.

Effective upon the consummation of the Offerings, the Company intends to grant options covering approximately 1,207,405 shares of its Common Stock to certain of its employees pursuant to the 1996 Equity Plan. After such grants, an aggregate of approximately 3,792,595 shares will remain available for future option grants and other equity awards under the 1996 Equity Plan and the Directors' Plan. See "Management -- 1996 Equity Incentive Plan" and "-- 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan." The Company intends to file a registration statement under the Securities Act to register all of the shares of Common Stock reserved for issuance under the 1996 Equity Plan and Directors' Plan. Such registration statement is expected to be filed as soon as practicable after the date of the Offerings and will automatically become effective upon filing. Shares issued under the 1996 Equity Plan and the Directors' Plan after the registration statement is filed may thereafter be sold in the open market, subject, in the case of the various holders, to the Rule 144 volume limitations applicable to affiliates and any transfer restrictions imposed on the date of the grant.

Prior to the Offerings, there has been no public market for the Common Stock. No predictions can be made of the effect, if any, that future sales of shares of Common Stock, and options to acquire shares of Common Stock, or the availability of shares for future sale, will have on the market price prevailing from time to time. Sales of substantial amounts of Common Stock in the public market, or the perception that such sales may occur, could have a material adverse effect on the market price of the Common Stock. See "Risk Factors -- Future Sales by Principal Stockholders; Shares Eligible for Future Sale."

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# DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following summary description of the capital stock of the Company is qualified in its entirety by reference to the form of Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Company (the "Restated Certificate") and form of Restated Bylaws of the Company, to become effective prior to the closing of the Offerings, a copy of each of which is filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement of which this Prospectus forms a part.

The authorized capital stock of the Company consists of 150,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, and 10,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value \$.01 per share (the "Preferred Stock").

# COMMON STOCK

Holders of Common Stock are entitled to one vote for each share held on all matters submitted to a vote of the shareholders, including the election of directors. The Restated Certificate does not provide for cumulative voting in the election of directors. Accordingly, holders of a majority of the shares of Common Stock entitled to vote in any election of directors may elect all of the directors standing for election. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, holders of Common Stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the Board of Directors out of funds legally available therefor. See "Dividend Policy." In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of Common Stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of the Company's liabilities and the liquidation preference, if any, of any outstanding shares of Preferred Stock. Holders of Common Stock have no preemptive rights and no rights to convert their Common Stock into any other securities and there are no redemption provisions with respect to such shares. All of the outstanding shares of Common Stock are fully paid and non-assessable. The rights, preferences and privileges of holders of Common Stock are subject to, and may be adversely affected by, the rights of the holders of shares of any series of Preferred Stock which the Company may designate and issue in the future.

At present there is no established trading market for the Common Stock. The Common Stock has been approved for listing on the NYSE under the symbol "GES," subject to official notice of issuance.

The transfer agent and registrar for the Common Stock is The First  $\,$  National  $\,$ Bank of Boston.

# PREFERRED STOCK

The Restated Certificate provides that the Board of Directors, without further action by the stockholders, may issue shares of the Preferred Stock in one or more series and may fix or alter the relative, participating, optional or other rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including the voting rights, redemption provisions (including sinking fund provisions), dividend rights, dividend rates, liquidation preferences and conversion rights, and the description of and number of shares constituting any wholly unissued series of Preferred Stock. The Board of Directors, without further stockholder approval, can issue Preferred Stock with voting and conversion rights which could adversely affect the voting power of the holders of Common Stock. No shares of Preferred Stock presently are outstanding and the Company currently has no plans to issue shares of Preferred Stock. The issuance of Preferred Stock in certain circumstances may have the effect of delaying or preventing a change of control of the Company without further action by the stockholders, may discourage bids for the Company's Common Stock at a premium over the market price of the Common Stock and may adversely affect the market price and the voting and other rights of the holders of Common Stock.

CERTAIN CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION, BYLAWS AND STATUTORY PROVISIONS AFFECTING STOCKHOLDERS

CLASSIFIED BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The Company's Board of Directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered terms. One class of directors will be elected at each annual meeting of stockholders for a three-year term. See "Management -- Board of Directors." At least two annual meetings of stockholders, instead of one, generally will be required to change the majority of the Company's Board of Directors.

SPECIAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS; STOCKHOLDER ACTION BY WRITTEN CONSENT. The Restated Certificate provides that any action required or permitted to be taken by the Company's stockholders may be effected only at a duly called annual or special meeting of stockholders. Additionally, the Restated Certificate and Bylaws provide that special meetings of the stockholders of the Company may be called only by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer or the President of the Company.

ADVANCE NOTICE REQUIREMENTS FOR STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS AND DIRECTOR NOMINATIONS. The Company's Bylaws provide that stockholders seeking to bring business before or to nominate directors at any meeting of stockholders, must provide timely notice thereof in writing. To be timely, a stockholder's notice must be delivered to, or mailed and received at, the principal executive offices of the Company not less than 60 days nor more than 90 days prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting of stockholders; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that (i) in the event that the annual meeting is called for a date that is not within 30 days before or after such anniversary date, or (ii) in the case of the annual meeting of stockholders held during the 1997 fiscal year of the Corporation, notice by the stockholder in order to be timely must be so received not later than the close of business on the tenth day following the day on which notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the annual meeting was made, whichever first occurs. The Bylaws also specify certain requirements for a stockholder's notice to be in proper written form. These provisions may preclude some stockholders from bringing matters before the stockholders or from making nominations for directors.

DIRECTOR AND OFFICER INDEMNIFICATION. The Delaware Corporation Law provides that a Delaware corporation may include provisions in its certificate of incorporation relieving each of its directors of monetary liability arising out of his or her conduct as a director for breach of his or her fiduciary duty except liability for (i) any breach of such director's duty of loyalty to the corporation or its stockholders, (ii) acts or omissions that are not in good faith or involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, (iii) conduct violating Section 174 of the Delaware Corporation Law (which section relates to unlawful distributions) or (iv) any transaction from which a director derived an improper personal benefit. The Company's Restated Certificate includes such provisions.

To the fullest extent permitted by the Delaware Corporation Law, as amended from time to time, the Company's Restated Certificate and Bylaws provide that the Company shall indemnify and advance expenses to each of its currently acting and former directors and officers, and may so indemnify and advance expenses to each of its current and former employees and agents. The Company believes the foregoing provisions are necessary to attract and retain qualified persons as directors and officers. Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, the Company intends to enter into separate indemnification agreements with each of its directors and executive officers in order to effectuate such provisions.

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# CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL TAX CONSEQUENCES TO NON-UNITED STATES HOLDERS

The following is a general discussion of certain United States Federal tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of Common Stock by a

holder that is an individual, corporation, estate or trust and, for United States Federal income tax purposes, is not a "United States person" (a "Non-United States Holder"). This discussion is based upon the United States Federal tax law now in effect, which is subject to change, possibly retroactively. For purposes of this discussion, a "United States person" means a citizen or resident of the United States; a corporation, a partnership or other entity created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States or of any political subdivision thereof; or an estate or trust whose income is includible in gross income for United States Federal income tax purposes regardless of its source. This discussion does not consider any specific facts or circumstances that may apply to a particular Non-United States Holder. Prospective investors are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding the United States Federal tax consequences of acquiring, holding and disposing of Common Stock, as well as any tax consequences that may arise under the laws of any foreign, state, local or other taxing jurisdiction.

#### DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid to a Non-United States Holder will generally be subject to withholding of United States Federal income tax at the rate of 30% (or at a reduced tax treaty rate), unless the dividend is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States by the Non-United States Holder, in which case the dividend will be subject to the United States Federal income tax on net income on the same basis that applies to United States persons generally. In the case of a Non-United States Holder which is a corporation, such effectively connected income also may be subject to the branch profits tax. Non-United States Holders should consult their tax advisors concerning any applicable income tax treaties that may provide for a lower rate of withholding or other rules different from those described above.

# GAIN ON DISPOSITION

A Non-United States Holder will generally not be subject to United States Federal income tax on gain recognized on a sale or other disposition of Common Stock unless (i) the gain is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States by the Non-United States Holder, (ii) in the case of a Non-United States Holder who is a nonresident alien individual and holds the Common Stock as a capital asset, such holder is present in the United States for 183 or more days in the taxable year of disposition and either such individual has a "tax home" in the United States or the gain is attributable to an office or other fixed place of business maintained by such individual in the United States or (iii) the Company is or has been a "U.S. real property holding corporation" for United States Federal income tax purposes (which the Company does not believe that it is or is likely to become). Gain that is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business within the United States by the Non-United States Holder will be subject to the United States Federal income tax on net income on the same basis that applies to United States persons generally (and, with respect to corporate holders, under certain circumstances, the branch profits tax) but will not be subject to withholding. Non-United States Holders should consult their own tax advisors concerning any applicable treaties that may provide for different rules.

# FEDERAL ESTATE TAXES

Common Stock owned or treated as owned by an individual who is not a citizen or resident (for United States estate tax purposes) of the United States at the date of death will be included in such individual's estate for United States Federal estate tax purposes, unless an applicable estate tax treaty provides otherwise.

# INFORMATION REPORTING AND BACKUP WITHHOLDING

The Company generally must report annually to the Internal Revenue Service and to each Non-United States Holder the amount of dividends paid to, and the tax withheld with respect to, such holder, regardless of whether any tax was

actually withheld. This information may also be made available to the tax authorities of a country in which the Non-United States Holder resides.

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Under temporary United States Treasury regulations, United States information reporting requirements and backup withholding tax will generally not apply to dividends paid on the Common Stock to a Non-United States Holder at an address outside the United States. Payments by a United States office of a broker of the proceeds of a sale of the Common Stock is subject to both backup withholding at a rate of 31% and information reporting unless the holder certifies its Non-United States Holder status under penalties of perjury or otherwise establishes an exemption. Information reporting requirements (but not backup withholding) will also apply to payments of the proceeds of sales of the Common Stock by foreign offices of United States brokers, or foreign brokers with certain types of relationships to the United States, unless the broker has documentary evidence in its records that the holder is a Non-United States Holder and certain other conditions are met, or the holder otherwise establishes an exemption.

Backup withholding is not an additional tax. Any amounts withheld under the backup withholding rules will, in certain circumstances, be refunded or credited against the Non-United States Holder's United States Federal income tax liability, provided that the required information is furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.

# PROPOSED REGULATIONS

Under current United States Treasury regulations, dividends paid to an address in a foreign country are presumed to be paid to a resident of that country (unless the payor has knowledge to the contrary) for purposes of the withholding discussed above and, under the current interpretation of United States Treasury regulations, for purposes of determining the applicability of a tax treaty rate. Under recently proposed United States Treasury regulations that are proposed to be effective for payments made after December 31, 1997 (the "Proposed Regulations"), however, a Non-United States Holder of Common Stock who wishes to claim the benefit of an applicable treaty rate would be required to satisfy applicable certification requirements. Under the Proposed Regulations, dividend payments would also be made subject to information reporting and backup withholding unless these applicable certification requirements are satisfied. In addition, under the Proposed Regulations, in the case of Common Stock held by a foreign partnership, (x) the certification requirement would generally be applied to the partners of the partnership and (y) the partnership would be required to provide certain information, including a United States taxpayer identification number. The Proposed Regulations also provide look-through rules for tiered partnerships. There can be no assurance that the Proposed Regulations will be adopted or as to the provisions that they will include if and when adopted in temporary or final form.

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# UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in a purchase agreement (the "U.S. Purchase Agreement") among the Company and each of the underwriters named below (the "U.S. Underwriters"), and concurrently with the sale of 1,840,000 shares of Common Stock to the International Managers (as defined below), the Company has agreed to sell to each of the U.S. Underwriters, and each of the U.S. Underwriters severally has agreed to purchase from the Company, the number of shares of Common Stock set forth opposite its name below.

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith	
Incorporated	
Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated	
Total	7,360,000

Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated are acting as representatives (the "U.S. Representatives") of the U.S. Underwriters.

The Company has also entered into a purchase agreement (the "International Purchase Agreement" and, together with the U.S. Purchase Agreement, the "Purchase Agreements") with certain underwriters outside the United States and Canada (collectively, the "International Managers," and together with the U.S. Underwriters, the "Underwriters"), for whom Merrill Lynch International and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited are acting as representatives of the International Managers (the "International Representatives" and, together with the U.S. Representatives, the "Representatives"). Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the International Purchase Agreement, and concurrently with the sale of 7,360,000 shares of Common Stock to the U.S. Underwriters pursuant to the U.S. Purchase Agreement, the Company has agreed to sell to the International Managers and the International Managers have severally agreed to purchase from the Company, an aggregate of 1,840,000 shares of Common Stock. The initial public offering price per share of Common Stock and the underwriting discount per share of Common Stock are identical under the U.S. Purchase Agreement and the International Purchase Agreement.

In the U.S. Purchase Agreement and the International Purchase Agreement, the several U.S. Underwriters and the several International Managers, respectively, have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein, to purchase all of the shares of Common Stock being sold pursuant to each such Agreement if any of the shares of Common Stock being sold pursuant to such Agreement are purchased. Under certain circumstances, the commitments of non-defaulting U.S. Underwriters or International Managers (as the case may be) may be increased. The purchase of shares of Common Stock by the U.S. Underwriters is conditioned upon the purchase of shares of Common Stock by the International Managers, and vice versa.

The U.S. Underwriters and the International Managers have entered into an intersyndicate agreement (the "Intersyndicate Agreement") providing for the coordination of their activities. The Underwriter's are permitted to sell shares of Common Stock to each other for purposes of resale at the initial public offering price, less an amount not greater than the selling concession. Under the terms of the Intersyndicate Agreement, the U.S. Underwriters and any dealer to whom they sell shares of Common Stock will not offer to sell or sell shares of Common Stock to persons who are non-U.S. or non-Canadian persons or to persons they believe intend to resell to persons who are non-U.S. or non-Canadian persons, and the International Managers and any dealer to whom they sell shares of Common Stock will not offer to sell or sell shares of Common Stock to U.S. persons or to Canadian persons or to persons they believe intend to resell to U.S. persons or Canadian persons, except in the case of transactions pursuant to the Intersyndicate Agreement.

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The U.S. Representatives have advised the Company that the U.S. Underwriters propose initially to offer the shares of Common Stock to the public at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus, and to certain dealers at such price less a concession not in excess of \$ per share of Common Stock on sales to certain other dealers. The U.S. Underwriters may allow, and such dealers may reallow, a discount not in excess of \$ per share of Common Stock on sales to certain other dealers. After the initial public offering, the public offering price, concession and discount may be

changed.

At the request of the Company, the U.S. Underwriters have reserved up to 750,000 shares of Common Stock for sale at the initial public offering price to directors, officers, employees, business associates and related persons of the Company. The number of shares of Common Stock available for sale to the general public will be reduced to the extent such persons purchase such reserved shares. Any reserved shares which are not so purchased will be offered by the Underwriters to the general public on the same basis as the other shares offered hereby. Certain individuals purchasing reserved shares may be required to agree not to sell, offer or otherwise dispose of any shares of Common Stock for a period of three months after the date of this Prospectus.

The Company, the Principal Stockholders and certain executive officers have agreed, subject to certain exceptions, not to, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, grant any option to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for Common Stock or file a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the foregoing or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement or transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of the Common Stock, without the prior written consent of Merrill Lynch, for a period of 180 days after the date of this Prospectus.

The Company has granted an option to the U.S. Underwriters, exercisable within 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to an aggregate of 1,104,000 additional shares of Common Stock at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus, less the underwriting discount. The U.S. Underwriters may exercise this option only to cover over-allotments, if any, made on the sale of the Common Stock offered hereby. To the extent that the U.S. Underwriters exercise this option, each U.S. Underwriter will be obligated, subject to certain conditions, to purchase a number of additional shares of Common Stock proportionate to such U.S. Underwriter's initial amount reflected in the foregoing table. The Company also has granted an option to the International Managers, exercisable within 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to an aggregate of 276,000 additional shares of Common Stock to cover over-allotments, if any, on terms similar to those granted to the U.S. Underwriters.

Prior to the Offerings, there has been no public market for the shares of Common Stock of the Company. The initial public offering price has been determined through negotiations between the Company and the Representatives. Among the factors considered in determining the initial public offering price, in addition to prevailing market conditions, are price-earnings ratios of publicly traded companies that the Representatives believe to be comparable to the Company, certain financial information of the Company, the history of, and the prospects for, the Company and the industry in which it competes, an assessment of the Company's management, its past and present operations, the prospects for, and timing of, future revenues of the Company, the present state of the Company's development, and the above factors in relation to market values and valuation measures of other companies engaged in activities similar to the Company. There can be no assurance that an active trading market will develop for the Common Stock or that the Common Stock will trade in the public market subsequent to the Offerings at or above the initial public offering price.

The Underwriters do not intend to confirm sales of the Common Stock  $\,$  offered hereby to any accounts over which they exercise discretionary authority.

The Company and the Principal Stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the Underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof.

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# LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the Common Stock offered hereby will be passed upon for the Company by Shearman & Sterling, Los Angeles, California. Certain legal matters

relating to the Offerings will be passed upon for the Underwriters by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, Los Angeles, California. Shearman & Sterling has from time to time represented certain of the Underwriters in connection with unrelated legal matters. Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom has from time to time represented the Company in connection with unrelated legal matters.

# EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements and schedule of the Company as of December 31, 1994 and 1995, and for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 1995, have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report of KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, independent certified public accountants appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Company is subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and, in accordance therewith, files reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such reports and other information filed by the Company may be inspected without charge at the Securities and Exchange Commission's principal office in Washington, D.C., and at the following regional offices of the Commission: Citicorp Center, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, Illinois 60661-2511 and at Seven World Trade Center, Suite 1300, New York, New York 10048. Copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained from the Public Reference Section, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 upon payment of the prescribed fees. Upon listing of the Common Stock on the NYSE, such reports and other information can also be inspected at the offices of the NYSE, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005. In addition, the Commission maintains a World Wide Web site on the Internet at http:// www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the Commission.

The Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a Registration Statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the Common Stock offered hereby. This Prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits and schedules thereto. For further information with respect to the Company or such Common Stock, reference is made to the Registration Statement and the schedules and exhibits filed as a part thereof. Statements contained in this Prospectus regarding the contents of any contract or any other document are not necessarily complete and, in each instance, reference is hereby made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to such Registration Statement. The Registration Statement, including exhibits thereto, may be inspected without charge office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained upon payment of the prescribed fees.

The Company intends to furnish its stockholders with annual reports containing financial statements audited by independent certified public accountants and with quarterly reports containing unaudited financial information for each of the first three quarters of each fiscal year.

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# INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated Statements of Earnings for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994,

Independent Auditors	s' Report			F-2
		, ,	(audited) and June 30,	F-3

1995 (audited) and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996	
(unaudited)	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994, 1995 (audited) and six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 (unaudited)	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994, 1995 (audited) and six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996	
(unaudited)	F-6
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-7

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Guess ?, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Guess ?, Inc. and Subsidiaries as listed in the accompanying index. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Guess?, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 1994 and 1995 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1995 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG PEAT MARWICK LLP

Los Angeles, California March 1, 1996

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995, JUNE 30, 1996 AND PRO FORMA JUNE 30, 1996
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 5,994	\$ 6,417	\$ 5,442	\$ 5,442
Receivables: Trade receivables, net of reserves aggregating, \$10,391,				
\$10,849 and \$8,222 at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June	23,505	22,886	21 402	21 402
30, 1996, respectively	9,728	9,975	31,403 10,875	31,403 10,875
Other	5,267	4,040	3,427	3,427
	38,500	36,901	45,705	45,705
Inventories (note 3)	83,772	72,889	92,340	92,340
Prepaid expenses Deferred tax assets (note 1)	4,837	5,557 	6,845	6,845 3,663
Total current assets	133,103	121,764	150,332	153,995
Property and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation				
and amortization (note 4)	59,725 3,136	68,199 3,394	67,346 3,408	67,346 3,408
Deferred tax assets (note 1)				3,781
\$2,279 and \$2,680 at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively (note 7)	11,732	9,278	8,649	8,649
1990, Tespectively (note //				
	\$ 207,696 	\$ 202,635	\$ 229,735	\$ 237,179
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER	RS' EOUITY			
Current liabilities:				
Current installments of notes payable and long-term debt (notes				
5 and 7)Accounts payable	\$ 4,696 29,840			\$ 4,056 37,221
Accrued expenses	14,431	18,332	23,865	24,165
Income taxes payable (note 6)	1,009	1,036	775	775
S corporation distribution notes (note 1)				176,900
Total current liabilities				243,117
Notes payable and long-term debt, net of current installments				
(notes 5 and 7)	151,799	119,212	148,712	148,712
Minority interest	53 5,495	75 8,159	247 8,535	247 8,535
Stockholders' equity (notes 1, 7 and 13):	207,323	191,638	223,411	400,611
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 10,000,000 shares;				
no shares issued and outstanding				
issued 52,713,000 shares, outstanding 32,682,000 shares, 20,031,000 shares held in Treasury	35	35	35	35
Paid-in capital	181	181	181	(20,183)
Retained earnings	150,948		156,836	7,444
Foreign currency translation adjustment Treasury stock, 20,031,000 shares repurchased	(15) (150,776)			48 (150,776)
Net stockholders' equity (deficiency)	373	10,997	6,324	(163,432)
	\$ 207,696	\$ 202,635	\$ 229,735	\$ 237,179

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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# GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1993, 1994 AND 1995 AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996 (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

	1993	1994	1995	JULY 2, 1995	JUNE 30, 1996
				(UNA	AUDITED)
Net revenue: Product sales Net royalties		\$ 507,462 40,350	\$ 440,359 46,374	\$ 206,579 23,073	\$ 232,111 25,295
Cost of sales (note 8)	520,224 260,409	547,812 291,989	486,733 262,142	229,652 120,809	257,406 137,113

Gross profit	259,815	255,823	224,591	108,843	120,293
Selling, general and administrative expenses (note 8)		138,016 			72,829 3,559
Earnings from operations	114,464	117,807	82,928	42,375	43,905
Non-operating income (expense): Interest, net	(11,735) 2,552	(16,948) 322	(15,957) (157)		(7,291) (147)
	(9,183)	(16,626)	(16,114)	(8,106)	(7,438)
Earnings before income taxes	105,281	101,181	66,814	34,269	36,467
Income taxes (note 6)	1,810	3,540	2,895	1,275	1,598
Net earnings			\$ 63,919		
Supplemental pro forma financial information (note 1):					
Earnings before income taxes, as presented	42,112	40,472	26,726	13,708	14,477
Pro forma net earnings (unaudited)	\$ 63,169	\$ 60,709	\$ 40,088	\$ 20,561	\$ 21,990
Pro forma net earnings per share			\$ 1.00 40,040,000		\$ .55 39,825,000

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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#### GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1993, 1994 AND 1995 AND THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 (IN THOUSANDS)

	COMMON STOCK	PAID-IN CAPITAL	RETAINED EARNINGS	FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENT	TREASURY STOCK	TOTAL
Balance at December 31, 1992  Net earnings Stockholder distributions Foreign currency translation adj Repurchase of treasury stock	\$ 35   	\$ 181   	\$ 167,174 103,471 (117,656)  (52,682)	\$  (31) 	\$  (150,776)	\$ 167,390 103,471 (117,656) (31) (203,458)
Balance at December 31, 1993  Net earnings  Stockholder distributions  Foreign currency translation adj	35   	181  	100,307 97,641 (47,000)	(31)   16	(150,776)  	(50,284) 97,641 (47,000) 16
Balance at December 31, 1994  Net earnings  Stockholder distributions  Foreign currency translation adj	35  	181  	150,948 63,919 (53,300)	(15)   5	(150,776)  	373 63,919 (53,300) 5
Balance at December 31, 1995	35	181	161,567 34,869	(10)	(150,776) 	10,997 34,869
(unaudited) Foreign currency translation adj. (unaudited)			(39,600)	58		(39,600)
Balance at June 30, 1996 (unaudited)	\$ 35	\$ 181	\$ 156,836	\$ 48	\$ (150,776)	\$ 6,324

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statement

## GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1993, 1994 AND 1995 AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996 (IN THOUSANDS)

	1993	1994	1995	JULY 2, 1995	JUNE 30, 1996
				(UNAUI	DITED)
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net earnings	\$ 103,471	\$ 97,641	\$ 63,919	\$ 32,994	\$ 34,869
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment Amortization of deferred charges	10,322 251 (223)	12,070 515 726	14,277 1,373 814	6,822 801 259	8,379 669 100
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(31) 29	(5) 24 (72)	(14) 22 (117)	(51)	33 172 (9)
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables	46,708	(14,628)	1,599	(12,119)	(8,803)
Inventories	(20,357)	(3,353)	10,884	6,097	(19,451)
Prepaid expenses	(245)	(1,516)	(720)	(309)	(1,288)
Other assets Increase (decrease) in:	(1,620)	180	1,858	428	234
Accounts payable	(9,259)		10,861		(3,479)
Accrued expenses	1,303		3,658		5,367
Income taxes payable	(2,380)				(261)
Net cash provided by operating activities	127,969		108,436	38,749	16,532
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Net decrease in short-term investments	22,782	5,000			
Purchases of property and equipment	(14,965)		(23,757)		(7,986)
Proceeds from the disposition of property and equipment	2,425		192		360
Lease incentives granted	1,573	1,503	2,015	1,248	261
Purchase of long-term investments		(3,136)			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	11,815		(21,573)		(7,365)
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Proceeds from notes payable and long-term debt  Proceeds from Bridge Loan	280,520 80,000	222,040	131,193	75,254 	105,943
Repayment of notes payable and long-term debt	(99,655) (80,000)		(164,353)		(76,510) 
Distributions to stockholders	(117,656) (203,458)		(53,300) 	(41,800)	(39,600)
Net cash used in financing activities	(140,249)		(86,460)	(30,407)	(10,167)
Effect of exchange rates on cash		20	20		25
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(465)	2,944	423	(2,942)	(975)
Cash at beginning of period	3,515		5,994	5,994	6,417
Cash at end of period	\$ 3,050	\$ 5,994	\$ 6,417	\$ 3,052	\$ 5,442
Supplemental disclosures: Cash paid during the period for: Interest	\$ 7,189 4,259	\$ 16,380 2,879	\$ 15,396 1,925	\$ 7,627 1,467	\$ 6,926 1,856

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Guess ?, Inc. (the "Company") designs, develops and markets quality contemporary jeans and other casual wear for men and women. The Company distributes it products through major department stores, specialty retailers, foreign distributors and its network of Company-owned and -operated retail and factory outlet stores.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its foreign subsidiaries, Guess Italia, S.r.l. and Guess? Europe, B.V. The Company has a 79% and 50% interest in Guess Italia S.r.l. and Guess? Europe, B.V., respectively. The remaining 21% of Guess Italia S.r.l. and 50% of Guess? Europe, B.V. is owned by Marciano International, Inc. ("Marciano International"), a related party, which is wholly-owned by the stockholders of the Company. Accordingly, all references herein to "Guess?, Inc." include the consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### INTERIM FINANCIAL DATA

The interim consolidated financial data as of June 30, 1996 and for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 is unaudited. This information reflects all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, that in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Company for the periods indicated. Results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the full year.

#### INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market.

#### TRADE AND ROYALTY RECEIVABLES

The Company extends trade credit to its customers in the ordinary course of business. None of the receivables due from customers at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996 involved factored accounts or other contingencies relating to third-party risk, except to the extent that the Company has chosen to insure certain accounts from risk of loss under a catastrophic loss policy.

The Company has licensing arrangements with 27 licensees for use of its name and trademark. Royalty payments received by the Company are generally on a percentage of the licensees' net sales and require that minimum royalty payments be made if specified minimum sales levels are not obtained. Royalty income is net of direct expenses aggregating \$2,387,000, \$2,813,000, \$2,331,000, \$1,114,000 and \$1,006,000 for 1993, 1994, 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively. The licensing agreements expire on various dates through December 2003.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of merchandise upon shipment. The Company accrues for estimated sales returns and allowances in the period in which the related revenue is recognized. Royalty income is based upon licensees' net sales.

#### SIGNIFICANT CUSTOMERS

Individual customers aggregating in excess of 10% of net sales for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 are summarized as follows:

	YEAR EN	DED DECEMBE	R 31,	SIX MONIII	.S ENDED,
	1993	1994	1995 	JULY 2, 1995	JUNE 30, 1996
Customer A	11.5%	10.3%	11.0%	11.7%	8.2%

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### GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED) DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment are provided using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	18 to 31
Building and building improvements	years
Land improvements	5 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 5 years
Corporate aircraft	5 to 10 years
Corporate vehicles	3 years

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the estimated useful life of the asset or the term of the lease. Construction in progress is not depreciated until the related asset is completed.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 52, balance sheet accounts of the Company's foreign operations are translated from foreign currencies into U.S. dollars at year end rates while income and expenses are translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. The related translation adjustments are reflected as a foreign currency translation adjustment in the consolidated balance sheet.

#### INCOME TAXES

The Company has elected to be treated for Federal and certain state income tax purposes as an S corporation under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code and comparable state laws. As a result, the earnings of the Company have been included in the taxable income of the Company's stockholders for Federal and certain state income tax purposes, and the Company has generally not been subject to income tax on such earnings, other than California and other state franchise taxes.

In February 1992, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." One of the provisions of Statement No. 109 enables companies to record deferred tax assets for the future benefit to be derived from certain deductible temporary differences. The Company has adopted the provisions of Statement No. 109 effective January 1, 1993; however, as differences giving rise to deferred tax assets are immaterial, the Company has not recorded any deferred tax assets at December 31, 1994 and 1995.

#### PRO FORMA NET EARNINGS

Pro forma net earnings represents the results of operations adjusted to reflect a provision for income taxes on historical earnings before income taxes, which gives effect to the change in the Company's income tax status to a C corporation as a result of the public sale of its common stock. When the Company terminates its S corporation status, which is expected to occur immediately prior to the consummation of the Offerings, it will record an earnings benefit resulting from the establishment of net deferred tax assets. The amount of the benefit to be recorded (approximately \$7.4 million) at June 30, 1996 will be dependent upon temporary differences existing at the date of termination of the Company's S corporation status. The principal difference between the pro forma income tax rate and Federal statutory rate of 35% relates primarily to state income taxes.

Pro forma net earnings per share has been computed by dividing pro forma net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The pro forma net earnings per share gives effect to the issuance of shares of common stock to generate sufficient cash to pay (i) the

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

S Corporation Distribution is an amount equal to retained earnings and (ii) the \$300,000 to be paid by the Company to the Marciano Trusts in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company.

#### PRO FORMA BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

Pro forma balance sheet information as of June 30, 1996 has been presented to reflect i) the S corporation distribution (the "S Corporation Distribution") to be made in an amount equal to the previously earned and undistributed taxable S corporation earnings aggregating approximately \$176.9 million through the date of termination of the Company's S corporation status as if such distribution had been made at June 30, 1996 and the Company's S corporation status had been terminated at such date, ii) an estimated \$7.4 million of net deferred tax assets that would have been recorded had the Company's S corporation status been terminated on June 30, 1996 and iii) the amount to be paid to the Marciano Trusts of \$300,000 in connection with the merger of Marciano International with and into the Company. The pro forma paid-in capital reflects a reduction of \$20.1 million for that portion of the S Corporation Distribution which is in excess of financial statement retained earnings.

No adjustment has been made to give effect to the Company's earned and undistributed taxable S corporation earnings for the period from July 1, 1996 through the S Termination Date, which will be distributed as part of the S Corporation Distribution.

#### CREDIT RISK

The Company sells its merchandise principally to customers throughout the United States and Europe. Management performs regular evaluations concerning the ability of its customers to satisfy their obligations and records a provision for doubtful accounts based upon these evaluations. The Company's credit losses for the periods presented are insignificant and have not exceeded management's

estimates.

#### FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments, which principally include cash, short and long-term investments, trade receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses, approximates fair value due to the relatively short maturity of such instruments.

The fair value of the Company's debt instruments are based on the amount of future cash flows associated with each instrument discounted using the Company's borrowing rate. At December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996, the carrying value of all financial instruments was not materially different from fair value.

#### USE OF ESTIMATES

Management of the Company has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### IMPACT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 121 (SFAS No. 121), "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-lived Assets and for Long-lived Assets to be Disposed of," in March 1995 which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 1995. SFAS No. 121 establishes accounting standards for the impairment of long-lived assets, certain identifiable intangibles and goodwill related to these assets and certain identifiable intangibles to be disposed of. The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 121 effective April 1, 1996 and has accordingly recorded a write down

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

aggregating \$3.6 million in the second quarter of 1996 related to certain operating assets to be disposed of and is included as Reorganization Charge in the accompanying statement of earnings. See also Note 14. The Company does not anticipate that SFAS No. 121 will have a material impact on its financial statements.

#### RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 1993, 1994 and 1995 financial statements to conform to the June 30, 1996 presentation.

#### 2. INVESTMENTS

Long-term investments consist of equity securities aggregating \$3,136,000, \$3,394,000 and \$3,408,000 at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996,

respectively. The investments are generally accounted for under the equity method of accounting. Supplemental information on investee companies has not been provided as it is immaterial to the consolidated financial statements.

#### INVENTORIES

Inventories at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	1994			1995	JUNE 30, 1996	
					(UN	IAUDITED)
Raw materials. Work in process. Finished goods.	\$	,		9,788 11,264 51,837		,
	\$	83,772	\$	72,889	\$	92,340

#### 4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996 is summarized as follows (in thousands):

		1994		1995	JUNE 30, 1996		
					(UN	AUDITED)	
Land and land improvements.  Building and building improvements  Leasehold improvements.  Machinery and equipment.  Corporate aircraft.  Construction in progress.	\$	5,725 8,435 25,470 40,389 18,324 363	\$	5,729 8,446 36,059 48,279 19,138 2,269	\$	5,729 8,446 37,844 50,565 21,206 3,021	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		98,706 38,981		119,920 51,721		126,811 59,465	
	ې 	59,725	۶ 	68,199	> 	67,346 	

Construction in progress at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June 30, 1996 represents the costs associated with the construction of buildings and improvements used in the Company's operations and other capitalizable expenses for projects in progress.

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#### 5. NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes payable and long-term debt at December 31, 1994 and 1995 and June  $\,$  30, 1996 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	 1994	 1995	JUNE 30, 1996 (UNAUDITED)
9 1/2% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2003 (see note 7)	\$ 115,000	\$ 105,000	\$ 105,000
30, 1996 and payable monthly	35,000	13,000	43,000
year, due in quarterly installments of \$665,385 through December 1995 Note payable, secured by corporate aircraft, bearing interest at 8.23% per	1,895		
year, payable in quarterly installments of \$221,003 through March 1998 Other, including capitalized leases	2,499 2,101	,	1,427 3,341
Less current installments	 156,495 4,696	123,335 4,123	152,768 4,056
	\$ 151,799	\$ 119,212	\$ 148,712

Aggregate maturities of notes payable and long-term debt at December 31, 1995 are summarized as follows:

December 31, (in thousands): 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 Thereafter	13,995 217 
	\$ 123,335

The Company had outstanding standby letters of credit aggregating \$9.0 at December 31, 1995 under its \$100 million long term line of credit. Additionally, the Company has a \$25 million letter of credit facility pursuant to which \$1.1 million in letters of credit were outstanding at December 31, 1995.

During 1994 and 1995, the Company repurchased \$15.0 million and \$10.0 million of the Senior Subordinated Notes, respectively. Additionally, the related deferred financing costs of \$468,000 and \$281,000 were written off to interest expense during 1994 and 1995, respectively.

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

The provision for state income taxes for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 consists of the following (in thousands):

	 1993	 1994	 1995	ULY 2, 1995	
Current income tax  Deferred tax benefit					1,598
	\$ 1,810	\$ 3,540	\$ 2,895	\$ 1,275	\$ 1,598

Deferred income tax benefits in 1993 resulted from timing differences in the recognition of revenue and expense for financial reporting purposes and income tax purposes. These differences related principally to a lawsuit settlement, depreciation expense and officers' compensation.

#### 7. STOCK REPURCHASE

On August 23, 1993, the Company and certain of its stockholders completed the purchase of all of the common stock owned by a selling stockholder. The Company purchased 20,031,000 shares, representing 38% of the then outstanding shares, from the selling stockholder (the "Company Purchased Shares"). The total purchase price for the Company Purchased Shares aggregated \$203.5 million. To consummate the acquisition of the Company Purchased Shares, the Company used proceeds from the sale of 9 1/2% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2003 (the "Senior Subordinated Notes") aggregating \$130.0 million principal amount and a Bridge Loan of \$80.0 million.

The Senior Subordinated Notes have a maturity date of August 15, 2003 and accrue interest, payable semiannually, at an original rate of interest of 10%. On February 7, 1994, the Company exchanged these Notes for publicly registered notes which reduced this interest rate to 9 1/2%, until maturity. The notes are redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, on or after August 15, 1998, at various redemption prices. Additionally, the Company may redeem up to 35% of the original aggregate principal amount of the Senior Subordinated Notes at any time on or prior to August 15, 1996 in the event of a Public Equity Offering in which the Company receives proceeds of not less than \$30.0 million, at a redemption price of 109% of the principal amount of the notes redeemed.

In connection with the purchase of the Company Purchased Shares, the Company charged retained earnings \$52.7 million, representing the selling stockholder's allocable portion of retained earnings as of August 23, 1993, the purchase date. The remaining cost of the acquired shares, or \$150.8 million, representing purchase price in excess of the selling stockholder's allocated retained earnings, was recorded as treasury stock in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Deferred financing costs totaling \$3.3 million were incurred in connection with the sale of the Senior Subordinated Notes, and \$2.4 million were incurred in connection with the Bridge Loan. Such deferred financing costs, plus expenses of the offering of the Senior Subordinated Notes and Bridge Loan, have been capitalized as deferred financing costs and will be amortized over the respective terms of the related indebtedness. The costs related to the Bridge Loan were fully amortized upon the repayment of the Bridge Loan and recorded as interest expense in the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Earnings. See also note 5.

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is engaged in various transactions with entities affiliated with trusts for the respective benefit of Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano (the "Marciano Trusts"). The Company believes that each

## GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

of the companies, in which the Marciano Trusts have an investment, and related party transactions discussed below were entered into on terms no less favorable to the Company than could have been obtained from an unaffiliated third party.

#### LICENSE ARRANGEMENTS AND LICENSEE TRANSACTIONS

On January 1, 1995, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with Charles David of California ("Charles David"). This new agreement superseded a prior license agreement dated September 28, 1990 and amended in May 1993. The Marciano Trusts and Nathalie Marciano (the spouse of Maurice Marciano) together own 50% of Charles David, and the remaining 50% is owned by the father-in-law of Maurice Marciano. The license agreement grants Charles David the rights to manufacture worldwide and distribute worldwide (except Japan) men's, women's and some children's leather and rubber footwear, excluding athletic footwear, which bear the GUESS logo and trademark. The license also includes related shoe care products and accessories. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$1,707,000, \$1,893,000, \$2,117,000 and \$858,000, respectively. In the same respective periods, the Company purchased \$3,715,000, \$4,814,000, \$6,357,000 and \$2,725,000 of products from Charles David for resale in the retail division's stores.

On September 1, 1994, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with California Sunshine Active Wear, Inc. ("California Sunshine"), granting it the rights to manufacture and distribute certain men's and women's activewear, which bear the GUESS logo and trademark, in the United States. The Marciano Trusts together own 51% of California Sunshine. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$0, \$342,000 and \$350,000, respectively. In the same periods, the Company purchased \$0, \$254,000 and \$332,000 of products from California Sunshine for resale in the retail division's stores.

Effective January 1, 1995, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with Guess Italia, S.r.l. ("Guess Italia"), granting it the exclusive right in Italy and non-exclusive right in other parts of Europe to manufacture and distribute men's and women's apparel and accessories that bear the GUESS logo and trademark. Guess Italia is owned 79% by the Company and 21% by Marciano International, Inc., a company wholly owned by the Marciano Trusts, and being merged into the Company as a part of the Reorganization. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$505,000 and \$266,000, respectively. During 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1996, the Company purchased \$0, \$0, \$511,000 and \$251,000 of products from Guess Italia for resale in the retail division's stores. The Company sold \$0, \$1,100,000, \$411,000 and \$94,000 of products to Guess Italia during 1993, 1994, 1995 and the six months ended June 30, 1996, respectively. The Company will pay the Marciano Trusts an aggregate of \$300,000 in connection with the merger of Marciano International, Inc. into the Company. Such \$300,000 payment is not included in the aggregate principal amount of the S Distribution Notes.

On May 3, 1994, the Company entered into an agreement with Ranche Limited ("Ranche") to serve as a non-exclusive buying agent for the Company in Hong Kong, which agreement was terminated in the first quarter of 1996. Ranche is currently a wholly owned subsidiary of Guess Europe, B.V. In the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, and in the six months ended June 30, 1996, Ranche earned commission income from the Company of \$1,334,000 and \$192,000, respectively, in connection with supplying product. In addition, Ranche operates under a licensing arrangement to distribute product to authorized distributors. Aggregate royalty income earned by the Company under such license for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$240,000 and \$133,000, respectively.

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

On December 1, 1992, the Company entered into a licensing agreement with Nantucket Industries, Inc. ("Nantucket Industries") granting it the right to distribute and manufacture men's and women's innerwear, which bear the GUESS logo and trademark, in the United States. The Marciano Trusts together own 8.9% of Nantucket Industries. Gross royalties earned by the Company under such license agreement for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995, and for the six months ended June 30, 1996, was \$47,000, \$214,000, \$264,000 and \$157,000, respectively. In the same respective periods, the Company purchased \$23,000, \$201,000, \$505,000 and \$313,000 of products from Nantucket Industries for resale in the retail division's stores.

LEASES

The Company leases manufacturing, warehouse and administrative facilities and one retail administrative facility from partnerships affiliated with the Marciano Trusts. The leases will expire in July 2008. Aggregate lease payments under such leases for the fiscal years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 were \$2,065,000, \$2,610,000, \$2,803,000, \$1,250,000 and \$1,286,000, respectively.

#### 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

LEASES

The Company leases its showrooms and retail store locations under operating lease agreements expiring on various dates through July 2008. Some of these leases require the Company to make periodic payments for property taxes and common area operating expenses. Certain leases include rent abatements and scheduled rent escalations, for which the effects are being amortized and recorded over the lease term. The Company also leases some of its equipment under operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through May, 1999.

Future minimum rental payments under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 1995 are as follows:

1998	19,205
1999	17,481
2000	16,509
Thereafter	74,964
	\$ 168,468

Rental expense for all operating leases during the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994, and 1995 aggregated \$13,276,000, \$16,295,000, and \$21,940,000 respectively. Rental expenses for the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 aggregated \$10,087,000 and \$12,640,000, respectively.

#### INCENTIVE BONUSES

Certain officers of the Company are entitled to incentive bonuses based on the Company's profits.

#### LITIGATION

The Company is a party to various claims, complaints, and other legal actions that have arisen in the ordinary course of business from time to time. The Company believes that the outcome of all pending legal proceedings, in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or the results of its operations.

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 10. 401(K) SAVINGS PLAN

On January 1, 1992, the Company established the Guess ? Inc. Savings Plan (the "Savings Plan") under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Under the Savings Plan, associates may contribute up to 15% of their compensation per year subject to the elective limits as defined by Internal Revenue Service guidelines and the Company may make matching contributions in amounts not to exceed 1.5% of the associates' annual compensation. The Company's contributions to the Savings Plan during the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 aggregated \$221,000, \$213,000 and \$261,000, respectively. Contributions to the Savings Plan during the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996 aggregated \$132,000 and \$134,000, respectively.

#### 11. QUARTERLY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

The following is a summary of the unaudited quarterly financial information for the years ended December 31, 1994 and 1995 (in thousands):

	FIRST UARTER	SECOND UARTER	THIRD QUARTER	(	FOURTH QUARTER
1994 Net revenue. Gross profit. Earnings before income taxes. Net earnings. SUPPLEMENTAL PRO FORMA EARNINGS:	\$ 122,729 59,784 24,186 23,479	\$ 119,383 53,611 16,627 16,064	\$ 160,783 79,232 36,591 35,333	\$	144,917 63,196 23,777 22,765
Earnings before income taxes	24,186 14,512	16,627 9,976	36,591 21,955		23,777 14,266

Net revenue	124,903 59,636	104,749 49,207	133,129 59,148	123,952 56,600
Earnings before income taxes	21,271	12 <b>,</b> 998	17,322	15,223
Net earnings	20,712	12,282	16,484	14,441
SUPPLEMENTAL PRO FORMA EARNINGS:				
Earnings before income taxes	21,271	12,998	17,322	15,223
Net earnings	12,763	7,798	10,395	9,132

#### 12. INTERNATIONAL REVENUE

Net revenue is summarized as follows for the years ended December 31, 1993, 1994 and 1995 and the six months ended July 2, 1995 and June 30, 1996:

				SIX MONTHS ENDED			ENDED
	 1993	 1994	 1995		ULY 2, 1995		,
Domestic	506,301 13,923	•			214,028 15,624		,
	\$ 520,224	\$ 547,812	\$ 486,733	\$	229,652	\$	257,406

International revenue includes domestic sales to international markets, sales of product from international subsidiaries and net royalties from foreign licenses.

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GUESS ?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
DECEMBER 31, 1994 AND 1995 AND JUNE 30, 1996

#### 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In May 1996, the Board of Directors authorized the filing of a registration statement for an initial public offering of the Company's common stock.

Prior to the consummation of the Offerings, (i) Marciano International, which is owned by the Marciano Trusts and currently holds an interest in the subsidiaries of Guess, will be merged with and into Guess, (ii) all of the capital stock of Guess Italia will be contributed to Guess? Europe, B.V., (iii) the Company will effect a 32.66 to 1 split of the Common Stock and (iv) as part of the S Corporation Distribution, the Company will distribute to its stockholders promissory notes bearing interest at 8% per annum (the "S Distribution Notes"). The Company will pay the Marciano Trusts an aggregate of \$300,000 in connection with the merger of Marciano International, Inc. into the Company. Such \$300,000 payment is not included in the aggregate principal amount of the S Distribution Notes. All of such transactions are referred to as the "Reorganization."

Concurrently with the consummation of the transactions related to the Offerings (the "Closing Date"), the Company's S corporation status will be terminated (the "S Termination Date"). Prior to the S Termination Date, the Company will declare a distribution to its stockholders that will include all of its previously earned and undistributed S corporation earnings through the date of termination of the Company's S corporation status. The S Corporation

Distribution will occur prior to the S Termination Date and will be comprised of the S Distribution Notes. Between July 1, 1996 and the S Termination Date, the Company anticipates the increase in the S Distribution Notes to be between \$3.1 million and \$13.1 million, including a gain for income tax purposes recognized as a result of the sale of one of the Company's aircraft. On and after the S Termination Date, the Company will no longer be treated as an S corporation and, accordingly, will be fully subject to Federal and state income taxes.

Immediately prior to the Offerings, the Company will grant options to purchase 1,207,405 shares pursuant to the Company's 1996 Equity Incentive Plan. Of such options, 1,137,598 will have an exercise price equal to the initial public offering price for shares of common stock to be sold in the Offerings and 69,807 will have an exercise price of \$21.49 per share. The Company does not anticipate recording any compensation expense as a result of granting such options.

#### 14. REORGANIZATION CHARGE

In the second quarter of 1996, the Company recorded a provision of \$3.6 million for certain non-recurring charges relating to the writedown to net realizable value of operating assets associated with the (i) disposal of two currently active remote warehouse and production facilities, in contemplation of the Offerings, which are not expected to be used in the Company's operations after the Offerings, and (ii) the net book loss incurred by the Company in connection with the sale of one of its aircraft in contemplation of the Offerings; such aircraft was sold in July 1996.

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NO DEALER, SALESPERSON OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS NOT CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING COVERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS. IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY OR THE UNDERWRITERS. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL, OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY, THE COMMON STOCK IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE, OR TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM, IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS NOR ANY SALE MADE HEREUNDER SHALL, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS NOT BEEN ANY CHANGE IN THE FACTS SET FORTH IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY SINCE THE DATE HEREOF.

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9,200,000 SHARES

[LOGO]

COMMON STOCK

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PROSPECTUS

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MERRILL LYNCH & CO. MORGAN STANLEY & CO.

INCORPORATED

, 1996

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Information contained herein is subject to completion or amendment. A registration statement relating to these securities has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These securities may not be sold nor may offers to buy be accepted prior to the time the registration statement becomes effective. This prospectus shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of these securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of any such state.

[ALTERNATE PAGE FOR INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTUS]

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION
PRELIMINARY PROSPECTUS DATED JULY 31, 1996

PROSPECTUS

9,200,000 SHARES

#### COMMON STOCK

Of the 9,200,000 shares of Common Stock of Guess ?, Inc. offered hereby, 1,840,000 shares are initially being offered outside the United States and Canada by the International Managers and 7,360,000 shares are initially being offered in the United States and Canada by the U.S. Underwriters. The initial public offering price and the aggregate underwriting discount per share are identical for each of the Offerings. See "Underwriting."

Prior to the Offerings, there has been no public market for the Common Stock. It is currently estimated that the initial public offering price per share of Common Stock will be between \$21 and \$23. See "Underwriting" for a discussion of the factors to be considered in determining the initial public offering price of the Common Stock.

The Common Stock has been approved for listing on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "GES," subject to official notice of issuance.

SEE "RISK FACTORS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 7 FOR A DISCUSSION OF CERTAIN FACTORS THAT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY PROSPECTIVE PURCHASERS OF THE COMMON STOCK OFFERED HEREBY.

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THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE SECURITIES

AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION, NOR HAS

THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ANY STATE SECURITIES

COMMISSION PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS

PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

	PRICE TO PUBLIC	UNDERWRITING DISCOUNT (1)	PROCEEDS TO COMPANY (2)
Per Share Total (3)	\$	\$	\$
	\$	\$	\$

- (1) The Company and the Principal Stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several Underwriters against certain liabilities, including certain liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. See "Underwriting."
- (2) Before deducting expenses payable by the Company estimated to be \$1,750,000.
- (3) The Company has granted to the International Managers and the U.S. Underwriters options, exercisable within 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to an additional 276,000 and 1,104,000 shares of Common Stock, respectively, to cover over-allotments, if any. If all such additional shares are purchased, the total Price to Public, Underwriting Discount and Proceeds to Company will be \$ , \$ and \$ , respectively. See "Underwriting."

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The shares of Common Stock are offered by the several Underwriters, subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued to and accepted by them, and subject to the approval of certain legal matters by counsel for the Underwriters and certain other conditions. The Underwriters reserve the right to withdraw, cancel or modify such offer and to reject orders in whole or in part. It is expected that delivery of the shares of Common Stock will be made in New York, New York on or about , 1996.

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The date of this Prospectus is , 1996.

#### [ALTERNATE PAGE FOR INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTUS]

#### UNDERWRITING

Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in an international purchase agreement (the "International Purchase Agreement") among the Company and each of the underwriters named below (the "International Managers"), and concurrently with the sale of 7,360,000 shares of Common Stock to the U.S. Underwriters (as defined below), the Company has agreed to sell to each of the International Managers, and each of the International Managers severally has agreed to purchase from the Company, the number of shares of Common Stock set forth opposite its name below.

	NUMBER
INTERNATIONAL MANAGERS	OF SHARES
Merrill Lynch International	
Total	1,840,000

Merrill Lynch International and Morgan Stanley & Co. International Limited are acting as representatives (the "International Representatives") of the International Managers.

The Company has also entered into a purchase agreement (the "U.S. Purchase Agreement" and, together with the International Purchase Agreement, the "Purchase Agreements") with certain underwriters in the United States and Canada (collectively, the "U.S. Underwriters," and together with the International Managers, the "Underwriters"), for whom Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated and Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated are acting as representatives (the "U.S. Representatives" and, together with the International Representatives, the "Representatives"). Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the U.S. Purchase Agreement, and concurrently with the sale of 1,840,000 shares of Common Stock to the International Managers pursuant to the International Purchase Agreement, the Company has agreed to sell to the U.S. Underwriters, and the U.S. Underwriters have severally agreed to purchase from the Company, an aggregate of 7,360,000 shares of Common Stock. The initial public offering price per share of Common Stock and the underwriting discount per share of Common Stock are identical under the International Purchase Agreement and the U.S. Purchase Agreement.

In the International Purchase Agreement and the U.S. Purchase Agreement, the several International Managers and the several U.S. Underwriters, respectively, have agreed, subject to the terms and conditions set forth therein, to purchase all of the shares of Common Stock being sold pursuant to each such Agreement if any of the shares of Common Stock being sold pursuant to such Agreement are purchased. Under certain circumstances, the commitments of non-defaulting International Managers or U.S. Underwriters (as the case may be) may be increased. The purchase of shares of Common Stock by the International Managers is conditioned upon the purchase of shares of Common Stock by the U.S. Underwriters and vice versa.

The International Managers and the U.S. Underwriters have entered into an intersyndicate agreement (the "Intersyndicate Agreement") providing for the

coordination of their activities. The Underwriters are permitted to sell shares of Common Stock to each other for purposes of resale at the initial public offering price, less an amount not greater than the selling concession. Under the terms of the Intersyndicate Agreement, the International Managers and any dealer to whom they sell shares of Common Stock will not offer to sell or sell shares of Common Stock to persons who are U.S. or Canadian persons or to persons they believe intend to resell to persons who are U.S. or Canadian persons, and the U.S. Underwriters and any dealer to whom they sell shares of Common Stock will not offer to sell or sell shares of Common Stock to non-U.S. persons or to non-Canadian persons or to persons they believe intend to resell to non-U.S. persons or non-Canadian persons, except in the case of transactions pursuant to the Intersyndicate Agreement. The International Representatives have advised the Company that the International Managers propose initially to offer the shares of Common Stock to the public at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover

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#### [ALTERNATE PAGE FOR INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTUS]

page of this Prospectus, and to certain selected dealers at such price less a concession not in excess of \$

per share of Common Stock. The International Managers may allow, and such dealers may reallow, a discount not in excess of \$ per share of Common Stock on sales to certain other dealers. After the initial public offering, the public offering price, concession and discount may be changed.

Each International Manager has agreed that (i) it has not offered or sold, and, for a period of six months following consummation of the Offerings, will not offer or sell, to persons in the United Kingdom, other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995; (ii) it has complied with and will comply with all applicable provisions of the Financial Services Act 1986 with respect to anything done by it in relation to the shares of Common Stock in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom and (iii) it has only issued or passed on and will only issue or pass on in the United Kingdom any document received by it in connection with the issue of the shares of Common Stock to a person who is of a kind described in Article 11(3) of the Financial Services Act 1986 (Investment Advertisements) (Exemptions) Order 1995, or is a person to whom such document may otherwise lawfully be issued or passed on.

Purchasers of the shares hereby may be required to pay stamp taxes and other charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country of purchase, in addition to the offering price set forth on the cover page hereby.

At the request of the Company, the U.S. Underwriters have reserved up to 750,000 shares of Common Stock for sale at the initial public offering price to directors, officers, employees, business associates and related persons of the Company. The number of shares of Common Stock available for sale to the general public will be reduced to the extent such persons purchase such reserved shares. Any reserved shares which are not so purchased will be offered by the Underwriters to the general public on the same basis as the other shares offered hereby. Certain individuals purchasing reserved shares may be required to agree not to sell, offer or otherwise dispose of any shares of Common Stock for a period of three months after the date of this Prospectus.

The Company, the Principal Stockholders and certain executive officers have agreed, subject to certain exceptions, not to, directly or indirectly, (i) sell, grant any option to purchase or otherwise transfer or dispose of any Common Stock or securities convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for Common Stock or file a registration statement under the Securities Act with respect to the foregoing or (ii) enter into any swap or other agreement or transaction that transfers, in whole or in part, the economic consequence of ownership of the Common Stock, without the prior written consent of Merrill Lynch, for a period of 180 days after the date of this Prospectus.

The Company has granted an option to the International Managers, exercisable within 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to an aggregate of 276,000 additional shares of Common Stock at the initial public offering price set forth on the cover page of this Prospectus, less the underwriting discount. The International Managers may exercise this option only to cover over-allotments, if any, made on the sale of the Common Stock offered hereby. To the extent that the International Managers exercise this option, each International Manager will be obligated, subject to certain conditions, to purchase a number of additional shares of Common Stock proportionate to such International Manager's initial amount reflected in the foregoing table. The Company also has granted an option to the U.S. Underwriters, exercisable within 30 days after the date of this Prospectus, to purchase up to an aggregate of 1,104,000 additional shares of Common Stock to cover over-allotments, if any, on terms similar to those granted to the International Managers.

Prior to the Offerings, there has been no public market for the shares of Common Stock of the Company. The initial public offering price has been determined through negotiations between the Company and the Representatives. Among the factors considered in determining the initial public offering price, in addition to prevailing market conditions, are price-earnings ratios of publicly traded companies that the Representatives believe to be comparable to the Company, certain financial information of the Company,

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#### [ALTERNATE PAGE FOR INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTUS]

the history of, and the prospects for, the Company and the industry in which it competes, an assessment of the Company's management, its past and present operations, the prospects for, and timing of, future revenues of the Company, the present state of the Company's development, and the above factors in relation to market values and valuation measures of other companies engaged in activities similar to the Company. There can be no assurance that an active trading market will develop for the Common Stock or that the Common Stock will trade in the public market subsequent to the Offerings at or above the initial public offering price.

The Underwriters do not intend to confirm sales of the Common Stock  $\,$  offered hereby to any accounts over which they exercise discretionary authority.

The Company and the Principal Stockholders have agreed to indemnify the several Underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the Underwriters may be required to make in respect thereof.

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#### [ALTERNATE PAGE FOR INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTUS]

#### LEGAL MATTERS

The validity of the Common Stock offered hereby will be passed upon for the Company by Shearman & Sterling, Los Angeles, California. Certain legal matters relating to the Offerings will be passed upon for the Underwriters by Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom, Los Angeles, California. Shearman & Sterling has from time to time represented certain of the Underwriters in connection with unrelated legal matters. Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom has from time to time represented the Company in connection with unrelated legal matters.

#### EXPERTS

The consolidated financial statements and schedule of the Company as of December 31, 1994 and 1995, and for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 1995, have been included herein and in the registration statement in reliance upon the report of KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, independent certified public accountants appearing elsewhere herein, and upon the authority of said firm as experts in accounting and auditing.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Company is subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act and, in accordance therewith, files reports and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such reports and other information filed by the Company may be inspected without charge at the Securities and Exchange Commission's principal office in Washington, D.C., and at the following regional offices of the Commission: Citicorp Center, 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, Illinois 60661-2511 and at Seven World Trade Center, Suite 1300, New York, New York 10048. Copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained from the Public Reference Section, Securities and Exchange Commission, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549 upon payment of the prescribed fees. Upon listing of the Common Stock on the NYSE, such reports and other information can also be inspected at the offices of the NYSE, 20 Broad Street, New York, New York 10005. In addition, the Commission maintains a World Wide Web site on the Internet at http:// www.sec.gov that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information regarding registrants that file electronically with the Commission.

The Company has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a Registration Statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the Common Stock offered hereby. This Prospectus does not contain all of the information set forth in the Registration Statement and the exhibits and schedules thereto. For further information with respect to the Company or such Common Stock, reference is made to the Registration Statement and the schedules and exhibits filed as a part thereof. Statements contained in this Prospectus regarding the contents of any contract or any other document are not necessarily complete and, in each instance, reference is hereby made to the copy of such contract or other document filed as an exhibit to such Registration Statement. The Registration Statement, including exhibits thereto, may be inspected without charge office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Copies of all or any part thereof may be obtained upon payment of the prescribed fees.

The Company intends to furnish its stockholders with annual reports containing financial statements audited by independent certified public accountants and with quarterly reports containing unaudited financial information for each of the first three quarters of each fiscal year.

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# [ALTERNATE PAGE FOR INTERNATIONAL PROSPECTUS]

NO DEALER, SALESPERSON OR OTHER INDIVIDUAL HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED TO GIVE ANY INFORMATION OR MAKE ANY REPRESENTATIONS NOT CONTAINED IN THIS PROSPECTUS IN CONNECTION WITH THE OFFERING COVERED BY THIS PROSPECTUS. IF GIVEN OR MADE, SUCH INFORMATION OR REPRESENTATIONS MUST NOT BE RELIED UPON AS HAVING BEEN AUTHORIZED BY THE COMPANY OR THE UNDERWRITERS. THIS PROSPECTUS DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER TO SELL, OR A SOLICITATION OF AN OFFER TO BUY, THE COMMON STOCK IN ANY JURISDICTION WHERE, OR TO ANY PERSON TO WHOM, IT IS UNLAWFUL TO MAKE SUCH OFFER OR SOLICITATION. NEITHER THE DELIVERY OF THIS PROSPECTUS NOR ANY SALE MADE HEREUNDER SHALL, UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES, CREATE ANY IMPLICATION THAT THERE HAS NOT BEEN ANY CHANGE IN THE FACTS SET FORTH IN THIS PROSPECTUS OR IN THE AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY SINCE THE DATE HEREOF.

THIS DOCUMENT IS BEING DISTRIBUTED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM ONLY TO PERSONS OF A KIND DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE 11(3) OF THE FINANCIAL SERVICES ACT 1988 (INVESTMENT ADVERTISEMENTS) (EXEMPTIONS) ORDER 1995 OR TO WHOM IT WOULD OTHERWISE BE LAWFUL SO TO DO.

Prospectus Summary. Risk Factors. Company History, the Reorganization and Prior S Corporation Status. Use of Proceeds. Dividend Policy. Capitalization. Dilution. Selected Financial Data. Selected Pro Forma Financial Data.  Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. Business. Management. Certain Transactions. Principal Stockholders. Shares Eligible for Future Sale. Description of Capital Stock. Certain United States Federal Tax Consequences to Non-United States Holders. Underwriting. Legal Matters. Experts. Additional Information. Index to Financial Statements.	3 7 12 13 13 14 15 16 18  19 29 42 54 57 58 59
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9,200,000 SHARES	
[LOGO]	
COMMON STOCK	
PROSPECTUS	
MERRILL LYNCH INTERNATIONAL	
MORGAN STANLEY & CO.	
INTERNATIONAL	
, 1996	

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

ITEM 13. OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION.

SEC registration fee	\$ 83 <b>,</b> 911
NASD fee	24,834
NYSE listing fee	235,100
Blue sky fees	25,000
Printing and engraving expenses	221,000
Accountants' fees and expenses	185,000
Attorneys' fees and expenses	425,000
Transfer agent fees	10,000
Miscellaneous	540,155
Total	\$1,750,000

#### ITEM 14. INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS.

Pursuant to Section 145 of the General Corporation Law of Delaware (the "Delaware Corporation Law"), Article IX of the Bylaws of the Registrant, a copy of which is filed as Exhibit 3.2 to this Registration Statement, provides that the Registrant shall indemnify any person in connection with any threatened, pending or completed legal proceeding (other than a legal proceeding by or in the right of the Registrant) by reason of the fact that he is or was a director or officer of the Registrant or is or was serving at the request of the Registrant as a director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership or other enterprise against expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred in connection with such legal proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner that he reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of the Registrant, and, with respect to any criminal action or proceeding, if he had no reasonable cause to believe that his conduct was unlawful. If the legal proceeding is by or in the right of the Registrant, the director or officer may be indemnified by the Registrant against expenses (including attorneys' fees) actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such legal proceeding if he acted in good faith and in a manner he reasonably believed to be in  $\$ or not opposed to  $\$ the best interests  $\$ of the Registrant and except that he may not be indemnified in respect of any claim, issue or matter as to which he shall have been adjudged to be liable to the Registrant unless a court determines otherwise.

Article IX of the Registrant's Bylaws allows the Registrant to maintain director and officer liability insurance on behalf of any person who is or was a director or officer of the Registrant or such person who serves or served as director, officer, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership or other enterprise at the request of the Registrant.

Pursuant to Section 102(b)(7) of the Delaware Corporation Law, Article VII of the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant, a copy of which is filed as Exhibit 3.1 to this Registration Statement, provides that no director of the Registrant shall be personally liable to the Registrant or its stockholders for monetary damages for any breach of his fiduciary duty as a director; provided, however, that such clause shall not apply to any liability of a director (1) for any breach of his duty of loyalty to the Registrant or its stockholders, (2) for acts or omissions that are not in good faith or involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of the law, (3) under Section 174 of the Delaware Corporation Law, or (4) for any transaction from which the director derived an improper personal benefit.

#### ITEM 15. RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES.

In connection with the organization of the Registrant in August 1993, Armand Marciano purchased 100 shares of common stock of the Registrant. On August 23, 1993, Armand Marciano sold such shares to Guess ?, Inc., a California corporation ("Guess California"), the Registrant's predecessor. Thereafter, in connection with the merger of Guess California with and into the Registrant pursuant to an Agreement and Plan of Merger between the Registrant and Guess California, all of the then outstanding shares of common

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stock of the Registrant were cancelled and retired, and all of the then outstanding shares of the common stock of Guess California were converted into and became shares of common stock of the Registrant. In addition, on August 23, 1993, Guess California sold \$130.0 million principal amount of 9 1/2% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2003 (the "Senior Subordinated Notes") to Merrill Lynch & Co., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Incorporated ("Merrill Lynch") at 100% of the principal amount thereof (less aggregate discounts of \$3.25 million). Each of such transactions was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act on the basis that such transaction did not involve a public offering. In accordance with the agreement pursuant to which Merrill Lynch purchased the Senior Subordinated Notes, Merrill Lynch agreed to offer and sell the Senior Subordinated Notes only to "qualified institutional buyers" (as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act), a limited number of institutional "accredited investors" (as defined in Rule 501(a)(1), (2), (3) or (7) under the Securities Act) and pursuant to offers and sales that occur outside the United States within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act. Except for the transactions referred to above, there have not been any recent sales of unregistered securities by the Registrant.

#### ITEM 16. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) Exhibits

#### EXHIBIT NUMBER

#### DESCRIPTION

- ------

- +1.1. Form of U.S. Purchase Agreement.
- +1.2. Form of International Purchase Agreement.
- +3.1. Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant. +3.2. Bylaws of the Registrant.
- 4.1. Indenture, dated August 23, 1993, between the Registrant and First Trust National Association, as Trustee. (1)
- 4.2. First Supplemental Indenture, dated August 23, 1993, between the Registrant and First Trust National Association, as Trustee. (1)
- +4.3. Specimen stock certificate.
- +5.1. Opinion of Shearman & Sterling. +10.1. Form of Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement.
- 10.2. Letter Agreement, dated July 9, 1993, among the Registrant, Georges Marciano, Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano, Armand Marciano and trusts for their respective benefit. (1)
- 10.3. Employment Agreement, dated March 1, 1994, between the Registrant and Roger A. Williams. (3)
- +10.4. Letter Agreement, dated January 22, 1996, between the Registrant and Andrea Weiss.
- +10.5. Employment Agreement, dated as of May 14, 1996, between the Registrant and Francis K. Duane.
- 10.6. General Release and Indemnity Agreement, dated August 23, 1993, among Maurice, Paul and Armand Marciano, their respective trusts, the Registrant, Georges Marciano and his trust. (1)
- 10.7. General Release Agreement, dated August 23, 1993, among Maurice, Paul

- and Armand Marciano, their respective trusts, the Registrant, and Georges Marciano and his trust. (1)
- 10.8. Cancellation and Reassignment Agreement, dated August 23, 1993, among the Registrant, MSKMarciano, Inc., Georges Marciano, Inc. and Georges Marciano. (1)
- 10.9. Alameda Lease, dated July 29, 1992, among the Registrant and 1444 Partners, Ltd. (1)

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EXHIBIT NUMBER

#### DESCRIPTION

- 10.10. Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of December 20, 1993, between the Registrant and The First National Bank of Boston, as agent, and Sanwa Bank California, as co-agent, and the group of financial institution party thereto (the "Revolving Credit Agreement"). (3)
- 10.11. Security Agreement, dated December 20, 1993, between the Registrant and the First National Bank of Boston, as agent for itself and for certain lenders. (3)
- 10.12. Amendment No. 1 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated January 20, 1994, among the parties thereto. (4)
- 10.13. Amendment No. 2 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated April 1, 1994, among the parties thereto. (4)
- 10.14. Amendment No. 3 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated July 18, 1994, among the parties thereto. (4)
- 10.15. Amendment No. 4 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated October 24, 1994, among the parties thereto. (4)
- 10.16. Amendment No. 5 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated February 13, 1995, among the parties thereto. (5)
- 10.17. Amendment No. 6 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated September 14, 1995, among the parties thereto. (5)
- 10.18. Amendment No. 7 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated December 22, 1995, among the parties thereto. (5)
- +10.19. Amendment No. 8 to the Revolving Credit Agreement, dated February 13, 1996, among the parties thereto.
- 10.20. Agreement as to Consignment of Documents and Related Matters, dated December 22, 1995, between the Registrant and The First National Bank of Boston. (5)
- 10.21. 1996 Equity Incentive Plan.
- +10.22. 1996 Non-Employee Directors' Stock Option Plan.
- +10.23. Annual Incentive Bonus Plan.
- $\pm 10.24$ . Form of Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Maurice Marciano.
- +10.25. Form of Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Paul Marciano.
- +10.26. Form of Employment Agreement between the Registrant and Armand Marciano.
- +10.27. Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of August 1, 1996, among the Registrant and certain stockholders of the Registrant.
- +10.28. Form of Indemnification Agreement among the Registrant and certain stockholders of the Registrant.
- +10.29. Form of Indemnification Agreement.
- +21.1. List of Subsidiaries.
- 23.1. Consent of KPMG Peat Marwick LLP, independent certified public accountants.
- +23.2. Consent of Shearman & Sterling (included in Exhibit 5.1).
- +24.1. Power of Attorney.
- 27.1 Financial Data Schedule.

DESCRIPTION

Schedule II

Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

- -----

- + Previously filed.
- (1) Incorporated by reference from the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 33-69236) originally filed by the Company on September 22, 1993.
- (2) Incorporated by reference from Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 33-69236) filed by the Company on November 24, 1993.
- (3) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 27, 1994.
- (4) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994.
- (5) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995.

#### ITEM 17. UNDERTAKINGS.

- (a) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the Registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the Registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the Registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the Registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the Common Stock being registered, the Registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.
  - (b) The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes that:
  - (1) For purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, the information omitted from the form of prospectus filed as part of this Registration Statement in reliance upon Rule 430A and contained in a form of prospectus filed by the Registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(1) or (4) or 497(h) under the Securities Act shall be deemed to be part of this Registration Statement as of the time it was declared effective.
  - (2) For the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each post-effective amendment that contains a form of prospectus shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial BONA FIDE offering thereof.
- (c) The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes to provide to the Underwriters at the closing specified in the underwriting agreements, certificates in such denominations and registered in such names as required by the Underwriters to permit prompt delivery to each purchaser.

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the Registrant has duly caused this Registration Statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, in the City of Los Angeles, State of California, on July 30, 1996.

GUESS ?, INC.

By:

\_\_\_\_\_

Name: Maurice Marciano
Title: CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this Registration Statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE
* Maurice Marciano	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	July 30, 1996
* Paul Marciano	President, Chief Operating Officer and Director	July 30, 1996
*Armand Marciano	Senior Executive Vice President, Secretary and Director	July 30, 1996
/s/ ROGER A. WILLIAMSRoger A. Williams	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	July 30, 1996
/s/ ROGER A. WILLIAMSRoger A. Williams	Attorney-in-fact for the persons marked above with an *	

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#### SCHEDULE II

GUESS ?, INC. & SUBSIDIARIES
VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1993, 1994, AND 1995
(IN THOUSANDS)

DESCRIPTION	BALANCE AT	CHARGED TO	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE
	BEGINNING	COSTS AND	AND	AT END
	OF PERIOD	EXPENSES	WRITE-OFFS	OF PERIOD
As of December 31, 1993 Allowance for obsolescence	\$ 1,026		\$ (26)	\$ 1,000
	9,235	7,505	(834)	15,906
As of December 31, 1994 Allowance for obsolescence	1,000	1,400		2,400

Accounts receivable	15,906	758	(6,273)	10,391
As of December 31, 1995				
Allowance for obsolescence	2,400	2,352	(392)	4,360
Accounts receivable	10.391	5.147	(4.689)	10.849

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#### EXHIBIT INDEX

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	Annual Incentive Bonus Plan.	
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27.1	Financial Data Schedule.	

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### GUESS ?, INC. 1996 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

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### GUESS ?, INC. 1996 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. PURPOSE. The purposes of the Guess ?, Inc. 1996 Equity Incentive Plan (the "PLAN") are to attract, retain and motivate officers and other key employees and consultants of Guess ?, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "COMPANY"), and its Subsidiaries (as hereinafter defined), to compensate them for their contributions to the growth and profits of the Company and to encourage ownership by them of stock of the Company.

2. DEFINITIONS. For purposes of the Plan, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

"AFFILIATE" and "ASSOCIATE" have the respective meanings ascribed to such terms in Rule 12b-2 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

"AWARD" means an award made pursuant to the terms of the Plan to an Eligible Individual (as hereinafter defined) in the form of Stock Options, Restricted Stock Awards, Performance Share Awards, Performance Units or Stock Appreciation Rights.

"AWARD AGREEMENT" means a written agreement granting an Award, which is executed by the Participant and by an officer on behalf of the Company, and containing such terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate and that are not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan.

"BENEFICIAL OWNER" has the meaning ascribed to such term in Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Exchange Act.

"BOARD" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

A "CHANGE IN CONTROL" of the Company shall be deemed to have occurred when (A) any Person (other than (x) the Company, any Subsidiary of the Company, any employee benefit plan of the Company or of any Subsidiary of the Company, or any person or entity organized, appointed or established by the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company for or pursuant to the terms of any such plan or (y) Maurice Marciano, Paul Marciano or Armand Marciano, or any trust established in whole or in part for the benefit of one or more of them or their family members, or any other entity controlled by one or more of them), alone or together with its Affiliates and Associates (collectively, an "ACQUIRING PERSON"), shall become the Beneficial Owner of twenty percent (20%) or more of the then outstanding shares of Common Stock or the Combined Voting Power of the Company (except pursuant to an offer for all outstanding shares of Common Stock at a price and upon such terms and conditions as a majority of the Continuing Directors determine to be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders (other than an Acquiring Person on

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whose behalf the offer is being made)), (B) during any period of two consecutive years, individuals who at the beginning of such period constitute the Board, and any new director (other than a director who is a representative or nominee of an Acquiring Person) whose election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's shareholders was approved by a vote of at least a majority of the directors then still in office who either were directors at the beginning of the period or whose election or nomination for election was previously so approved (collectively, the "CONTINUING DIRECTORS"), cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the Board, (C) the shareholders of the Company approve a merger or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation, other than a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the Surviving Entity (as defined in Section 16 hereof) or any Parent of such Surviving Entity) at least 80% of the Combined Voting Power of the Company, such Surviving Entity or the Parent of such Surviving Entity outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, or (D) the shareholders of the Company approve a plan of reorganization (other than a reorganization under the United States Bankruptcy Code) or complete liquidation of the Company or an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that a change in control shall not be deemed to have occurred in

the event of (x) a sale or conveyance in which the Company continues as a holding company of an entity or entities that conduct all or substantially all of the business or businesses formerly conducted by the Company or (y) any transaction undertaken for the purpose of incorporating the Company under the laws of another jurisdiction, if such transaction does not materially affect the beneficial ownership of the Company's capital stock.

"CODE" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the applicable rulings and regulations thereunder.

"COMBINED VOTING POWER" means the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding voting securities.

"COMMITTEE" means the Compensation Committee of the Board, any successor committee thereto or any other committee appointed by the Board to administer the Plan; PROVIDED that, prior to the establishment of the Compensation Committee of the Board, or the appointment by the Board of any other committee to administer the Plan, "COMMITTEE" means the Board. The Committee shall consist of at least two individuals and shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

"COMMON STOCK" means the Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share, of the Company.

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"DISABILITY" means, with respect to any Participant, that, as a result of incapacity due to physical or mental illness, such Participant is, or is reasonably likely to become, unable to perform his or her duties for more than six (6) consecutive months or six (6) months in the aggregate during any twelve (12) month period.

"ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS" means the individuals described in Section 7 who are eligible for Awards under the Plan.

"EXCHANGE ACT" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the applicable rulings and regulations thereunder.

"FAIR MARKET VALUE" means, on any given date, the closing price of the shares of Common Stock, as reported on the New York Stock Exchange for such date or, if Common Stock was not traded on such date, on the next preceding day on which Common Stock was traded; PROVIDED that if the Common Stock is not then traded on the New York Stock Exchange, Fair Market Value means the fair market value thereof as of the relevant date of determination as determined in accordance with a valuation methodology approved by the Committee.

"INCENTIVE STOCK OPTION" means a Stock Option which is an "incentive stock option" within the meaning of Section 422 of the Code and designated by the Committee as an Incentive Stock Option in an Award Agreement.

"NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION" means a Stock Option which is not an Incentive Stock Option.

"PARENT" means any corporation which is a "parent corporation" within the meaning of Section  $424\,(\mathrm{e})$  of the Code with respect to the relevant entity.

"PARTICIPANT" means an Eligible Individual to whom an Award has been granted under the Plan.

"PERFORMANCE SHARE AWARD" means a conditional Award of shares of Common Stock granted to an Eligible Individual pursuant to Section 10

hereof.

"PERFORMANCE UNIT" means a conditional Award to receive all or some portion of the appreciation on shares of Common Stock granted to an Eligible Individual pursuant to Section 11 hereof.

"PERSON" means any person, entity or "group" within the meaning of Section  $13\,(d)\,(3)$  or Section  $14\,(d)\,(2)$  of the Exchange Act.

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"RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD" means an Award of shares of Common Stock granted to an Eligible Individual pursuant to Section 9 hereof.

"RETIREMENT" means retirement from active employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries on or after the attainment of age 55, or such other retirement date as may be approved by the Committee for purposes of the Plan and specified in the applicable Award Agreement.

"STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHT" means an Award to receive all or some portion of the appreciation on shares of Common Stock granted to an Eligible Individual pursuant to Section  $12\ hereof.$ 

"STOCK OPTION" means an Award to purchase shares of Common Stock granted to an Eligible Individual pursuant to Section  $8\ \mathrm{hereof.}$ 

"SUBSIDIARY" means (i) any corporation which is a "subsidiary corporation" within the meaning of Section 424(f) of the Code with respect to the Company or (ii) any other corporation or other entity in which the Company, directly or indirectly, has an equity or similar interest and which the Committee designates as a Subsidiary for the purposes of the Plan.

"TEN PERCENT SHAREHOLDER" means an Eligible Individual who, at the time an Incentive Stock Option is to be granted to him or her, owns (within the meaning of Section 422(b)(6) of the Code) stock possessing more than ten percent (10%) of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company, or of a Parent or a Subsidiary.

#### ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN.

(a) The Plan shall be administered by the Committee, and the Committee shall make the determinations set forth in this subsection 3(a), based on the recommendations of the Company's management; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that with respect to any Participant the deductibility of whose Award may, in the reasonable belief of the Committee, be subject to the deduction limitation of Section  $162 \, (m)$  of the Code, the Committee shall exercise sole discretion regarding administration of the Plan and the determinations set forth in this subsection 3(a). The Committee shall have full power and authority, subject to the express provisions hereof, (i) to select Participants from the Eligible Individuals, (ii) to make Awards in accordance with the Plan, (iii) to determine the number of Shares subject to each Award or the cash amount payable in connection with an Award, (iv) to determine the terms and conditions of each Award, including, without limitation, those related to vesting, forfeiture, payment and exercisability, and including the authority to amend the terms and conditions of an Award after the granting thereof to a Participant in a manner that is not prejudicial to the

rights of such Participant in such Award, (v) to specify and approve the provisions of the Award Agreements delivered to Participants in connection with their Awards, (vi) to construe and interpret any Award Agreement delivered under the Plan, (vii) to prescribe, amend and rescind rules and procedures relating to the Plan, (viii) to vary the terms of Awards to take account of tax, securities law and other regulatory requirements of foreign jurisdictions and (ix) to make all other determinations and to formulate such procedures as may be necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan.

- (b) The Committee shall have full power and authority, subject to the express provisions hereof, to construe and interpret the Plan.
- (c) All determinations by the Committee in carrying out and administering the Plan and in construing and interpreting the Plan shall be final, binding and conclusive for all purposes and upon all persons interested herein.
- (d) No member of the Committee shall be liable for anything whatsoever in connection with the administration of the Plan except such person's own willful misconduct. Under no circumstances shall any member of the Committee be liable for any act or omission of any other member of the Committee. In the performance of its functions with respect to the Plan, the Committee shall be entitled to rely upon information and advice furnished by the Company's officers, the Company's accountants, the Company's counsel and any other party the Committee deems necessary, and no member of the Committee shall be liable for any action taken or not taken in reliance upon any such advice.
- 4. DURATION OF PLAN. The Plan shall remain in effect until terminated by the Board of Directors and thereafter until all Awards granted under the Plan are satisfied by the issuance of shares of Common Stock or the payment of cash or are terminated under the terms of the Plan or under the Award Agreement entered into in connection with the grant thereof. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no Awards may be granted under the Plan after the tenth anniversary of the Effective Date (as defined in Section 18(1)).
- 5. SHARES OF STOCK SUBJECT TO THE PLAN. Subject to adjustment as provided in Section 15(b) hereof, the number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued under the Plan pursuant to Awards shall not exceed, in the aggregate, 4,500,000 shares. Such shares may be either authorized but unissued shares, treasury shares or any combination thereof. Any shares subject to an Award which lapses, expires or is otherwise terminated without the issuance of such shares may again be available for purposes of the Plan.
- 6. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SHARES PER ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL. In accordance with the requirements under Section 162(m) of the Code, no Eligible Individual shall receive grants of Stock Options and SARs with respect to an aggregate of more than 500,000 shares of Common Stock in any Plan year.

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- 7. ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS. Awards may be granted by the Committee to individuals ("ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS") who are officers or other key employees or consultants of the Company or a Subsidiary with the potential to contribute to the future success of the Company or its Subsidiaries. Awards shall not be affected by any change of duties or positions so long as the holder continues to be an employee or consultant of the Company or of a Subsidiary.
- 8. STOCK OPTIONS. Stock Options granted under the Plan may be in the form of Incentive Stock Options or Nonqualified Stock Options; PROVIDED that only employees may be granted Incentive Stock Options. Stock Options granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and shall

contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem appropriate:

- (a) AWARD AGREEMENT. Stock Options shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement in such form and containing such terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan.
- (b) TERMS OF STOCK OPTIONS GENERALLY. Subject to the terms of the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement, each Stock Option shall entitle the Participant to whom such Stock Option was granted to purchase, upon payment of the relevant exercise price, the number of shares of Common Stock specified in the Award Agreement.
- (c) EXERCISE PRICE. The exercise price per share of Common Stock purchasable under a Stock Option shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant and set forth in the Award Agreement; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that with respect to Incentive Stock Options, the exercise price shall not be less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the date of grant (110% in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Ten Percent Shareholder). The exercise price for any Stock Options granted concurrently with the initial public offering will be equal to the initial public offering price.
- (d) OPTION TERM. The term of each Stock Option shall be fixed by the Committee and set forth in the Award Agreement; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that a Stock Option shall not be exercisable after the expiration of ten (10) years after the date the Stock Option is granted (five (5) years in the case of an Incentive Stock Option granted to a Ten Percent Shareholder).
- (e) EXERCISABILITY. A Stock Option shall be exercisable at such time or times and subject to such terms and conditions as shall be determined by the Committee; PROVIDED that a Stock Option shall be freely exercisable within 5 years

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after the date on which such Stock Option is granted; PROVIDED FURTHER that notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no Stock Option granted prior to August 15, 1996 shall be exercisable during the first six (6) months after the date such Stock Option is granted. In no case may a Stock Option be exercised as to less than 100 shares at any one time (or the remaining shares covered by the Stock Option if less than 100) during the term of the Stock Option. Only whole shares shall be issued pursuant to the exercise of any Stock Option. The Committee may provide that Stock Options shall be exercisable in whole or in part based upon length of service or attainment of specified performance criteria. Subject to the first sentence of this paragraph, the Committee, in its sole discretion, may provide for the acceleration of vesting of a Stock Option, in whole or in part, based on such factors or criteria (including specified performance criteria) as the Committee may determine.

(f) METHOD OF EXERCISE. A Stock Option may be exercised, in whole or in part, by giving written notice of exercise to the Secretary of the Company specifying the number of shares to be purchased, and containing any representations required by the Committee. Such notice shall be accompanied by payment in full of the exercise price either by cash, certified or bank check, or other instrument acceptable to the Committee. As determined by the Committee in its sole discretion, payment of the exercise price may also be made in full or in part by tendering to the Company shares of Common Stock (having a Fair Market Value as of the date of exercise of such Stock Option equal to the exercise price (or such

portion thereof)). Common Stock used to pay the exercise price may be shares that are already owned by the Participant, or the Company may withhold shares of Common Stock that would otherwise have been received by the Participant upon exercise of the Stock Option. In its discretion, in accordance with rules and procedures established by the Committee for this purpose, the Committee may also permit a Participant to exercise an Option through a "cashless exercise" procedure approved by the Committee involving a broker or dealer approved by the Committee, provided that the Participant has delivered an irrevocable notice of exercise (the "NOTICE") to the broker or dealer and such broker or dealer agrees: (A) to sell immediately the number of shares of Common Stock specified in the Notice to be acquired upon exercise of the Option in the ordinary course of its business, (B) to pay promptly to the Company the aggregate exercise price (plus the amount necessary to satisfy any applicable tax liability) and (C) to pay to the Participant the balance of the proceeds of the sale of such shares over the amount determined under clause (B) of this sentence, less applicable commissions and fees; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that the Committee may modify the provisions of this sentence to the extent necessary to conform the exercise of the Option to Regulation T under the Exchange Act or any other applicable rules. The manner in which the exercise price may be paid may be subject to certain conditions specified by the Committee, including, without limitation, conditions intended to avoid the imposition of liability against the individual under Section 16 of the

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Exchange Act. If requested by the Committee, the Participant shall deliver the Award Agreement evidencing an exercised Stock Option to the Secretary of the Company, who shall endorse thereon a notation of such exercise and return such Award Agreement to the Participant exercising the Option. No fractional shares (or cash in lieu thereof) shall be issued upon exercise of a Stock Option and the number of shares that may be purchased upon exercise shall be rounded to the nearest number of whole shares.

- (g) RIGHTS AS SHAREHOLDER. A Participant shall have no rights as a shareholder with respect to any shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of a Stock Option until a certificate or certificates evidencing the shares of Common Stock shall have been issued to the Participant and, subject to Section 15(b), no adjustment shall be made for dividends or distributions or other rights in respect of any share for which the record date is prior to the date on which the Participant shall become the holder of record thereof.
- (h) SPECIAL RULE FOR INCENTIVE STOCK OPTIONS. With respect to Incentive Stock Options granted under the Plan, if the aggregate Fair Market Value (determined as of the date the Incentive Stock Option is granted) of the number of shares with respect to which Incentive Stock Options are exercisable for the first time by a Participant during any calendar year under all plans of the Company or a Parent or Subsidiary exceeds One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000) or such other limit as may be required by the Code, such Incentive Stock Options shall be treated, to the extent of such excess, as Nonqualified Stock Options.
- 9. RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS. Restricted Stock Awards granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the Plan, as the Committee shall deem appropriate:
  - (a) AWARD AGREEMENT. Restricted Stock Awards shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement in such form and containing such restrictions, terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, including, without limitation, restrictions on the sale, assignment, transfer or other disposition of such

shares and provisions requiring that a Participant forfeit such shares upon a termination of employment for specified reasons within a specified period of time.

(b) TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK AWARDS GENERALLY. Restricted Stock Awards may be granted under the Plan in such form as the Committee may from time to time approve. Restricted Stock Awards

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may be granted for no consideration or such consideration as the Committee deems appropriate. Restricted Stock Awards may be granted alone or in addition to other Awards under the Plan. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Committee shall determine the number of shares of Common Stock subject to each Restricted Stock Award granted to a Participant, and the Committee may impose different terms and conditions on any particular Restricted Stock Award granted to any Participant. Subject to the following sentence, the Committee, in its sole discretion, may provide for the lapse of restrictions in installments and may waive or accelerate such restrictions in whole or in part, based on such factors or criteria, including specified performance criteria, as the Committee may determine. With respect to Restricted Stock Awards made prior to August 15, 1996, a Participant may not sell, assign, transfer, pledge, encumber or otherwise dispose of shares of Common Stock received under such a Restricted Stock Award during the six-month period commencing on the date of the Award. Upon expiration of any applicable restriction period or lapse of any restrictions, the Participant shall be vested in the Restricted Stock Award, or applicable portion thereof.

- (c) EVIDENCE OF OWNERSHIP. Each Participant receiving a Restricted Stock Award shall be issued a certificate or certificates in respect of such shares of Common Stock at the time of grant. Such certificate shall be registered in the name of such Participant, and shall bear an appropriate legend referring to the terms, conditions and restrictions applicable to such Award. The Committee may require that the certificate or certificates evidencing such shares be held in custody by the Company until the restrictions thereon shall have lapsed, and that, as a condition of any Restricted Stock Award, the Participant shall have delivered a stock power, endorsed in blank, relating to the Common Stock covered by such Award.
- (d) RIGHTS AS SHAREHOLDER. Except as otherwise provided by the Committee in its sole discretion, a Participant shall have, with respect to the shares of Common Stock received under a Restricted Stock Award, all of the rights of a shareholder of the Company, including the right to vote the shares and the right to receive any cash dividends. Stock dividends issued with respect to shares covered by a Restricted Stock Award shall be treated as additional shares under the Restricted Stock Award and shall be subject to the same restrictions and other terms and conditions that apply to the shares with respect to which such dividends are issued.
- 10. PERFORMANCE SHARE AWARDS. Performance Share Awards granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the Plan, as the Committee shall deem appropriate:
  - (a) AWARD AGREEMENT. Performance Share Awards shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement in such form and containing such terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the terms of the

Plan. Each Award Agreement shall set forth the number of shares of Common Stock to be received by a Participant upon satisfaction of certain specified performance criteria and subject to such other terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate.

- (b) TERMS OF PERFORMANCE SHARE AWARDS GENERALLY. Performance Share Awards may be granted under the Plan in such form as the Committee may from time to time approve. Performance Share Awards may be granted for no consideration or such consideration as the Committee deems appropriate. Performance Share Awards may be granted alone or in addition to other Awards under the Plan. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Committee shall determine the number of shares of Common Stock subject to each Performance Share Award granted to a Participant.
- (c) PERFORMANCE GOALS. Performance Share Awards shall provide that, in order for a Participant to be entitled to receive shares of Common Stock under such Award, the Company, a Subsidiary and/or the Participant must achieve certain specified performance goals ("PERFORMANCE GOALS") over a designated performance period ("PERFORMANCE PERIOD"). The Performance Goals and Performance Period shall be established by the Committee in its sole discretion. The Committee shall establish the Performance Goals for each Performance Period before, or as soon as practicable after, the commencement of the Performance Period. In setting Performance Goals, the Committee may use such measures as net earnings, operating earnings or income, absolute and/or relative return on equity or assets, earnings per share, cash flow, pretax profits, earnings growth, revenue growth, comparison to peer companies, any combination of the foregoing, or such other measure or measures of performance, including individual measures of performance, in such manner as it deems appropriate. Prior to the end of a Performance Period, with respect to any Participant the deductibility of whose Performance Award will not, in the reasonable belief of the Committee, be subject to the deduction limitation of Section 162(m) of the Code, the Committee may, in its discretion, adjust the performance objectives to reflect a Change in Capitalization (as hereinafter defined) or any other event which may materially affect the performance of the Company, a Subsidiary or a division, including, but not limited to, market conditions or a significant acquisition or disposition of assets or other property by the Company, a Subsidiary or a division. With respect to any Participant, the deductibility of whose Performance Award may, in the reasonable belief of the Committee, be subject to the deduction limitation of Section 162(m) of the Code, the Committee shall not be entitled to exercise the discretion conferred upon it in the preceding sentence to the extent the existence or exercise of such discretion would result in a loss of tax deductibility under such Section 162(m) of the Code. The extent to which a Participant is entitled to payment of a Performance Share Award at the end of the Performance Period shall be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, based on the Committee's

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determination of whether the Performance Goals established by the Committee in the granting of such Performance Share Award have been met.

(d) PAYMENT OF AWARDS. Payment in settlement of a Performance Share Award shall be made as soon as practicable following the conclusion of the respective Performance Period, or at such other time as the Committee shall determine, in shares of Common Stock.

- (e) RIGHTS AS SHAREHOLDER. Except as otherwise provided by the Committee in the applicable Award Agreement, a Participant shall have no rights as a shareholder with respect to a Performance Share Award until a certificate or certificates evidencing the shares of Common Stock shall have been issued to the Participant following the conclusion of the Performance Period, and, subject to Section 15(b), no adjustment shall be made for dividends or distributions or other rights in respect of any share for which the record date is prior to the date on which the Participant shall become the holder of record thereof.
- 11. PERFORMANCE UNITS. Awards of Performance Units shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem appropriate:
  - (a) AWARD AGREEMENT. Awards of Performance Units shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement in such form and containing such terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan.
  - (b) TERMS OF PERFORMANCE UNITS GENERALLY. Each Performance Unit shall entitle the Participant to whom such Performance Unit was granted to receive, upon satisfaction of certain specified performance criteria and subject to such other terms and conditions as the Committee deems appropriate, the amount specified in Section 11(d). Performance Units may be granted alone or in addition to other Awards under the Plan.
  - (c) PERFORMANCE GOALS. Awards of Performance Units shall provide that, in order for a Participant to be entitled to payment under such Award, the Company, a Subsidiary and/or the Participant must achieve certain specified Performance Goals over a designated Performance Period. The Performance Goals and Performance Period shall be established by the Committee in its sole discretion. The Committee shall establish the Performance Goals for each Performance Period before, or as soon as practicable after, the commencement of the Performance Period. In setting Performance Goals, the Committee may use such measures as net earnings, operating earnings or income, absolute and/or relative return on equity or assets, earnings per

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share, cash flow, pretax profits, earnings growth, revenue growth, comparison to peer companies, any combination of the foregoing, or such other measure or measures of performance, including individual measures of performance, in such manner as it deems appropriate. Prior to the end of a Performance Period, with respect to any Participant the deductibility of whose Performance Unit Awards will not, in the reasonable belief of the Committee, be subject to Section 162(m) of the Code, the Committee may, in its discretion, adjust the performance objectives to reflect a Change in Capitalization (as hereinafter defined) or any other event which may materially affect the performance of the Company, a Subsidiary or a division, including, but not limited to, market conditions or a significant acquisition or disposition of assets or other property by the Company, a Subsidiary or a division with respect to any Participant, the deductibility of whose Performance Unit Award may, in the reasonable belief of the Committee, be subject to Section 162(m) of the Code, the Committee shall not be entitled to exercise the discretion conferred upon it in the preceding sentence to the extent the existence or exercise of such discretion would result in a loss of tax deductibility under such Section  $162\,(\mathrm{m})$  of the Code. The extent to which a Participant is entitled to payment of a Performance Unit Award at the end of the Performance Period shall be determined by the Committee, in its sole discretion, based on the Committee's determination of whether the Performance Goals established by

the Committee in the granting of such Performance Unit Award have been met.

- (d) PAYMENT OF AWARDS. Payment in settlement of a Performance Unit Award shall be made as soon as practicable following the conclusion of the respective Performance Period, or at such other time as the Committee shall determine, in cash. The amount of any such payment shall be determined by multiplying (i) the difference between the Fair Market Value of one share of Common Stock on the relevant date and the price per share specified for the Performance Unit by (ii) the number of Performance Units. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee may limit in any manner the amount payable with respect to any Performance Unit by including such a limit in the Award Agreement at the time the Performance Unit is granted.
- (e) RIGHTS AS SHAREHOLDER. A Participant shall have no rights as a shareholder with respect to an Award of Performance Units.
- 12. STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS. Stock Appreciation Rights granted under the Plan shall be subject to the following terms and conditions and shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, as the Committee shall deem appropriate.
  - (a) AWARD AGREEMENT. Stock Appreciation Rights shall be evidenced by an Award Agreement in such form and containing such terms and conditions as the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Agreement}}$

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Committee deems appropriate and which are not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan.

- (b) TERMS OF STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS GENERALLY. Subject to the terms of the Plan and the applicable Award Agreement, each Stock Appreciation Right shall entitle the Participant to whom such Stock Appreciation Right was granted to receive, upon exercise thereof, the amount specified in Section 12(e). A Stock Appreciation Right may be granted alone or in addition to other Awards, or in tandem with a Stock Option. If granted in tandem with a Stock Option, a Stock Appreciation Right shall cover the same number of shares of Common Stock as covered by the Stock Option (or such lesser number of shares as the Committee may determine).
- (c) EXERCISE PRICE. The exercise price per share of Common Stock subject to a Stock Appreciation Right shall be determined by the Committee at the time of grant and set forth in the Award Agreement.
- (d) EXERCISE. A Stock Appreciation Right may be exercised by a Participant in accordance with procedures established by the Committee, except that in no event shall a Stock Appreciation Right granted prior to August 15, 1996 be exercisable within the first six (6) months after the date such Stock Appreciation Right is granted, or in the case of a Stock Appreciation Right granted prior to August 15, 1996 and in tandem with a Stock Option, within the first six (6) months after the date of grant of the related Stock Option. A Stock Appreciation Right granted in tandem with a Stock Option shall be exercisable only at such time or times and to the extent the related Stock Option shall be exercisable, and shall have the same term and exercise price as the related Stock Option. A Stock Appreciation Right unrelated to a Stock Option shall contain such terms and conditions as to exercisability (subject to the first sentence of this Section 12(d)) and duration as the Committee shall determine, but in no event shall any such Stock Appreciation Right have a term of greater than ten (10) years. The Committee, in its sole discretion, may provide for the acceleration of vesting of a Stock Appreciation Right, in whole or in part, based on such factors or criteria (including specified performance

criteria) as the Committee may determine. Upon exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right granted in tandem with a Stock Option, the related Stock Option shall be cancelled automatically to the extent of the number of shares covered by such exercise, and such shares shall no longer be available for grant under the Plan. If the related Stock Option is exercised as to some or all of the shares covered by the tandem grant, the related Stock Appreciation Right shall be cancelled automatically to the extent of the number of shares covered by the Stock Option exercise. A Stock Appreciation Right granted in tandem with an Incentive Stock Option may be exercised only when the Fair Market Value of the Common Stock subject to the Incentive Stock Option exceeds the exercise price of such Stock Option.

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- (e) AMOUNT OF PAYMENT. In the event a Participant exercises a Stock Appreciation Right, such Participant shall be entitled to receive an amount determined by multiplying (a) the difference between the Fair Market Value of one share of Common Stock on the date of exercise and the exercise price per share specified for the Stock Appreciation Right by (b) the number of shares in respect of which the Stock Appreciation Right shall have been exercised. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Committee may limit in any manner the amount payable with respect to any Stock Appreciation Right by including such a limit in the Award Agreement at the time the Stock Appreciation Right is granted.
- (f) FORM OF PAYMENT. Payment upon exercise of a Stock Appreciation Right shall be made in cash, in shares of Common Stock, or some combination thereof, as the Committee shall determine in its sole discretion.
- (g) RIGHTS AS SHAREHOLDER. A Participant shall have no rights as a shareholder with respect to any Stock Appreciation Right unless and until a certificate or certificates evidencing shares of Common Stock are issued to the Participant as payment upon exercise of such Stock Appreciation Right, and, subject to Section 15(b), no adjustment shall be made for dividends or distributions or other rights in respect of any share for which the record date is prior to the date on which the Participant shall become the holder of record thereof.
- (h) LIMITED STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS. The Committee may grant to an Eligible Individual a Stock Appreciation Right (a "LIMITED STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHT") pursuant to which the Participant shall have the right to surrender such Limited Stock Appreciation Right or any portion thereof to the Company within thirty (30) days following a Change in Control and to receive from the Company in exchange therefor a cash payment in an amount equal to (a) the number of shares of Common Stock under the Limited Stock Appreciation Right or portion thereof which is being exercised, multiplied by (b) the excess of (i) the greater of (A) the highest price per share of Common Stock paid in connection with the Change in Control or (B) the highest Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock in the 90 day period preceding such Change in Control, over (ii) the Fair Market Value of a share of Common Stock on the date the Limited Stock Appreciation Right was granted as set forth in the Award Agreement. Limited Stock Appreciation Rights granted under the Plan shall contain such additional terms and conditions, not inconsistent with the Plan, as the Committee deems appropriate.

## 13. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

(a) DISABILITY OR RETIREMENT. Except as may otherwise be provided by the Committee in its sole discretion at the time of grant or subsequent thereto, if a Participant's

employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries terminates by reason of Disability or Retirement, (i) any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable on the date of termination, for a period (the "EXERCISE PERIOD") of one year from the date of such Disability or Retirement or until the expiration of the stated term of the Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right, whichever period is shorter, and to the extent not exercisable on the date of termination of employment, such Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be forfeited; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that if a Participant terminates employment by reason of Retirement and such Participant holds an Incentive Stock Option, the Exercise Period shall not exceed the shorter of three months from the date of Retirement and the remainder of the stated term of such Incentive Stock Option; PROVIDED FURTHER, HOWEVER, that if the Participant dies during the Exercise Period, any unexercised Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by such Participant may thereafter be exercised to the extent it was exercisable on the date of Disability or Retirement, by the legal representative of the estate or legatee of the Participant under the will of the Participant, for a period of one year from the date of such death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right, whichever period is shorter (or, in the case of an Incentive Stock Option, for a period equal to the remainder of the Exercise Period), and (ii) if such termination is prior to the end of any applicable restriction period (with respect to a Restricted Stock Award) or Performance Period (with respect to a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award), the number of shares of Common Stock subject to such Award which have not been earned or the corresponding Award payment, as the case may be, as of the date of Disability or Retirement shall be forfeited. In determining whether to exercise its discretion under the first sentence of this Section 13(a) with respect to an Incentive Stock Option the Committee may consider the provisions of Section 422 of the Code.

- [(b) DEATH. Except as may otherwise be provided by the Company in its sole discretion at the time of grant or subsequent thereto, if a Participant's employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries terminates by reason of death, (i) any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable on the date of death, by the legal representative of the estate or legatee of the Participant under the will of the Participant, for a period of one year from the date of the Participant's death or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right, whichever period is shorter, and to the extent not exercisable on the date of death, such Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be forfeited and (ii) if such termination is prior to the end of any applicable restriction period (with respect to a Restricted Stock Award) or Performance Period (with respect to a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award), the number of shares of Common Stock subject to such Award which have not been earned or the corresponding Award payment, as the case may be, as of the date of death shall be forfeited.]
- (c) OTHER TERMINATIONS. Unless the Committee determines otherwise in its sole discretion at the time of grant or subsequent thereto, if a Participant's employment with the Company and its Subsidiaries terminates for any reason other than death, Disability or Retirement, (i) any Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right held by the Participant may thereafter be exercised, to the extent it was exercisable on the date of termination, for a period of sixty (60) days from the date of such termination of employment or until the expiration of the stated term of such Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right, whichever period is shorter, and to the extent not exercisable on the date of termination of employment, such Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be forfeited, and (ii) if such termination is prior to the end of any applicable restriction period (with respect to a Restricted Stock Award) or Performance Period (with respect to a Performance Share Award or a Performance Unit Award),

the number of shares of Common Stock subject to such Award which have not been earned or the corresponding Award payment, as the case may be, as of the date of such termination of employment shall be forfeited. In determining whether to exercise its discretion under the first sentence of this Section 13(c) with respect to an

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Incentive Stock Option, the Committee may consider the provisions of Section 422 of the Code.

14. NON-TRANSFERABILITY. No Award granted under the Plan or any rights or interests therein shall be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or otherwise encumbered or disposed of except by will or by the laws of descent and distribution or, except in the case of an Incentive Stock Option, pursuant to a "qualified domestic relations order" ("QDRO") as defined in the Code or Title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that the Committee may, subject to such terms and conditions as the Committee shall specify, permit the transfer of an Award granted after August 15, 1996 that is not an Incentive Stock Option to a Participant's family members or to one or more trusts established in whole or in part for the benefit of one or more of such family members; PROVIDED FURTHER that the restrictions in this sentence shall not apply to the shares received in connection with an Award after the date that the restrictions on transferability of such shares set forth in the applicable Award Agreement have lapsed. During the lifetime of a Participant, a Stock Option or Stock Appreciation Right shall be exercisable only by, and payments in settlement of Awards shall be payable only to, the Participant or, if applicable, the "alternate payee" under a QDRO or the family member or trust to whom such Stock Option, Stock Appreciation Award or other Award has been transferred in accordance with the previous sentence.

#### 15. RECAPITALIZATION OR REORGANIZATION.

- (a) The existence of the Plan, the Award Agreements and the Awards granted hereunder shall not affect or restrict in any way the right or power of the Company or the shareholders of the Company to make or authorize any adjustment, recapitalization, reorganization or other change in the Company's capital structure or its business, any merger or consolidation of the Company, any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Common Stock or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Common Stock, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of its assets or business, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.
- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan or any Award Agreement, in the event of any change in the outstanding Common Stock by reason of a stock dividend, recapitalization, reorganization, merger, consolidation, stock split, combination or exchange of shares (a "CHANGE IN CAPITALIZATION"), (i) such proportionate adjustments as may be necessary (in the form determined by the Committee in its sole discretion) to reflect such change shall be made to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of Participants under the Plan with respect to the aggregate number of shares of Common Stock for which Awards in respect thereof may be granted under the Plan, the number of shares of Common Stock

covered by each outstanding Award, and the exercise or Award prices in respect thereof and (ii) the Committee may make such other adjustments, consistent with the foregoing, as it deems appropriate in its sole discretion.

- 16. CHANGE IN CONTROL. In the event of a Change in Control and except as the Committee (as constituted immediately prior to such Change in Control) may otherwise determine in its sole discretion, (i) all Stock Options or Stock Appreciation Rights then outstanding shall become fully exercisable as of the date of the Change in Control, whether or not then exercisable, (ii) all restrictions and conditions of all Restricted Stock Awards then outstanding shall lapse as of the date of the Change in Control, (iii) all Performance Share Awards and Performance Unit Awards shall be deemed to have been fully earned as of the date of the Change in Control, and (iv) in the case of a Change in Control involving a merger of, or consolidation involving, the Company in which the Company is (A) not the surviving corporation (the "SURVIVING ENTITY") or (B) becomes a wholly owned subsidiary of the Surviving Entity or any Parent thereof, each outstanding Stock Option granted under the Plan and not exercised (a "PREDECESSOR OPTION") will be converted into an option (a "SUBSTITUTE OPTION") to acquire common stock of the Surviving Entity or its Parent, which Substitute Option will have substantially the same terms and conditions as the Predecessor Option, with appropriate adjustments as to the number and kind of shares and exercise prices. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, any Award granted prior to August 15, 1996 and within six (6) months of a Change in Control shall not be afforded any such acceleration as to exercise, vesting and payment rights or lapsing as to conditions or restrictions.
- 17. AMENDMENT OF THE PLAN. The Board or Committee may at any time and from time to time terminate, modify, suspend or amend the Plan in whole or in part, except that no termination, modification, suspension or amendment shall be effective without shareholder approval if such approval is required to comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act, Section 162(m) of the Code, or to comply with any other law, regulation or stock exchange rule. No termination, modification, suspension or amendment of the Plan shall, without the consent of a Participant to whom any Awards shall previously have been granted, adversely affect his or her rights under such Awards. Notwithstanding any provision herein to the contrary, the Board or Committee shall have broad authority to amend the Plan or any Stock Option to take into account changes in applicable tax laws, securities laws, accounting rules and other applicable state and federal laws.

### 18. MISCELLANEOUS.

(a) TAX WITHHOLDING. (i) No later than the date as of which an amount first becomes includable in the gross income of the Participant for applicable income tax purposes with respect to any award under the Plan, the Participant shall pay to the Company or make arrangements satisfactory to the Committee regarding the payment of any federal,

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state or local taxes of any kind required by law to be withheld with respect to such amount. Unless otherwise determined by the Committee, in accordance with rules and procedures established by the Committee, the minimum required withholding obligations may be settled with Common Stock, including Common Stock that is part of the award that gives rise to the withholding requirement. The obligation of the Company under the Plan shall be conditioned upon such payment or arrangements and the Company shall, to the extent permitted by law, have the right to deduct any such taxes from any payment of any kind otherwise due to the Participant.

- (ii) The applicable Award Agreement for an Incentive Stock Option shall provide that if a Participant makes a disposition, within the meaning of Section 424(c) of the Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder, of any share of Common Stock issued to such Participant pursuant to the exercise of an Incentive Stock Option within the two-year period commencing on the day after the date of the grant or within the one-year period commencing on the day after the date of transfer of such share of Common Stock to the Participant pursuant to such exercise, the Participant shall, within ten (10) days of such disposition, notify the Company thereof, by delivery of written notice to the Company at its principal executive office.
- (b) LOANS. On such terms and conditions as shall be approved by the Committee, the Company may directly or indirectly lend money to a Participant to accomplish the purposes of the Plan, including to assist such Participant to acquire or carry shares of Common Stock acquired upon the exercise of Stock Options granted hereunder, and the Committee may also separately lend money to any Participant to pay taxes with respect to any of the transactions contemplated by the Plan.
- (c) NO RIGHT TO GRANTS OR EMPLOYMENT. No Eligible Individual or Participant shall have any claim or right to receive grants of Awards under the Plan. Nothing in the Plan or in any Award or Award Agreement shall confer upon any employee of the Company or any Subsidiary any right to continued employment with the Company or any Subsidiary, as the case may be, or interfere in any way with the right of the Company or a Subsidiary to terminate the employment of any of its employees at any time, with or without cause.
- (d) UNFUNDED PLAN. The Plan is intended to constitute an unfunded plan for incentive compensation. With respect to any payments not yet made to a Participant by the Company, nothing contained herein shall give any such Participant any rights that are greater than those of a general creditor of the Company. In its sole discretion, the Committee may authorize the creation of trusts or other arrangements to meet the obligations created under the Plan to deliver Common Stock or payments in lieu thereof with respect to awards hereunder.

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- (e) OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS. Payments received by a Participant under any Award made pursuant to the provisions of the Plan shall not be included in, nor have any effect on, the determination of benefits under any other employee benefit plan or similar arrangement provided by the Company.
- (f) SECURITIES LAW RESTRICTIONS. The Committee may require each Eligible Individual purchasing or acquiring shares of Common Stock pursuant to a Stock Option or other Award under the Plan to represent to and agree with the Company in writing that such Eligible Individual is acquiring the shares for investment and not with a view to the distribution thereof. All certificates for shares of Common Stock delivered under the Plan shall be subject to such stock-transfer orders and other restrictions as the Committee may deem advisable under the rules, regulations, and other requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange or any other exchange upon which the Common Stock is then listed, and any applicable federal or state securities law, and the Committee may cause a legend or legends to be put on any such certificates to make appropriate reference to such restrictions. No shares of Common Stock shall be issued hereunder unless the Company shall have determined that such issuance is in compliance with, or pursuant to an exemption from, all applicable federal and state securities laws.
- (g) COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 16B-3. (i) The Plan is intended to comply with Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act or its successors under the Exchange Act and the Committee shall interpret and administer the provisions of the Plan or any Award Agreement in a manner consistent therewith. To the extent any

provision of the Plan or Award Agreement or any action by the Committee fails to so comply, it shall be deemed null and void, to the extent permitted by law and deemed advisable by the Committee. Moreover, in the event the Plan or an Award Agreement does not include a provision required by Rule 16(b)(3) to be stated therein, such provision (other than one relating to eligibility requirements, or the price and amount of Awards) shall be deemed automatically to be incorporated by reference into the Plan or such Award Agreement insofar as Participants subject to Section 16 of the Exchange Act are concerned.

- (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Plan or any Award Agreement to the contrary, if the consummation of any transaction under the Plan would result in the possible imposition of liability on a Participant pursuant to Section 16(b) of the Exchange Act, the Committee shall have the right, in its sole discretion, but shall not be obligated, to defer such transaction to the extent necessary to avoid such liability, but in no event for a period in excess of 180 days.
- (h) DEDUCTIBILITY UNDER CODE SECTION 162(M). Awards granted under the Plan to Eligible Individuals which the Committee reasonably believes may be subject to the deduction limitation of Section 162(m) of the Code shall not be exercisable, and payment under the Plan in connection with such an Award shall not be made, unless and until the

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Committee has determined in its sole discretion that such exercise or payment would no longer be subject to the deduction limitation of Section 162(m) of the Code.

- (i) AWARD AGREEMENT. Each Eligible Individual receiving an Award under the Plan shall enter into an Award Agreement in a form specified by the Committee agreeing to the terms and conditions of the Award and such other matters as the Committee shall, in its sole discretion, determine. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the Plan and any such Award Agreement, the Plan shall govern, and the Award Agreement shall be interpreted to minimize or eliminate any such conflict or inconsistency.
- (j) EXPENSES. The costs and expenses of administering the Plan shall be borne by the Company.
- (k) APPLICABLE LAW. Except as to matters of federal law, the Plan and all actions taken thereunder shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware without giving effect to conflicts of law principles.
- (1) EFFECTIVE DATE. The Plan shall be effective as of the date (the "EFFECTIVE DATE") the Plan is approved by the Board, PROVIDED that the Plan is approved by the affirmative votes of a majority of shares of Common Stock or by written consent of a majority of shares of Common Stock. Awards granted under the Plan prior to such shareholder approval shall be and are made subject to defeasance by the failure of the shareholders to approve the Plan.

#### CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Guess ?, Inc.:

The audits referred to in our report dated March 1, 1996 included the related financial statement schedule as of and for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 1995, included in the registration statement. This financial statement schedule is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement schedule based on our audits. In our opinion, such financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

We consent to the use of our reports included herein and to the reference to our firm under the headings "Selected Financial Data" and "Experts" in the prospectus.

KPMG PEAT MARWICK LLP

Los Angeles, California July 30, 1996

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<F2>INCLUDES NON-RECURRING CHARGES RELATED TO THE WRITEDOWN OF OPERATING ASSETS
TO BE DISPOSED OF IN CONTEMPLATION OF THE OFFERINGS AGGREGATING \$3.6 MILLION
RELATING TO (A) DISPOSAL OF TWO CURRENTLY ACTIVE REMOVE WAREHOUSE
AND PRODUCTION FACILITIES, WHICH ARE NOT EXPECTED TO BE USED IN THE COMPANY'S
OPERATIONS AFTER THE OFFERINGS, RESULTING IN A NET BOOK LOSS OF \$2.4 MILLION,
AND (B) THE NET BOOK LOSS OF \$1.2 MILLION INCURRED BY THE COMPANY IN CONNECTION
WITH THE SALE OF ONE OF ITS AIRCRAFT TO AN UNAFFILIATED THIRD PARTY FOR \$6.0
MILLION IN CONTEMPLATION OF THE OFFERINGS.