# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

# ☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT **OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended July 30, 2016

OR

#### TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT **OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 1-11893

# **GUESS?**, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

1444 South Alameda Street

Los Angeles, California

(Address of principal executive offices)

(213) 765-3100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer 🗵

Non-accelerated filer □ (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

As of August 29, 2016 the registrant had 84,376,162 shares of Common Stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding.

90021

95-3679695

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

(Zip Code)

Accelerated filer  $\Box$ 

Smaller reporting company

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# PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# ITEM 1. Financial Statements.

# GUESS?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands, except share data)

		Jul 30, 2016		Jan 30, 2016
		(unaudited)		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	415,499	\$	445,480
Accounts receivable, net		201,260		222,359
Inventories		379,748		311,704
Other current assets		55,831		56,709
Total current assets		1,052,338		1,036,252
Property and equipment, net		271,512		255,344
Goodwill		34,162		33,412
Other intangible assets, net		7,196		7,269
Deferred tax assets		89,256		83,613
Other assets		120,552		122,858
	\$	1,575,016	\$	1,538,748
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Current portion of borrowings and capital lease obligations	\$	555	\$	4,024
Accounts payable		201,992		177,505
Accrued expenses		135,929		145,530
Total current liabilities		338,476		327,059
Long-term debt		23,639		2,318
Deferred rent and lease incentives		78,870		76,968
Other long-term liabilities		102,289		95,858
		543,274		502,203
Redeemable noncontrolling interests		3,941		5,252
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 10,000,000 shares; no shares issued and outstandin	g			_
Common stock, \$.01 par value. Authorized 150,000,000 shares; issued 140,556,666 and 140,028,937 shares, outstanding 84,386,548 and 83,833,937 shares, as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively		844		838
Paid-in capital		475,476		468,574
Retained earnings		1,237,935		1,269,775
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(137,214)		(158,054)
Treasury stock, 56,170,118 and 56,195,000 shares as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively		(562,409)		(562,658)
Guess?, Inc. stockholders' equity		1,014,632		1,018,475
Nonredeemable noncontrolling interests		1,014,032		12,818
Total stockholders' equity		1,027,801		1,031,293
	¢		¢	
	\$	1,575,016	\$	1,538,748

# GUESS?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (in thousands, except per share data) (unaudited)

		Three Mo	nths	Ended		Six Months Ended						
		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015				
Product sales	\$	523,008	\$	520,937	\$	949,476	\$	973,896				
Net royalties		21,951		25,327		44,298		51,192				
Net revenue		544,959		546,264		993,774		1,025,088				
Cost of product sales		359,327		348,147		665,383		661,486				
Gross profit		185,632		198,117		328,391		363,602				
Selling, general and administrative expenses		170,055		171,916		335,709		333,048				
Restructuring charges				—		6,083		—				
Earnings (loss) from operations		15,577		26,201		(13,401)		30,554				
Other income (expense):												
Interest expense		(458)		(729)		(978)		(1,164)				
Interest income		251		239		902		511				
Other income, net		27,390		3,708		26,292		6,334				
		27,183		3,218		26,216		5,681				
Earnings before income tax expense		42,760		29,419		12,815		36,235				
Income tax expense		10,593		10,940		5,802		13,769				
Net earnings		32,167		18,479		7,013		22,466				
Net earnings (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests		(102)		190		(78)		836				
Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc.	\$	32,269	\$	18,289	\$	7,091	\$	21,630				
Net earnings per common share attributable to common	stoc	kholders (Note	2):									
Basic	\$	0.38	\$	0.21	\$	0.08	\$	0.25				
Diluted	\$	0.38	\$	0.21	\$	0.08	\$	0.25				
Weighted average common shares outstanding attributa	ble to	o common stoc	ckho	lders (Note 2):	:							
Basic		83,621		85,004		83,567		84,985				
Diluted		83,863		85,290		83,809		85,132				
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.225	\$	0.225	\$	0.450	\$	0.450				

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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# GUESS?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (in thousands) (unaudited)

		Three Mo	nths ]	Ended		Six Months Ended					
		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015			
Net earnings	\$	32,167	\$	18,479	\$	7,013	\$	22,466			
Other comprehensive income (loss) ("OCI"):											
Foreign currency translation adjustment											
Gains (losses) arising during the period		(15,722)		(20,933)		27,430		(21,636)			
Derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges	N										
Gains (losses) arising during the period		5,420		5,721		(6,823)		4,426			
Less income tax effect		(803)		(1,137)		1,560		(768)			
Reclassification to net earnings for gains realized		(1,131)		(3,523)		(2,547)		(5,759)			
Less income tax effect		250		511		521		812			
Marketable securities											
Losses arising during the period		(5)		(7)		(4)		(14			
Less income tax effect		3		3		3		6			
Defined benefit plans											
Actuarial gain		—		11,378		—		11,378			
Foreign currency and other adjustments		28				(136)					
Less income tax effect		(2)		(4,352)		13		(4,352			
Actuarial loss amortization		85		430		171		943			
Prior service credit amortization		(7)		(39)		(14)		(97			
Curtailment		—		(1,651)		—		(1,651			
Less income tax effect		(19)		522		(38)		373			
Total comprehensive income		20,264		5,402		27,149		6,127			
Less comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests:											
Net earnings (loss)		(102)		190		(78)		836			
Foreign currency translation adjustment		(1,225)		(236)		(704)		(600)			
Amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests		(1,327)	_	(46)	_	(782)		236			
Comprehensive income attributable to Guess?, Inc.	\$	21,591	\$	5,448	\$	27,931	\$	5,891			

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

# GUESS?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) (unaudited)

(unaudited)		Six Mon	the F	nded
		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net earnings	\$	7,013	\$	22,466
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment		33,105		35,363
Amortization of intangible assets		944		1,080
Share-based compensation expense		9,049		8,052
Unrealized forward contract (gains) losses		1,181		(1,979)
Net gains on disposition of long-term assets and property and equipment		(21,374)		(171)
Other items, net		(1,082)		167
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		18,873		12,943
Inventories		(61,357)		(21,791)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(6,718)		(5,624)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,281		18,432
Deferred rent and lease incentives		1,183		(2,455)
Other long-term liabilities		(706)		(9,747)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(17,608)		56,736
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(44,223)		(24,963)
Proceeds from sale of long-term assets		43,399		
Changes in other assets		_		1,768
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired		(372)		(846)
Net cash settlement of forward contracts		357		6,814
Net cash used in investing activities		(839)		(17,227)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payment of debt issuance costs		(111)		(945)
Proceeds from borrowings		21,500		581
Repayment of capital lease obligations and borrowings		(4,468)		(756)
Dividends paid		(38,383)		(38,520)
Purchase of redeemable noncontrolling interest		(4,445)		_
Noncontrolling interest capital contributions		2,157		_
Noncontrolling interest capital distributions				(3,830)
Issuance of common stock, net of tax withholdings on vesting of stock awards		346		(1,052)
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation		202		79
Net cash used in financing activities		(23,202)		(44,443)
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		11,668		(7,603)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(29,981)		(12,537)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		445,480		483,483
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	415,499	\$	470,946
cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	Ψ	.13,777	Ψ	170,940
Supplemental cash flow data:				
Interest paid	\$	607	\$	508

Income taxes paid	\$ 9,132 \$	14,590

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

# GUESS?, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS July 30, 2016

### (unaudited)

#### (1) **Basis of Presentation**

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Guess?, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, the condensed consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 and the condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they have been condensed and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The results of operations for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be expected for the full fiscal year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2016.

The three and six months ended July 30, 2016 had the same number of days as the three and six months ended August 1, 2015. All references herein to "fiscal 2017," "fiscal 2016" and "fiscal 2015" represent the results of the 52-week fiscal year ending January 28, 2017 and the 52-week fiscal years ended January 30, 2016 and January 31, 2015, respectively.

#### Reclassifications

The Company has made certain reclassifications to prior year amounts to conform to the current period presentation within the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Sale of Other Assets

On May 30, 2016, the Company sold its minority interest equity holding in a privately-held boutique apparel company for net proceeds of approximately \$34.8 million, which resulted in a gain of approximately \$22.3 million which was recorded in other income during the second quarter of fiscal 2017.

#### New Accounting Guidance

#### Changes in Accounting Policies

In February 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued authoritative guidance which modifies existing consolidation guidance for reporting organizations that are required to evaluate whether they should consolidate certain legal entities. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 31, 2016. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs by requiring such costs to be presented as a deduction from the corresponding debt liability. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 31, 2016. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In April 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which provides clarification on accounting for cloud computing arrangements which include a software license. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 31, 2016. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In May 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which eliminates the disclosure requirement to categorize investments within the fair value hierarchy that are measured at fair value using the net asset value

per share practical expedient. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 31, 2016. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In September 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance that eliminates the requirement for an acquirer in a business combination to account for measurement-period adjustments retrospectively. The Company adopted this guidance effective January 31, 2016. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

#### Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

In May 2014, the FASB issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard which will supersede previous existing revenue recognition guidance. The standard creates a five-step model for revenue recognition that requires companies to exercise judgment when considering contract terms and relevant facts and circumstances. The five-step model includes (1) identifying the contract, (2) identifying the separate performance obligations in the contract, (3) determining the transaction price, (4) allocating the transaction price to the separate performance obligations and (5) recognizing revenue when each performance obligation has been satisfied. The standard also requires expanded disclosures surrounding revenue recognition. During the first half of fiscal 2017, the FASB issued additional clarification guidance on the new revenue recognition standard which also included certain scope improvements and practical expedients. The standard (including clarification guidance issued) is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2017, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2019, and allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective adoption. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, including the choice of application method upon adoption.

In July 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to simplify the subsequent measurement of inventories by replacing the lower of cost or market test with a lower of cost and net realizable value test. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2018, and requires prospective adoption, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which requires equity investments not accounted for under the equity method of accounting or consolidation accounting to be measured at fair value, with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in net income. This guidance also addresses other recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2019, and requires a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued a comprehensive new lease standard which will supersede previous lease guidance. The standard requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities related to long-term leases that were classified as operating leases under previous guidance in its balance sheet. An asset would be recognized related to the right to use the underlying asset and a liability would be recognized related to the obligation to make lease payments over the term of the lease. The standard also requires expanded disclosures surrounding leases. The standard is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2020, and requires modified retrospective adoption, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, but expects there will be a significant increase in its long-term assets and liabilities resulting from the adoption.

In March 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to simplify the accounting for certain aspects of share-based compensation. This guidance requires all income tax effects of awards to be recognized in the income statement when the awards vest or are settled. This guidance also addresses other recognition, measurement and

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presentation requirements for share-based compensation. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2021. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to the classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments in the statement of cash flows. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

# (2) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share represents net earnings attributable to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company has granted restricted stock units with forfeitable dividend rights that have been classified as issued and outstanding but are considered contingently returnable as a result of certain service conditions. These restricted stock units are considered common equivalent shares outstanding and are excluded from the weighted average number of common shares outstanding and basic earnings per share calculation until the respective service conditions have been met. Diluted earnings per share represents net earnings attributable to common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, inclusive of the dilutive impact of common equivalent shares outstanding during the period. However, nonvested restricted stock awards (referred to as participating securities) are excluded from the dilutive impact of common equivalent shares outstanding in accordance with authoritative guidance under the two-class method since the nonvested restricted stockholders are entitled to participate in dividends declared on common stock as if the shares were fully vested and hence are deemed to be participating securities. Under the two-class method, earnings attributable to nonvested restricted stockholders are excluded from net earnings attributable to common stockholders for purposes of calculating basic and diluted earnings per common share. However, net losses are not allocated to nonvested restricted stockholders since they are not contractually obligated to share in the losses of the Company.

In addition, the Company has granted certain nonvested stock units that are subject to certain performance-based or market-based vesting conditions as well as continued service requirements through the respective vesting periods. These nonvested stock units are included in the computation of diluted net earnings per common share attributable to common stockholders only to the extent that the underlying performance-based or market-based vesting conditions are satisfied as of the end of the reporting period, or would be considered satisfied if the end of the reporting period were the end of the related contingency period, and the results would be dilutive under the treasury stock method.

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The computation of basic and diluted net earnings per common share attributable to common stockholders is as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

		Three Mo	nths E	nded	Six Months Ended						
	Ju	1 30, 2016	А	ug 1, 2015	J	ul 30, 2016	A	ug 1, 2015			
Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc.	\$	32,269	\$	18,289	\$	7,091	\$	21,630			
Less net earnings attributable to nonvested restricted stockholders		240		143		286		227			
Net earnings attributable to common stockholders	\$	32,029	\$	18,146	\$	6,805	\$	21,403			
Weighted average common shares used in basic computations		83,621		85,004		83,567		84,985			
Effect of dilutive securities:											
Stock options and restricted stock units		242		286		242		147			
Weighted average common shares used in diluted computations		83,863		85,290		83,809		85,132			
Net earnings per common share attributable to common s	stockhold	ers:									
Basic	\$	0.38	\$	0.21	\$	0.08	\$	0.25			
Diluted	\$	0.38	\$	0.21	\$	0.08	\$	0.25			

For the three months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015, equity awards granted for 3,426,266 and 2,525,300, respectively, of the Company's common shares and for the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015, equity awards granted for 3,185,000 and 2,473,325, respectively, of the Company's common shares were outstanding but were excluded from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding because the assumed proceeds, as calculated under the treasury stock method, resulted in these awards being antidilutive. For the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company also excluded 602,816 nonvested stock units which are subject to the achievement of performance-based or market-based vesting conditions from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares and common shares outstanding because these conditions were not achieved as of July 30, 2016. For the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, the Company excluded 425,866 nonvested stock units which were subject to the achievement of performance-based or market-based vesting conditions from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding because these conditions from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding because these outstanding because these outstanding because these diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding because these conditions from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding because these conditions from the computation of diluted weighted average common shares and common equivalent shares outstanding because these conditions were not achieved as of August 1, 2015.

#### Share Repurchase Program

On June 26, 2012, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase, from time-to-time and as market and business conditions warrant, up to \$500 million of the Company's common stock. Repurchases under the program may be made on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 trading plans or other available means. There is no minimum or maximum number of shares to be repurchased under the program, which may be discontinued at any time, without prior notice. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had remaining authority under the program to purchase \$451.8 million of its common stock. There were no share repurchases during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015.

# (3) Stockholders' Equity and Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

A reconciliation of common stock outstanding, treasury stock and the total carrying amount of total stockholders' equity, Guess?, Inc. stockholders' equity and stockholders' equity attributable to nonredeemable and redeemable noncontrolling interests for the fiscal year ended January 30, 2016 and six months ended July 30, 2016 is as follows (in thousands, except share data):

	Sha	ires			Sto	ockholders' Equity			
	Common Stock	Treasury Stock	Stoc	ess?, Inc. :kholders' Equity		Nonredeemable Noncontrolling Interests	Total	•	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests
Balance at January 31, 2015	85,323,154	54,235,846	\$	1,073,856	\$	15,590	\$ 1,089,446	\$	4,437
Net earnings				81,851		2,964	84,815		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_			(36,083)		(1,661)	(37,744)		(476)
Gain on derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges, net of income tax of (\$559)	_	_		95		_	95		_
Loss on marketable securities, net of income tax of \$7	_	_		(12)		_	(12)		_
Actuarial valuation gain (loss) and related amortization, plan amendment, curtailment, prior service credit amortization and foreign currency and other adjustments on defined benefit plans, net of income tax of (\$2,972)	_	_		5,011		_	5,011		_
Issuance of common stock under stock compensation plans, net of tax effect	469,937	_		(4,023)		_	(4,023)		_
Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	40,846	(40,846)		660		_	660		_
Share-based compensation				18,880			18,880		
Dividends	_	_		(77,287)		_	(77,287)		_
Share repurchases	(2,000,000)	2,000,000		(44,053)			(44,053)		_
Noncontrolling interest capital contribution	_	_		_		_	_		871
Noncontrolling interest capital distribution	_	_		_		(4,075)	(4,075)		_
Redeemable noncontrolling interest redemption value adjustment	_	_		(420)		_	(420)		420
Balance at January 30, 2016	83,833,937	56,195,000	\$	1,018,475	\$	12,818	\$ 1,031,293	\$	5,252
Net earnings (loss)	_	_		7,091		(78)	7,013		_
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	_		28,134		(704)	27,430		307
Loss on derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges, net of income tax of \$2,081	_	_		(7,289)		_	(7,289)		_
Loss on marketable securities, net of income tax of \$3	_	_		(1)		_	(1)		_
Actuarial valuation and prior service credit amortization and foreign currency and other adjustments on defined benefit plans, net of income tax of (\$25)	_	_		(4)		_	(4)		_
Issuance of common stock under stock compensation plans, net of tax effect	527,729	_		(940)		_	(940)		_
Issuance of stock under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	24,882	(24,882)		342		_	342		_
Share-based compensation	—	—		9,049		_	9,049		—
Dividends	_	_		(38,422)		_	(38,422)		
Purchase of redeemable noncontrolling interest	_	_		(1,133)		1,133	_		(4,445)
Noncontrolling interest capital contribution				_			_		2,157
Redeemable noncontrolling interest redemption value adjustment	_	_		(670)		_	(670)		670
Balance at July 30, 2016	84,386,548	56,170,118	\$	1,014,632	\$	13,169	\$ 1,027,801	\$	3,941

# Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of related income taxes, for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

		Three	Мо	nths Ended Jul 30	), 201	16	
	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges		Marketable Securities	De	fined Benefit Plans	Total
Balance at April 30, 2016	\$ (115,021)	\$ (3,773)	\$	(14)	\$	(7,728)	\$ (126,536)
Gains (losses) arising during the period	(14,497)	4,617		(2)		26	(9,856)
Reclassification to net earnings for (gains) losses realized	—	(881)		—		59	(822)
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	 (14,497)	 3,736		(2)		85	 (10,678)
Balance at July 30, 2016	\$ (129,518)	\$ (37)	\$	(16)	\$	(7,643)	\$ (137,214)

	Six Months Ended Jul 30, 2016											
	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	J	Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges		Marketable Securities	De	fined Benefit Plans		Total			
Balance at January 30, 2016	\$ (157,652)	\$	7,252	\$	(15)	\$	(7,639)	\$	(158,054)			
Gains (losses) arising during the period	28,134		(5,263)		(1)		(123)		22,747			
Reclassification to net earnings for (gains) losses realized	—		(2,026)		—		119		(1,907)			
Net other comprehensive income (loss)	 28,134		(7,289)		(1)		(4)		20,840			
Balance at July 30, 2016	\$ (129,518)	\$	(37)	\$	(16)	\$	(7,643)	\$	(137,214)			

	Three Months Ended Aug 1, 2015											
		Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment		Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges		Marketable Securities	De	fined Benefit Plans		Total		
Balance at May 2, 2015	\$	(121,908)	\$	4,296	\$	(7)	\$	(12,344)	\$	(129,963)		
Gains (losses) arising during the period		(20,697)		4,584		(4)		7,026		(9,091)		
Reclassification to net earnings for gains realized		—		(3,012)		—		(738)		(3,750)		
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		(20,697)		1,572		(4)		6,288		(12,841)		
Balance at August 1, 2015	\$	(142,605)	\$	5,868	\$	(11)	\$	(6,056)	\$	(142,804)		

				Six I	Mon	ths Ended Aug 1,	2015	;	
	1	Foreign Currency Franslation Adjustment	I D	Derivative Financial nstruments esignated as Cash Flow Hedges		Marketable Securities	De	fined Benefit Plans	Total
Balance at January 31, 2015	\$	(121,569)	\$	7,157	\$	(3)	\$	(12,650)	\$ (127,065)
Gains (losses) arising during the period		(21,036)		3,658		(8)		7,026	(10,360)
Reclassification to net earnings for gains realized				(4,947)		—		(432)	(5,379)
Net other comprehensive income (loss)		(21,036)		(1,289)		(8)		6,594	 (15,739)
Balance at August 1, 2015	\$	(142,605)	\$	5,868	\$	(11)	\$	(6,056)	\$ (142,804)

Details on reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to net earnings during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months En			Ended	Six Mont	ths 1	Ended		Location of (Gain) Loss	
	Jul	30, 2016	A	Aug 1, 2015	J	Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Earnings
Derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges:										
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$	(1,141)	\$	(3,193)	\$	(2,576)	\$	(4,943)		Cost of product sales
Foreign exchange currency contracts		(49)		(330)		(81)		(816)		Other income/expense
Interest rate swap		59		_		110		_		Interest expense
Less income tax effect		250		511		521		812		Income tax expense
		(881)		(3,012)		(2,026)		(4,947)		
Defined benefit plans:		<u> </u>								
Actuarial loss amortization		85		430		171		943	(1)	
Prior service credit amortization		(7)		(39)		(14)		(97)	(1)	
Curtailment				(1,651)				(1,651)	(1)	
Less income tax effect		(19)		522		(38)		373		Income tax expense
		59		(738)		119		(432)		
Total reclassifications during the period	\$	(822)	\$	(3,750)	\$	(1,907)	\$	(5,379)		

(1) These accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) components are included in the computation of net periodic defined benefit pension (credit) cost. Refer to Note 13 for further information.

# Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests

The Company is party to a put arrangement with respect to the common securities that represent the remaining noncontrolling interest for its majority-owned subsidiary, Guess Brasil Comércio e Distribuição S.A. ("Guess Brazil"), which was established through a majority-owned joint venture during fiscal 2014. The put arrangement for Guess Brazil, representing 40% of the total outstanding equity interest of that subsidiary, may be exercised at the discretion of the noncontrolling interest holder by providing written notice to the Company beginning in the sixth year of the agreement, or sooner in certain limited circumstances, and every third anniversary from the end of the sixth year thereafter subject to certain time restrictions. The redemption value of the Guess Brazil put arrangement is based on a multiple of Guess Brazil's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization subject to certain adjustments and is classified as a redeemable noncontrolling interest outside of permanent equity in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company and the noncontrolling interest holder increased their capital contributions by \$1.7 million, of which \$1.0 million was paid by the Company and the remaining amount was paid by the noncontrolling interest holder to retain the same pro-rata interest in Guess Brazil. The carrying value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest holder was \$1.6 million and \$0.7 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively.

During fiscal 2016, the Company entered into a new majority-owned joint venture to establish Guess? CIS, LLC ("Guess CIS") which is based in Russia. The Company made an initial contribution of \$2.0 million to obtain a 70% interest in Guess CIS and is party to a put arrangement with respect to the common securities that represent the remaining noncontrolling interest. During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company and the noncontrolling interest holder increased their capital contributions by \$5.0 million, of which \$3.5 million was paid by the Company and the remaining amount was paid by the noncontrolling interest holder to retain the same prorata interest in Guess CIS. The put arrangement may be exercised at the discretion of the noncontrolling interest holder by providing written notice to the Company during the period beginning after the fifth anniversary of the agreement through December 31, 2025, or sooner in certain limited circumstances. The redemption value of the Guess CIS put arrangement is based on a multiple of Guess CIS's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization subject to certain adjustments and is classified as a redeemable noncontrolling interest outside of permanent equity in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The carrying value of the redeemable

noncontrolling interest related to Guess CIS was \$2.3 million and \$0.9 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively.

The Company was previously party to a put arrangement in connection with its now wholly-owned subsidiary, Guess Sud SAS ("Guess Sud"). Under the terms of this put arrangement, which represented 40% of the total outstanding interest of that subsidiary, the noncontrolling interest holder had the option to exercise the put arrangement at its discretion by providing written notice to the Company any time after January 30, 2012. The redemption value of the put arrangement was determined based on a method which approximated fair value. In May 2016, the Company acquired the remaining 40% interest in Guess Sud for \$4.4 million. At January 30, 2016, the redemption value related to the Guess Sud put arrangement was \$3.7 million and was included in redeemable noncontrolling interests.

#### (4) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	J	ul 30, 2016	Jan 30, 2016
Trade	\$	213,348	\$ 222,972
Royalty		13,594	16,443
Other		8,392	 16,493
		235,334	 255,908
Less allowances		34,074	33,549
	\$	201,260	\$ 222,359

Accounts receivable consists of trade receivables relating primarily to the Company's wholesale business in Europe and, to a lesser extent, to its wholesale businesses in the Americas and Asia, royalty receivables relating to its licensing operations and certain other receivables. Other receivables generally relate to amounts due to the Company that result from activities that are not related to the direct sale of the Company's products or collection of royalties. The accounts receivable allowance includes allowances for doubtful accounts, wholesale sales returns and wholesale markdowns. Retail sales returns allowances are included in accrued expenses.

# (5) Inventories

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	Jul 30, 2016	Jan 30, 2016
Raw materials	\$ 1,445	\$ 1,150
Work in progress	134	92
Finished goods	378,169	310,462
	\$ 379,748	\$ 311,704

The above balances include an allowance to write down inventories to the lower of cost or market of \$19.6 million and \$15.9 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively.

# (6) Restructuring Charges

During the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company implemented a global cost reduction and restructuring plan to better align its global cost and organizational structure with its current strategic initiatives. This plan included the consolidation and streamlining of the Company's business processes and a reduction in its global workforce and other expenses. These actions resulted in restructuring charges related primarily to cash-based severance costs of \$6.1 million during the six months ended July 30, 2016. There were no restructuring charges incurred during the three months ended July 30, 2016 related to this plan. The Company does not expect significant future cash-based severance charges to be incurred as the actions under this plan were substantially completed during the first quarter of fiscal 2017. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had a balance of approximately \$1.1 million in accrued expenses for amounts expected to be paid during the remainder of fiscal 2017.

The following table summarizes restructuring activities related primarily to severance during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended Jul 30, 2016
Balance at April 30, 2016	\$ 5,146
Cash payments	(3,906)
Foreign currency and other adjustments	 (109)
Balance at July 30, 2016	\$ 1,131
	Six Months Ended Jul 30, 2016
Balance at January 30, 2016	\$ 
Charges to operations	6,083
Cash payments	(4,836)
Foreign currency and other adjustments	(116)
Balance at July 30, 2016	\$ 1,131

During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company also incurred an estimated exit tax charge of approximately \$1.9 million related to its reorganization in Europe as a result of the global cost reduction and restructuring plan. The estimated exit tax charge was recorded during the three months ended April 30, 2016. The exit tax charge has not been finalized with the local authorities and actual amounts could differ significantly from these estimates as negotiations are completed.

# (7) Income Taxes

Income tax expense for the interim periods was computed using the effective tax rate estimated to be applicable for the full fiscal year. The Company's effective income tax rate increased to 45.3% for the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to 38.0% for the six months ended August 1, 2015. The increase in the effective income tax rate was due primarily to more losses incurred in certain foreign jurisdictions where the Company has valuation allowances and a shift in the distribution of earnings among the Company's tax jurisdictions within the quarters of the current fiscal year, partially offset by the favorable impact of a lower tax rate on the gain from the sale of a minority interest investment during the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period.

From time-to-time, the Company is subject to routine income tax audits on various tax matters around the world in the ordinary course of business. As of July 30, 2016, several income tax audits were underway for various periods in multiple jurisdictions. The Company accrues an amount for its estimate of additional income tax liability which the Company, more likely than not, could incur as a result of the ultimate resolution of income tax audits ("uncertain tax positions"). The Company reviews and updates the estimates used in the accrual for uncertain tax positions as more definitive information becomes available from taxing authorities, upon completion of tax audits, upon expiration of statutes of limitation, or upon occurrence of other events.

The Company had aggregate accruals for uncertain tax positions, including penalties and interest, of \$17.4 million and \$13.9 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively. The change in the accrual balance from January 30, 2016 to July 30, 2016 resulted from additional accruals and interest and penalties during the six months ended July 30, 2016.

#### (8) Segment Information

The Company's businesses are grouped into five reportable segments for management and internal financial reporting purposes: Americas Retail, Europe, Asia, Americas Wholesale and Licensing. The Company's operating segments are the same as its reportable segments. Management evaluates segment performance based primarily on revenues and earnings (loss) from operations before restructuring charges, if any. The Company believes this segment reporting reflects how its five business segments are managed and how each segment's performance is

evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker to assess performance and make resource allocation decisions. The Americas Retail segment includes the Company's retail and e-commerce operations in North and Central America and its retail operations in South America. The Europe segment includes the Company's retail, e-commerce and wholesale operations in Europe and the Middle East. The Asia segment includes the Company's retail, e-commerce and wholesale operations in Asia. The Americas Wholesale segment includes the Company's retail, e-commerce and wholesale operations in Asia. The Americas Wholesale segment includes the Company's molesale operations in the Americas. The Licensing segment includes the worldwide licensing operations of the Company. The business segment operating results exclude corporate overhead costs, which consist of shared costs of the organization, and restructuring charges. These costs are presented separately and generally include, among other things, the following unallocated corporate costs: accounting and finance, executive compensation, facilities, global advertising and marketing, human resources, information technology and legal.

Net revenue and earnings (loss) from operations are summarized as follows for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended Six Me							onths Ended		
		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		
Net revenue:										
Americas Retail	\$	226,550	\$	232,456	\$	430,711	\$	446,705		
Europe		213,467		199,375		348,847		336,772		
Asia		53,247		56,745		107,376		120,780		
Americas Wholesale		29,744		32,361		62,542		69,639		
Licensing		21,951		25,327		44,298		51,192		
Total net revenue	\$	544,959	\$	546,264	\$	993,774	\$	1,025,088		
Earnings (loss) from operations:										
Americas Retail	\$	(1,614)	\$	5,244	\$	(14,215)	\$	(1,965)		
Europe		19,033		18,186		4,948		14,518		
Asia		(3,546)		887		(4,215)		5,500		
Americas Wholesale		3,339		4,872		8,950		11,619		
Licensing		19,733		22,415		40,148		45,440		
Corporate Overhead		(21,368)		(25,403)		(42,934)		(44,558)		
Restructuring Charges						(6,083)				
Total earnings (loss) from operations	\$	15,577	\$	26,201	\$	(13,401)	\$	30,554		

Due to the seasonal nature of the Company's business segments, the above net revenue and operating results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full fiscal year. Restructuring charges incurred during the six months ended July 30, 2016 related to plans to better align the Company's global cost and organizational structure with its current strategic initiatives. Refer to Note 6 for more information regarding these restructuring charges.

### (9) Borrowings and Capital Lease Obligations

Borrowings and capital lease obligations are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Jul	30, 2016	Jai	n 30, 2016
Mortgage debt, maturing monthly through January 2026	\$	21,162	\$	—
European capital lease, matured quarterly through May 2016				4,024
Other		3,032		2,318
		24,194		6,342
Less current installments		555		4,024
Long-term debt	\$	23,639	\$	2,318

Mortgage Debt

On February 16, 2016, the Company entered into a ten-year \$21.5 million real estate secured loan (the "Mortgage Debt"). The Mortgage Debt is secured by the Company's U.S. distribution center based in Louisville, Kentucky and provides for monthly principal and interest payments based on a 25-year amortization schedule, with the remaining principal balance and any accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. Outstanding principal

balances under the Mortgage Debt bear interest at the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.5%. As of July 30, 2016, outstanding borrowings under the Mortgage Debt, net of debt issuance costs of \$0.1 million, were \$21.2 million.

The Mortgage Debt requires the Company to comply with a fixed charge coverage ratio on a trailing four-quarter basis if consolidated cash, cash equivalents and short term investment balances fall below certain levels. In addition, the Mortgage Debt contains customary covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company's ability to incur liens on the mortgaged property and enter into certain contractual obligations. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Mortgage Debt, the lender may terminate the Mortgage Debt and declare all amounts outstanding to be immediately due and payable. The Mortgage Debt specifies a number of events of default (some of which are subject to applicable grace or cure periods), including, among other things, non-payment defaults, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to other material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults and material judgment defaults.

On February 16, 2016, the Company also entered into a separate interest rate swap agreement, designated as a cash flow hedge, that resulted in a swap fixed rate of approximately 3.06%. This interest rate swap agreement matures in January 2026 and converts the nature of the Mortgage Debt from LIBOR floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. The fair value of the interest rate swap liability as of July 30, 2016 was approximately \$0.7 million.

## Credit Facilities

On June 23, 2015, the Company entered into a five-year senior secured asset-based revolving credit facility with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility provides for a borrowing capacity in an amount up to \$150 million, including a Canadian sub-facility up to \$50 million, subject to a borrowing base. Based on applicable accounts receivable, inventory and eligible cash balances as of July 30, 2016, the Company could have borrowed up to \$148 million under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility has an option to expand the borrowing capacity by up to \$150 million subject to certain terms and conditions, including the willingness of existing or new lenders to assume such increased amount. The Credit Facility is available for direct borrowings and the issuance of letters of credit, subject to certain letters of credit sublimits, and may be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

All obligations under the Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company and the Company's existing and future domestic and Canadian subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions, and are secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of the assets of the Company and such domestic and Canadian subsidiaries, as applicable.

Direct borrowings under the Credit Facility made by the Company and its domestic subsidiaries shall bear interest at the U.S. base rate plus an applicable margin (varying from 0.25% to 0.75%) or at LIBOR plus an applicable margin (varying from 1.25% to 1.75%). The U.S. base rate is based on the greater of (i) the U.S. prime rate, (ii) the federal funds rate, plus 0.5%, and (iii) LIBOR for a 30 day interest period, plus 1.0%. Direct borrowings under the Credit Facility made by the Company's Canadian subsidiaries shall bear interest at the Canadian prime rate plus an applicable margin (varying from 0.25% to 0.75%) or at the Canadian BA rate plus an applicable margin (varying from 1.25% to 1.75%). The Canadian prime rate is based on the greater of (i) the Canadian prime rate, (ii) the Bank of Canada overnight rate, plus 0.5%, and (iii) the Canadian BA rate for a one month interest period, plus 1.0%. The applicable margins are calculated quarterly and vary based on the average daily availability of the aggregate borrowing base. The Company is also obligated to pay certain commitment, letter of credit and other fees customary for a credit facility of this size and type. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had \$0.7 million in outstanding standby letters of credit, \$1.3 million in outstanding documentary letters of credit and no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility requires the Company to comply with a fixed charge coverage ratio on a trailing four-quarter basis if a default or an event of default occurs under the Credit Facility or if the borrowing capacity falls below certain levels. In addition, the Credit Facility contains customary covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company and certain of its subsidiaries' ability to: incur liens, incur indebtedness, make investments, dispose of assets, make certain restricted payments, merge or consolidate and enter into certain transactions with affiliates. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Credit Facility, the lenders may cease making

loans, terminate the Credit Facility and declare all amounts outstanding to be immediately due and payable. The Credit Facility specifies a number of events of default (some of which are subject to applicable grace or cure periods), including, among other things, non-payment defaults, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to other material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults and material judgment defaults. The Credit Facility allows for both secured and unsecured borrowings outside of the Credit Facility up to specified amounts.

The Company, through its European subsidiaries, maintains short-term uncommitted borrowing agreements, primarily for working capital purposes, with various banks in Europe. The majority of the borrowings under these agreements are secured by specific accounts receivable balances. Based on the applicable accounts receivable balances as of July 30, 2016, the Company could have borrowed up to \$75.8 million under these agreements. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had no outstanding borrowings and \$1.4 million in outstanding documentary letters of credit under these agreements. The agreements are denominated primarily in euros and provide for annual interest rates ranging from 0.4% to 6.8%. The maturities of any short-term borrowings under these arrangements are generally linked to the credit terms of the underlying accounts receivable that secure the borrowings. With the exception of one facility for up to \$39.1 million that has a minimum net equity requirement, there are no other financial ratio covenants.

#### Capital Lease

The Company leased a building in Florence, Italy under a capital lease which provided for minimum lease payments through May 1, 2016, at which point, the title of the building was transferred to the Company. The Company had a separate interest rate swap agreement designated as a non-hedging instrument that converted the nature of the capital lease obligation from Euribor floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt and resulted in a swap fixed rate of 3.55%. This interest rate swap agreement matured on February 1, 2016.

# Other

From time-to-time, the Company will obtain other financing in foreign countries for working capital to finance its local operations.

# (10) Share-Based Compensation

The following table summarizes the share-based compensation expense recognized under all of the Company's stock plans during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 (in thousands):

		Three Mo	onths	Ended	Six Months Ended					
	Jul 30, 2016			Aug 1, 2015	Jul 30, 2016			Aug 1, 2015		
Stock options	\$	622	\$	439	\$	1,134	\$	920		
Stock awards/units		4,146		3,950		7,824		7,037		
Employee Stock Purchase Plan		49		51		91		95		
Total share-based compensation expense	\$	4,817	\$	4,440	\$	9,049	\$	8,052		

Unrecognized compensation cost, adjusted for estimated forfeitures, related to nonvested stock options and nonvested stock awards/units totaled approximately \$4.6 million and \$27.6 million, respectively, as of July 30, 2016. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.9 years. The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted was \$3.55 and \$3.71 during the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015, respectively.

# Grants

On April 29, 2016, the Company granted select key management 602,816 nonvested stock units which are subject to certain performance-based vesting or market-based vesting conditions.

On July 7, 2015, the Company granted Victor Herrero, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, 600,000 stock options and 250,000 nonvested stock units in connection with an employment agreement entered into between the Company and Mr. Herrero (the "Herrero Employment Agreement"). Mr. Herrero was also granted 150,000 restricted stock units that were considered contingently returnable as a result of certain service conditions

set forth in the Herrero Employment Agreement. These service conditions were met during the three months ending July 30, 2016.

# Annual Grants

On March 30, 2016, the Company made an annual grant of 616,450 stock options and 442,000 nonvested stock awards/units to its employees. On April 2, 2015, the Company made an annual grant of 577,700 stock options and 401,700 nonvested stock awards/units to its employees.

### Performance-Based Awards

The Company has granted certain nonvested stock units subject to performance-based vesting conditions to select executive officers. Each award of nonvested stock units generally has an initial vesting period from the date of the grant through the end of the first fiscal year followed by annual vesting periods which may range from two-to-three years. The nonvested stock units are subject to the achievement of certain performance-based vesting conditions during the first fiscal year of the grant as well as continued service requirements through each of the vesting periods.

The Company has also granted a target number of nonvested stock units to select key management, including certain executive officers. The number of shares that may ultimately vest with respect to each award may range from 0% up to 200% of the target number of shares, subject to the achievement of certain performance-based vesting conditions which may relate to the first fiscal year of the grant or the third fiscal year of the grant. Any shares that are ultimately issued are scheduled to vest at the end of the third fiscal year following the grant date.

The following table summarizes the activity for nonvested performance-based units during the six months ended July 30, 2016:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 30, 2016	580,000	\$ 22.65
Granted	462,359	18.35
Vested	(241,922)	25.98
Forfeited	—	_
Nonvested at July 30, 2016	800,437	\$ 19.16

#### Market-Based Awards

The Company has granted certain nonvested stock units subject to market-based vesting conditions to select executive officers. The number of shares that may ultimately vest will equal 0% to 150% of the target number of shares, subject to the performance of the Company's total stockholder return ("TSR") relative to the TSR of a select group of peer companies over a three-year period. Vesting is also subject to continued service requirements through the vesting date.

The following table summarizes the activity for nonvested market-based units during the six months ended July 30, 2016:

	Number of Units	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at January 30, 2016	183,368	\$ 17.72
Granted	140,457	15.20
Vested	—	—
Forfeited	—	_
Nonvested at July 30, 2016	323,825	\$ 16.63

### (11) Related Party Transactions

The Company and its subsidiaries periodically enter into transactions with other entities or individuals that are considered related parties, including certain transactions with entities affiliated with trusts for the respective benefit of Paul Marciano, who is an executive and member of the Board of the Company, and Maurice Marciano, Chairman Emeritus and member of the Board, and certain of their children (the "Marciano Trusts").

#### Leases

The Company leases warehouse and administrative facilities, including the Company's corporate headquarters in Los Angeles, California, from partnerships affiliated with the Marciano Trusts and certain of their affiliates. There were four of these leases in effect as of July 30, 2016 with expiration dates ranging from calendar years 2017 to 2020.

In January 2016, the Company sold an approximately 140,000 square foot parking lot located adjacent to the Company's corporate headquarters to a partnership affiliated with the Marciano Trusts for a sales price of \$7.5 million, which was subsequently collected during the six months ended July 30, 2016. Concurrent with the sale, the Company entered into a lease agreement to lease back the parking lot from the purchaser. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, the Company recognized a net gain of approximately \$3.4 million in other income as a result of these transactions.

Aggregate rent, common area maintenance charges and property tax expense recorded under these four related party leases for the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 was \$2.5 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. The Company believes that the terms of the related party leases and parking lot sale have not been significantly affected by the fact that the Company and the lessors are related.

### Aircraft Arrangements

The Company periodically charters aircraft owned by MPM Financial, LLC ("MPM Financial"), an entity affiliated with the Marciano Trusts, through informal arrangements with MPM Financial and independent third party management companies contracted by MPM Financial to manage its aircraft. The total fees paid under these arrangements for the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 were approximately \$0.5 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

These related party disclosures should be read in conjunction with the disclosure concerning related party transactions in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2016.

### (12) Commitments and Contingencies

#### Leases

The Company leases its showrooms, advertising, licensing, sales and merchandising offices, remote distribution and warehousing facilities and retail and factory outlet store locations under operating lease agreements expiring on various dates through September 2031. Some of these leases require the Company to make periodic payments for property taxes, utilities and common area operating expenses. Certain retail store leases provide for rents based upon the minimum annual rental amount and a percentage of annual sales volume, generally ranging from 5% to 12%, when specific sales volumes are exceeded. The Company's concession leases also provide for rents primarily based upon a percentage of annual sales volume which average approximately 34% of annual sales volume. Some leases include lease incentives, rent abatements and fixed rent escalations, which are amortized and recorded over the initial lease term on a straight-line basis. The Company also leases some of its equipment under operating lease agreements expiring at various dates through July 2021.

#### Investment Commitments

As of July 30, 2016, the Company had an unfunded commitment to invest €5.0 million (\$5.6 million) in a private equity fund. The investment will be included in other assets in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet when it is funded.



# Litigation

On May 6, 2009, Gucci America, Inc. filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against Guess?, Inc. and certain third party licensees for the Company asserting, among other things, trademark and trade dress law violations and unfair competition. The complaint sought injunctive relief, compensatory damages, including treble damages, and certain other relief. Complaints similar to those in the above action have also been filed by Gucci entities against the Company and certain of its subsidiaries in the Court of Milan, Italy, the Intermediate People's Court of Nanjing, China and the Court of Paris, France. The threeweek bench trial in the U.S. matter concluded on April 19, 2012, with the court issuing a preliminary ruling on May 21, 2012 and a final ruling on July 19, 2012. Although the plaintiff was seeking compensation in the U.S. matter in the form of damages of \$26 million and an accounting of profits of \$99 million, the final ruling provided for monetary damages of \$2.3 million against the Company and \$2.3 million against certain of its licensees. The court also granted narrow injunctions in favor of the plaintiff for certain of the claimed infringements. On August 20, 2012, the appeal period expired without any party having filed an appeal, rendering the judgment final. On May 2, 2013, the Court of Milan ruled in favor of the Company in the Milan, Italy matter. In the ruling, the Court rejected all of the plaintiff's claims and ordered the cancellation of three of the plaintiff's Italian and four of the plaintiff's European Community trademark registrations. On June 10, 2013, the plaintiff appealed the Court's ruling in the Milan matter. On September 15, 2014, the Court of Appeal of Milan affirmed the majority of the lower Court's ruling in favor of the Company, but overturned the lower Court's finding with respect to an unfair competition claim. That portion of the matter is now in a damages phase based on the ruling. On October 16, 2015, the plaintiff appealed the remainder of the Court of Appeal of Milan's ruling in favor of the Company to the Italian Supreme Court of Cassation. In the China matter, the Intermediate People's Court of Nanjing, China issued a ruling on November 8, 2013 granting an injunction in favor of the plaintiff for certain of the claimed infringements on handbags and small leather goods and awarding the plaintiff statutory damages in the amount of approximately \$80,000. The Company strongly disagrees with the Court's decision and has appealed the ruling. The judgment in the China matter is stayed pending the appeal, which was heard in May 2014. On January 30, 2015, the Court of Paris ruled in favor of the Company, rejecting all of the plaintiff's claims and partially canceling two of the plaintiff's community trademark registrations and one of the plaintiff's international trademark registrations. On February 17, 2015, the plaintiff appealed the Court of Paris' ruling.

On August 25, 2006, Franchez Isaguirre, a former employee of the Company, filed a complaint in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles alleging violations by the Company of California wage and hour laws. The complaint was subsequently amended, adding a second former employee as an additional named party. The plaintiffs purport to represent a class of similarly situated employees in California who allegedly had been injured by not being provided adequate meal and rest breaks. The complaint seeks unspecified compensatory damages, statutory penalties, attorney's fees and injunctive and declaratory relief. On June 9, 2009, the Court certified the class but immediately stayed the case pending the resolution of a separate California Supreme Court case on the standards of class treatment for meal and rest break claims. Following the Supreme Court ruling, the Superior Court denied the Company's motions to decertify the class and to narrow the class in January 2013 and June 2013, respectively. The Company subsequently petitioned to have the Court's decision not to narrow the class definition reviewed. That petition was ultimately denied by the California Supreme Court in April 2014. In July 2015, the parties entered into a Memorandum of Understanding to settle the matter for \$5.25 million, subject to certain limited offsets. The Court issued a final order and judgment approving the settlement in February 2016.

The Company has received customs tax assessment notices from the Italian Customs Agency regarding its customs tax audit of one of the Company's European subsidiaries for the period from July 2010 through December 2012. Such assessments totaled  $\notin$ 9.8 million (\$11.0 million), including potential penalties and interest. The Company strongly disagrees with the positions that the Italian Customs Agency has taken and therefore filed appeals with the Milan First Degree Tax Court ("MFDTC"). In May 2015, the MFDTC issued a judgment in favor of the Company in relation to the first set of appeals (covering the period through September 2010) and canceled the related assessments totaling  $\notin$ 1.7 million (\$1.9 million). In November 2015, the Italian Customs Agency notified the Company of its intent to appeal this first MFDTC judgment. During the first half of fiscal 2017, the MFDTC issued judgments in favor of the Company in relation to the second, third and fourth set of

appeals (covering the period from October 2010 through June 2011), sixth set of appeals (covering the period from January 2012 through June 2012), as well as a portion of the seventh set of appeals (covering the period from August 2012 through December 2012) and canceled the related assessments totaling  $\epsilon$ 6.0 million (\$6.7 million). While these MFDTC judgments have been favorable to the Company, there can be no assurances that the Company's remaining open appeals covering the periods from July 2011 through December 2011 as well as July 2012 will be successful. There also can be no assurances that the Italian Customs Agency will not be successful in its appeal of the first MFDTC judgment or that they will not appeal the other favorable MFDTC judgments. It also continues to be possible that the Company will receive similar or even larger assessments for periods subsequent to December 2012 or other claims or charges related to the matter in the future.

Although the Company believes that it has a strong position and will continue to vigorously defend each of the remaining matters, it is unable to predict with certainty whether or not these efforts will ultimately be successful or whether the outcomes will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

The Company is also involved in various other claims and other matters incidental to the Company's business, the resolutions of which are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

# (13) Defined Benefit Plans

#### Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

On August 23, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP") which became effective January 1, 2006. The SERP provides select employees who satisfy certain eligibility requirements with certain benefits upon retirement, termination of employment, death, disability or a change in control of the Company, in certain prescribed circumstances.

In fiscal 2016, the SERP was amended in connection with Paul Marciano's transition from Chief Executive Officer to Executive Chairman of the Board and Chief Creative Officer. This amendment effectively eliminated any future salary progression by finalizing compensation levels for future benefits. Mr. Marciano will continue to be eligible to receive SERP benefits in the future in accordance with the amended terms of the SERP. Subsequent to this amendment, there are no employees considered actively participating under the terms of the SERP. As a result, the Company included an actuarial gain of \$11.4 million before taxes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) during fiscal 2016. In addition, the Company also recognized a curtailment gain of \$1.7 million before taxes related to the accelerated amortization of the remaining prior service credit during fiscal 2016. The actuarial and curtailment gains were recorded during the three months ended August 1, 2015.

As a non-qualified pension plan, no dedicated funding of the SERP is required; however, the Company has made periodic payments into insurance policies held in a rabbi trust to fund the expected obligations arising under the non-qualified SERP. The amount of any future payments into the insurance policies, if any, may vary depending on investment performance of the trust. The cash surrender values of the insurance policies were \$57.7 million and \$52.5 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively, and were included in other assets in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. As a result of changes in the value of the insurance policy investments, the Company recorded unrealized gains of \$1.9 million and \$5.1 million in other income during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, respectively, and unrealized gains (losses) of \$(0.3) million and \$1.6 million in other income and expense during the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, respectively. The Company also recorded realized gains of \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million in other income resulting from payout on the insurance policies during the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015, respectively. The realized gains were recorded during the three months ended April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015. The projected benefit obligation was \$53.5 million and \$53.4 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively, and was included in accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets depending on the expected timing of payments. SERP benefit payments of \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million were made during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, respectively. SERP benefit payments of \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million were made during the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, respectively.

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The components of net periodic defined benefit pension (credit) cost for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 related to the SERP are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended         Six Mon           Jul 30, 2016         Aug 1, 2015         Jul 30, 2016           \$ 460         \$ 495         \$ 920            (39)					nths Ended				
	Ju	30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		
Interest cost	\$	460	\$	495	\$	920	\$	991		
Net amortization of unrecognized prior service credit		—		(39)		—		(97)		
Net amortization of actuarial losses		38		290		77		718		
Curtailment gain		—		(1,651)		—		(1,651)		
Net periodic defined benefit pension (credit) cost	\$	498	\$	(905)	\$	997	\$	(39)		

#### Swiss Pension Plan

In accordance with local regulations, the Company also maintains a pension plan in Switzerland for certain of its employees. The plan is a government-mandated defined contribution plan that provides employees with a minimum investment return determined annually by the Swiss government, and as such, is treated under pension accounting in accordance with authoritative guidance. Under the plan, both the Company and certain of its employees with annual earnings in excess of government determined amounts are required to make contributions into a fund managed by an independent investment fiduciary. The Company's contributions must be made in an amount at least equal to the employee's contribution. Minimum employee contributions are based on the respective employee's age, salary and gender.

As of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, the plan had a projected benefit obligation of CHF16.0 million (US\$16.5 million) and CHF15.6 million (US\$15.2 million), respectively, and plan assets held at the independent investment fiduciary of CHF13.4 million (US\$13.9 million) and CHF13.0 million (US\$12.7 million), respectively. The net liability of CHF2.6 million (US\$2.6 million) and CHF2.6 million) was included in other long-term liabilities in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively. During the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company recognized net periodic defined benefit pension cost of CHF0.4 million (US\$0.4 million) and CHF0.8 million (US\$0.8 million) respectively, resulting primarily from service cost. During the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, the Company recognized net periodic defined benefit pension cost of CHF0.4 million) and CHF0.9 million (US\$0.9 million), respectively, resulting primarily from service cost.

# (14) Fair Value Measurements

Authoritative guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into three broad levels as follows:

Level 1-Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be accessed at the measurement date.

Level 2—Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (i.e. interest rates, yield curves, etc.) and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).

Level 3—Unobservable inputs that reflect assumptions about what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. These inputs would be based on the best information available, including the Company's own data.

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016 (in thousands):

		Fair	Valı	ie Measure	emen	ts at Jul 30,	201	6	 Fair Value Measurements at Jan 30, 2016						
Recurring Fair Value Measures	L	evel 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	 Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets:									 						
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$		\$	2,933	\$		\$	2,933	\$ _	\$	9,797	\$		\$	9,797
Available-for-sale securities		13		—				13	17		—				17
Total	\$	13	\$	2,933	\$	_	\$	2,946	\$ 17	\$	9,797	\$	_	\$	9,814
Liabilities:															
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$		\$	3,834	\$		\$	3,834	\$ 	\$	366	\$		\$	366
Interest rate swaps				706				706			37				37
Deferred compensation obligations				11,862		—		11,862	_		10,155				10,155
Total	\$	_	\$	16,402	\$		\$	16,402	\$ 	\$	10,558	\$		\$	10,558

There were no transfers of financial instruments between the three levels of fair value hierarchy during the six months ended July 30, 2016 or during the year ended January 30, 2016.

The fair values of the Company's available-for-sale securities are based on quoted prices. The fair values of the interest rate swaps are based upon inputs corroborated by observable market data. Foreign exchange currency contracts are entered into by the Company principally to hedge the future payment of inventory and intercompany transactions by non-U.S. subsidiaries. Periodically, the Company may also use foreign exchange currency contracts to hedge the translation and economic exposures related to its net investments in certain of its international subsidiaries. The fair values of the Company's foreign exchange currency contracts are based on quoted foreign exchange forward rates at the reporting date. Deferred compensation obligations to employees are adjusted based on changes in the fair value of the underlying employee-directed investments. Fair value of these obligations is based upon inputs corroborated by observable market data.

Available-for-sale securities, which consist of marketable equity securities, are recorded at fair value and are included in other assets in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, available-for-sale securities were minimal. Unrealized gains (losses), net of taxes, are included as a component of stockholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss). As of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, the accumulated unrealized losses, net of taxes, included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to available-for-sale securities owned by the Company were minimal.

The carrying amount of the Company's remaining financial instruments, which principally include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses, approximates fair value due to the relatively short maturity of such instruments. The fair values of the Company's debt instruments (see Note 9) are based on the amount of future cash flows associated with each instrument discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. As of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, the carrying value of all financial instruments was not materially different from fair value, as the interest rates on the Company's debt approximated rates currently available to the Company.

# Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, such as property and equipment, and purchased intangibles subject to amortization, are reviewed for impairment quarterly or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company considers each individual retail location as an asset group for impairment testing, which is the lowest level at which individual cash flows can be identified. The asset group includes leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, computer hardware and software and certain long-term security deposits and lease acquisition costs. The Company reviews retail locations in penetrated markets for impairment risk once the locations have been opened for at least one year in their current condition, or sooner as changes in circumstances require. The Company believes that waiting one year allows a retail location to reach a maturity level where a more comprehensive analysis of financial performance can be performed. The Company evaluates impairment risk for retail locations in new markets, where the Company is in the early stages

of establishing its presence, once brand awareness has been established. The Company also evaluates impairment risk for retail locations that are expected to be closed in the foreseeable future.

An asset is considered to be impaired if the Company determines that the carrying value may not be recoverable based upon its assessment of the asset's ability to continue to generate earnings from operations and positive cash flow in future periods or if significant changes in the Company's strategic business objectives and utilization of the assets occurred. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated undiscounted future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized in the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the estimated fair value, which is determined based on discounted future cash flows. The impairment loss calculations require management to apply judgment in estimating future cash flows and the discount rates that reflect the risk inherent in future cash flows. Future expected cash flows for assets in retail locations are based on management's estimates of future cash flows over the remaining lease period or expected life, if shorter. For expected retail location closures, the Company will evaluate whether it is necessary to shorten the useful life for any of the assets within the respective asset group. The Company will use this revised useful life when estimating the asset group's future cash flows. The Company considers historical trends, expected future business trends and other factors when estimating the future cash flow for each retail location. The Company also considers factors such as: the local environment for each retail location, including mall traffic and competition; the Company's ability to successfully implement strategic initiatives; and the ability to control variable costs such as cost of sales and payroll and, in some cases, renegotiate lease costs. The estimated cash flows used for this nonrecurring fair value measurement are considered a Level 3 input as defined above. If actual results are not consistent with the assumptions and judgments used in estimating future cash flows and asset fair values, there may be additional exposure to future impairment losses that could be material to the Company's results of operations.

The Company recorded impairment charges of \$0.5 million and \$0.7 million during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, respectively, and \$0.7 million and \$1.8 million during the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, respectively. The impairment charges related primarily to the impairment of certain retail locations in North America and Europe resulting from under-performance and expected store closures during each of the respective periods. These impairment charges were included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income for each of the respective periods.

# (15) Derivative Financial Instruments

#### Hedging Strategy

#### Foreign Exchange Currency Contracts

The Company operates in foreign countries, which exposes it to market risk associated with foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations. The Company has entered into certain forward contracts to hedge the risk of foreign currency rate fluctuations. The Company has elected to apply the hedge accounting rules in accordance with authoritative guidance for certain of these hedges.

The Company's primary objective is to hedge the variability in forecasted cash flows due to the foreign currency risk. Various transactions that occur primarily in Europe, Canada, South Korea and Mexico are denominated in U.S. dollars and British pounds and thus are exposed to earnings risk as a result of exchange rate fluctuations when converted to their functional currencies. These types of transactions include U.S. dollar denominated purchases of merchandise and U.S. dollar and British pound denominated intercompany liabilities. In addition, certain operating expenses, tax liabilities and pension-related liabilities are denominated in Swiss francs and are exposed to earnings risk as a result of exchange rate fluctuations when converted to the functional currency. The Company enters into derivative financial instruments, including forward exchange currency contracts, to offset some but not all of the exchange risk on certain of these anticipated foreign currency transactions.

Periodically, the Company may also use foreign exchange currency contracts to hedge the translation and economic exposures related to its net investments in certain of its international subsidiaries.

### Interest Rate Swap Agreements

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its floating-rate debt. The Company has entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively convert its floating-rate debt to a fixed-rate basis. The principal objective of these contracts is to eliminate or reduce the variability of the cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's floating-rate debt, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest payment cash flows. The Company has elected to apply the hedge accounting rules in accordance with authoritative guidance for certain of these contracts. Refer to Note 9 for further information.

The impact of the credit risk of the counterparties to the derivative contracts is considered in determining the fair value of the foreign exchange currency contracts and interest rate swap agreements. As of July 30, 2016, credit risk has not had a significant effect on the fair value of the Company's foreign exchange currency contracts and interest rate swap agreements.

#### Hedge Accounting Policy

#### Foreign Exchange Currency Contracts

U.S. dollar forward contracts are used to hedge forecasted merchandise purchases over specific months. Changes in the fair value of these U.S. dollar forward contracts, designated as cash flow hedges, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are recognized in cost of product sales in the period which approximates the time the hedged merchandise inventory is sold. The Company also hedges forecasted intercompany royalties over specific months. Changes in the fair value of these U.S. dollar forward contracts, designated as cash flow hedges, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are recognized in other income and expense in the period in which the royalty expense is incurred.

The Company has also used U.S. dollar forward contracts to hedge the net investments of certain of the Company's international subsidiaries over specific months. Changes in the fair value of these U.S. dollar forward contracts, designated as net investment hedges, are recorded in foreign currency translation adjustment as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are not recognized in earnings until the sale or liquidation of the hedged net investment.

The Company also has foreign exchange currency contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Changes in fair value of foreign exchange currency contracts not designated as hedging instruments are reported in net earnings as part of other income and expense.

### Interest Rate Swap Agreements

Interest rate swap agreements are used to hedge the variability of the cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's floating-rate debt. Changes in the fair value of interest rate swap agreements designated as cash flow hedges are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are amortized to interest expense over the term of the related debt.

Periodically, the Company may also enter into interest rate swap agreements that are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Changes in the fair value of interest rate swap agreements not designated as hedging instruments are reported in net earnings as part of other income and expense.

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# Summary of Derivative Instruments

The fair value of derivative instruments in the condensed consolidated balance sheets as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016 is as follows (in thousands):

	Derivative Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value at Jul 30, 2016         \$       2,002         931       \$         \$       2,933         \$       2,036		 r Value at 1 30, 2016
ASSETS:				
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Cash flow hedges:				
	Other current assets/			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	Other assets	\$	2,002	\$ 7,491
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:				
Foreign exchange currency contracts	Other current assets		931	2,306
Total		\$	2,933	\$ 9,797
LIABILITIES:				
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:				
Cash flow hedges:				
	Accrued expenses/			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	Other long-term liabilities	\$	2,036	\$ 47
Interest rate swap	Other long-term liabilities		706	—
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments			2,742	 47
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:				
Foreign exchange currency contracts	Accrued expenses		1,798	319
Interest rate swap	Accrued expenses		_	37
Total derivatives not designated as hedging instruments			1,798	 356
Total		\$	4,540	\$ 403

#### Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments

# Foreign Exchange Currency Contracts Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company purchased U.S. dollar forward contracts in Europe and Canada totaling US\$46.7 million and US\$35.9 million, respectively, to hedge forecasted merchandise purchases and intercompany royalties that were designated as cash flow hedges. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had forward contracts outstanding for its European and Canadian operations of US\$106.4 million and US\$60.6 million, respectively, which are expected to mature over the next 17 months.

As of July 30, 2016, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to foreign exchange currency contracts included a net unrealized gain of approximately \$0.4 million, net of tax, which will be recognized in cost of product sales or other income over the following 12 months, at the then current values on a pre-tax basis, which can be different than the current quarter-end values.

At January 30, 2016, the Company had forward contracts outstanding for its European and Canadian operations of US\$106.3 million and US\$48.2 million, respectively, that were designated as cash flow hedges.

# Interest Rate Swap Agreement Designated as Cash Flow Hedge

During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$21.5 million, designated as a cash flow hedge, to hedge the variability of cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's floating-rate debt. This interest rate swap agreement matures in January 2026 and converts the nature of the Company's real estate secured term loan from LIBOR floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt, resulting in a swap fixed rate of approximately 3.06%.

As of July 30, 2016, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to the interest rate swap agreement included a net unrealized loss of approximately \$0.4 million, net of tax, which will be recognized in interest expense after the following 12 months, at the then current values on a pre-tax basis, which can be different than the current quarter-end values.

The following table summarizes the gains (losses) before taxes recognized on the derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges in OCI and net earnings for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 (in thousands):

		Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI			Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Earnings					
		Three Months Ended		Accumulated OCI		Three Mo	onths Ended				
	Ju	1 30, 2016	Aı	ug 1, 2015	into Earnings (1)	Jı	Jul 30, 2016		ug 1, 2015		
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges:											
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$	5,762	\$	5,343	Cost of product sales	\$	1,141	\$	3,193		
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$	343	\$	378	Other income/expense	\$	49	\$	330		
Interest rate swap	\$	(685)	\$		Interest expense	\$	(59)	\$	_		
L.		Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI									
L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L		Recog	nized ir	1	Location of Gain (Loss)		Reclassi Accumulat				
×		Recog	nized ir CI				Reclassi Accumulat	fied fro ed OC nings	I into		
r	Ju	Recog O	nized in CI ths End		Gain (Loss) Reclassified from	Jı	Reclassi Accumulat Earr	fied fro ed OC nings ths Eno	I into		
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges:	Ju	Recog O Six Mon	nized in CI ths End	led	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI	J.	Reclassi Accumulat Earr Six Mont	fied fro ed OC nings ths Eno	l into ded		
Derivatives designated as cash flow hedges: Foreign exchange currency contracts	 	Recog O Six Mon	nized in CI ths End Au	led	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI	J	Reclassi Accumulat Earr Six Mont	fied fro ed OC nings ths Eno	l into ded		
		Recog O Six Mon 1 30, 2016	nized ir CI ths End Au	led ug 1, 2015	Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Earnings (1) Cost of product		Reclassii Accumulat Earr Six Monu ul 30, 2016	fied fro ed OC nings ths Eno A	I into led ug 1, 2015		

(1) The Company recognized gains of \$0.1 million and \$0.5 million resulting from the ineffective portion related to foreign exchange currency contracts in interest income during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, respectively. The ineffective portion related to foreign exchange currency contracts was immaterial during the three and six months ended August 1, 2015. There was no ineffectiveness recognized related to the interest rate swap during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016.

The following table summarizes net after-tax derivative activity recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (in thousands):

	_	Three Mo	Ended	 Six Months Ended				
	Ju	1 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015	Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015	
Beginning balance gain (loss)	\$	(3,773)	\$	4,296	\$ 7,252	\$	7,157	
Net gains (losses) from changes in cash flow hedges		4,617		4,584	(5,263)		3,658	
Net gains reclassified to earnings		(881)		(3,012)	(2,026)		(4,947)	
Ending balance gain (loss)	\$	(37)	\$	5,868	\$ (37)	\$	5,868	

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

As of July 30, 2016, the Company had euro foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$66.2 million expected to mature over the next 11 months and Canadian dollar foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$20.4 million expected to mature over the next nine months.

The following table summarizes the gains (losses) before taxes recognized on the derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments in other income and expense for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 (in thousands):

	Location of	Gain Recognized in Earnings Three Months Ended					Gain (Loss) Recognized in Earnings				
	Gain (Loss) Recognized in					Six Months Ended					
	Earnings	Ju	1 30, 2016	А	ug 1, 2015	Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:											
Foreign exchange currency contracts	Other income/expense	\$	2,885	\$	2,860	\$	(3,144)	\$	2,159		
Interest rate swap	Other income/expense	\$	—	\$	47	\$	38	\$	96		

At January 30, 2016, the Company had euro foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$54.8 million and Canadian dollar foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$25.8 million.

## (16) Subsequent Events

On August 24, 2016, the Company announced a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.225 per share on the Company's common stock. The cash dividend will be paid on September 23, 2016 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 7, 2016.

### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

### General

Unless the context indicates otherwise, when we refer to "we," "us," "our" or the "Company" in this Form 10-Q, we are referring to Guess?, Inc. ("GUESS?") and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

### Important Factors Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including documents incorporated by reference herein, contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements may also be contained in the Company's other reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in its press releases and in other documents. In addition, from time-to-time, the Company through its management may make oral forward-looking statements. These statements relate to analyses and other information based on forecasts of future results and estimates of amounts not yet determinable. These statements also relate to our goals, future prospects, global cost reduction efforts, capital allocation plans and proposed new products, services, developments or business strategies and initiatives. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "goal," "intend," "may," "outlook," "pending," "plan," "predict," "project," "strategy," "will," "would," and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in any of our forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results could differ materially from those projected or assumed. These forward-looking statements may include, among other things, statements relating to our expected results of operations, the accuracy of data relating to, and anticipated levels of, future inventory and gross margins, anticipated cash requirements and sources, cost containment efforts, restructuring charges, estimated charges, plans regarding store openings, closings and remodels, plans regarding business growth, international expansion and capital allocation, plans regarding supply chain efficiencies and global planning and allocation, e-commerce and omni-channel initiatives, business seasonality, results and risks of current and future litigation, industry trends, consumer demands and preferences, competition, currency fluctuations and related impacts, estimated tax rates, results of tax audits and other regulatory proceedings, raw material and other inflationary cost pressures, consumer confidence and general economic conditions. We do not intend, and undertake no obligation, to update our forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in these statements. Important factors that could cause or contribute to

such differences include those discussed under "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 30, 2016 and in our other filings made from time-to-time with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") after the date of this report.

#### **Business Segments**

The Company's businesses are grouped into five reportable segments for management and internal financial reporting purposes: Americas Retail, Europe, Asia, Americas Wholesale and Licensing. The Company's operating segments are the same as its reportable segments. Management evaluates segment performance based primarily on revenues and earnings (loss) from operations before restructuring charges, if any. The Company believes this segment reporting reflects how its five business segments are managed and how each segment's performance is evaluated by the Company's chief operating decision maker to assess performance and make resource allocation decisions. The Americas Retail segment includes the Company's retail and e-commerce operations in North and Central America and its retail operations in South America. The Europe segment includes the Company's retail, e-commerce and wholesale operations in Europe and the Middle East. The Asia segment includes the Company's retail, e-commerce and wholesale operations in Asia. The Americas Wholesale segment includes the Company's wholesale operations in the Americas. The Licensing segment includes the worldwide licensing operations of the Company. The business segment operating results exclude corporate overhead costs, which consist of shared costs of the organization, and restructuring charges. These costs are presented separately and generally include, among other things, the following unallocated corporate costs: accounting and finance, executive compensation, facilities, global advertising and marketing, human resources, information technology and legal. Information regarding these segments is summarized in Note 8 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Products

We derive our net revenue from the sale of GUESS?, G by GUESS, GUESS Kids and MARCIANO apparel and our licensees' products through our worldwide network of retail stores, wholesale customers and distributors, as well as our online sites. We also derive royalty revenue from worldwide licensing activities.

#### Foreign Currency Volatility

Since the majority of our international operations are conducted in currencies other than the U.S. dollar (primarily the euro, Canadian dollar, Korean won and Mexican peso), currency fluctuations can have a significant impact on the translation of our international revenues and earnings into U.S. dollar amounts.

In addition, some of our transactions that occur primarily in Europe, Canada, South Korea and Mexico are denominated in U.S. dollars, Swiss francs and British pounds, exposing them to exchange rate fluctuations when these transactions (such as inventory purchases) are converted to their functional currencies. As a result, fluctuations in exchange rates can impact the operating margins of our foreign operations and reported earnings, largely dependent on the transaction timing and magnitude during the period that the currency fluctuates. When these foreign exchange rates weaken versus the U.S. dollar at the time U.S. dollar denominated inventory is purchased relative to the purchases of the comparable period, our product margins could be unfavorably impacted if the relative sales prices do not change. Such exchange rate fluctuations had a negative impact on our product margins in Europe and Canada during the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period.

During the first half of fiscal 2017, the average U.S. dollar rate was stronger against the Canadian dollar, the Korean won and the Mexican peso and weaker against the euro compared to the average rate in the same prior-year period. This had an overall negative impact on the translation of our international revenues and earnings from operations for the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period.

If the U.S. dollar remains strong relative to the respective fiscal 2016 foreign exchange rates, foreign exchange could negatively impact our revenues and operating results as well as our international cash and other balance sheet items during the remainder of fiscal 2017, particularly in Canada and Europe.

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments to offset some but not all of the exchange risk on foreign currency transactions. For additional discussion regarding our exposure to foreign currency risk, forward

contracts designated as hedging instruments and forward contracts not designated as hedging instruments, refer to "Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk."

# Strategy

The Company continues to remain focused on its five top strategic initiatives aimed at driving shareholder value, including: (i) elevating the quality of our sales organization and merchandising strategy to match the quality of our product and marketing; (ii) building a major business in Asia by unlocking the potential of the GUESS? brand in the region; (iii) creating a culture of purpose and accountability throughout the entire Company by implementing a more centralized organizational structure that reinforces our focus on sales and profitability; (iv) improving our cost structure (including supply chain and overhead) and (v) stabilizing and revitalizing our wholesale business. The following provides further details on the progress of these initiatives:

*Sales Organization and Merchandising Strategy.* We have begun executing on our plan to elevate the quality of our sales organization and merchandising strategy which includes: (1) elevating the product knowledge of our sales force; (2) building a more strategic and operational online organization in order to increase millennials' engagement with our brand through digital marketing and social media; (3) taking steps such as investing in key stores and developing stronger replenishment, visual, stockroom and cost-control standards in order to improve our overall field and store structure; (4) implementing a more effective yearly retail calendar to better enable each store to fully capture local opportunities; (5) using feedback from our sales force to improve our collections and increase the number and effectiveness of our SKU's; and (6) implementing a global pricing system with greater clarity and simplicity.

**Building our Asia Business.** We believe there continues to be significant potential in this region, particularly in mainland China, and plan to continue to allocate sufficient resources to fuel future growth.

*Transforming our Company's Culture.* In order to generate global synergies, major decisions (including logistics, finance, communication and stock allocation) are becoming more centralized in the Company's management team in Los Angeles. This centralized approach will reinforce the focus on sales and profitability as well as foster an environment of accountability and execution measured through key performance metrics.

*Improving our Cost Structure.* We plan to continue improving our cost structure by optimizing our use of capital in accordance with growth strategies, identifying synergies among departments and strengthening our supply chain. We plan to strengthen our supply chain by optimizing vendor proximity to our main markets, improving fabric management and reinforcing open-to-buys. We also plan to shorten our lead times through partnering with our suppliers, exercising agility in the production process and continuously searching for new suppliers and sourcing opportunities in reaction to the latest trends.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company implemented a global cost reduction and restructuring plan to better align its global cost and organizational structure with its current strategic initiatives. This plan included the consolidation and streamlining of the Company's business processes and a reduction in its global workforce and other expenses. These actions resulted in restructuring charges of \$6.1 million and a related estimated exit tax charge of approximately \$1.9 million (or \$5.8 million after considering a \$2.2 million tax benefit as a result of the restructuring charges) during the six months ended July 30, 2016. The Company does not expect significant future cash-based severance charges to be incurred as the actions under this plan were substantially completed during the first quarter of fiscal 2017.

*Stabilizing our Wholesale Business.* We are partnering with our wholesale customers to emphasize a retail-oriented mindset and encourage the adoption of best practices, including high quality visual merchandising, frequent rotation of products and maximization of inventory turns.

In addition to the above strategic initiatives, we are focused on increasing the profitability for our brick-and-mortar locations by improving the productivity and performance of our existing stores. We also continue to review our field and store structure. For example in Americas Retail, approximately half of our leases are up for renewal or have lease exit options over the next three years which will provide us with the opportunity to renegotiate more favorable lease terms or optimize our retail footprint as appropriate in the coming years.

# **Capital Allocation**

The Company's investments in capital for the full fiscal year 2017 are planned between \$90 million and \$100 million. The planned investments in capital are primarily for retail expansion, store remodeling programs and investments in maintaining and improving our infrastructure (primarily information and operating systems).

#### **Comparable Store Sales**

The Company reports National Retail Federation calendar comparable store sales on a quarterly basis for our retail businesses which include the combined results from our brick-and-mortar retail stores and our e-commerce sites. We also separately report the impact of e-commerce sales on our comparable store sales metric. As a result of our omni-channel strategy, our e-commerce business has become strongly intertwined with our brick-and-mortar retail store business. Therefore, we believe that the inclusion of e-commerce sales in our comparable store sales metric provides a more meaningful representation of our retail results.

Sales from our brick-and-mortar retail stores include purchases that are initiated, paid for and fulfilled at our retail stores and directly operated concessions as well as merchandise that is reserved online but paid for and picked-up at our retail stores. Sales from our e-commerce sites include purchases that are initiated and paid for online and shipped from either our distribution centers or our retail stores as well as purchases that are initiated in a retail store, but due to inventory availability at the retail store, are ordered and paid for online and shipped from our distribution centers or picked-up from a different retail store.

Store sales are considered comparable after the store has been open for 13 full months. If a store remodel results in a square footage change of more than 15%, or involves a relocation or a change in store concept, the store sales are removed from the comparable store base until the store has been opened at its new size, in its new location or under its new concept for 13 full months. E-commerce sales are considered comparable after the online site has been operational in a country for 13 full months and exclude any related revenue from shipping fees.

Definitions and calculations of comparable store sales used by the Company may differ from similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

#### Other

The Company operates on a 52/53-week fiscal year calendar, which ends on the Saturday nearest to January 31 of each year. The three and six months ended July 30, 2016 had the same number of days as the three and six months ended August 1, 2015.

### **Executive Summary**

#### **Overview**

Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. increased 76.4% to \$32.3 million, or diluted earnings of \$0.38 per common share, for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. of \$18.3 million, or diluted earnings of \$0.21 per common share, for the quarter ended August 1, 2015.

During the quarter ended July 30, 2016, the Company recognized a gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment of approximately \$22.3 million (or \$20.3 million after considering the related tax impact of \$2.0 million), or a favorable impact of \$0.24 per share. Excluding the gain related to the sale of the minority interest investment and the related tax impact, adjusted net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. were \$12.0 million and adjusted diluted earnings were \$0.14 per common share for the quarter ended July 30, 2016. References to financial results excluding the impact of the gain related to the sale of the minority interest investment are non-GAAP measures and are addressed below under "Non-GAAP Measures."

Highlights of the Company's performance for the quarter ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period are presented below, followed by a more comprehensive discussion under "Results of Operations":

#### **Operations**

• Total net revenue decreased 0.2% to \$545.0 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$546.3 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue increased by 0.5%.

- Gross margin (gross profit as a percentage of total net revenue) decreased 220 basis points to 34.1% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 36.3% in the same prior-year period.
- Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses as a percentage of total net revenue ("SG&A rate") decreased 30 basis points to 31.2% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 31.5% in the same prior-year period. SG&A expenses decreased 1.1% to \$170.1 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$171.9 million in the same prior-year period.
- Operating margin decreased 190 basis points to 2.9% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 4.8% in the same prior-year period. Earnings from operations decreased 40.5% to \$15.6 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$26.2 million in the same prior-year period.
- Other income, net (including interest income and expense) totaled \$27.2 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$3.2 million in the same prior-year period. During the quarter ended July 30, 2016, the Company recorded a gain of \$22.3 million in other income, net related to the sale of a minority interest investment.
- The effective income tax rate decreased by 12.4% to 24.8% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 37.2% in the same prior-year period.

# Key Balance Sheet Accounts

- The Company had \$415.5 million in cash and cash equivalents as of July 30, 2016. This compares to cash and cash equivalents of \$470.9 million at August 1, 2015.
- Accounts receivable, which consists of trade receivables relating primarily to the Company's wholesale business in Europe and, to a lesser extent, to its wholesale businesses in the Americas and Asia, royalty receivables relating to its licensing operations and certain other receivables, increased by \$2.6 million, or 1.3%, to \$201.3 million as of July 30, 2016, compared to \$198.7 million at August 1, 2015. On a constant currency basis, accounts receivable was relatively flat compared to the same prior-year period.
- Inventory increased by \$44.2 million, or 13.2%, to \$379.7 million as of July 30, 2016, compared to \$335.5 million at August 1, 2015. On a constant currency basis, inventory increased by \$42.0 million, or 12.5%.
- During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company entered into a ten-year \$21.5 million real estate secured loan to partially finance the \$28.8 million purchase of the Company's U.S. distribution center during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016.

# **Global Store Count**

In the second quarter of fiscal 2017, together with our partners, we opened 43 new stores worldwide, consisting of 22 stores in Europe and the Middle East, 16 stores in Asia, three stores in the U.S. and two stores in Central and South America. Together with our partners, we closed 37 stores worldwide, consisting of 18 stores in Asia, 12 stores in Europe and the Middle East, four stores in the U.S. and three stores in Canada.

We ended the second quarter of fiscal 2017 with 1,638 stores worldwide, comprised as follows:

Region	Total Stores	Directly Operated Stores	Licensee Stores		
United States	342	341	1		
Canada	109	109	_		
Central and South America	94	47	47		
Total Americas	545	497	48		
Europe and the Middle East	598	295	303		
Asia	495	81	414		
Total	1,638	873	765		

This store count does not include 443 concessions located primarily in South Korea and Greater China, which have been excluded because of their smaller store size in relation to our standard international store size. Of the total 1,638 stores, 1,280 were GUESS? stores, 218 were GUESS? Accessories stores, 73 were MARCIANO stores and 67 were G by GUESS stores.

## **Results of Operations**

# Three Months Ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015

## **Consolidated Results**

*Net Revenue*. Net revenue decreased by \$1.3 million, or 0.2%, to \$545.0 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$546.3 million for the quarter ended August 1, 2015. In constant currency, net revenue increased by 0.5% as currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$4.0 million compared to the same prior-year period.

*Gross Margin.* Gross margin decreased 220 basis points to 34.1% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 36.3% in the same prioryear period, of which 150 basis points was due to lower overall product margins. The lower overall product margins were due primarily to the negative impact from currency exchange rate fluctuations and more markdowns in Americas Retail.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit decreased by \$12.5 million, or 6.3%, to \$185.6 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$198.1 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease in gross profit, which included the unfavorable impact of currency translation, was due primarily to lower overall product margins. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations unfavorably impacted gross profit by \$1.2 million.

The Company includes inbound freight charges, purchasing costs and related overhead, retail store occupancy costs, including rent and depreciation, and a portion of the Company's distribution costs related to its retail business in cost of product sales. The Company's gross margin may not be comparable to that of other entities since some entities include all of the costs related to their distribution in cost of product sales and others, like the Company, generally exclude wholesale-related distribution costs from gross margin, including them instead in SG&A expenses. Additionally, some entities include retail store occupancy costs in SG&A expenses and others, like the Company, include retail store occupancy costs in cost of product sales.

**SG&A Rate.** The Company's SG&A rate decreased 30 basis points to 31.2% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 31.5% in the same prior-year period, due primarily to lower charges related to legal matters, partially offset by higher investments to support our expansion.

*SG&A Expenses.* SG&A expenses decreased by \$1.8 million, or 1.1%, to \$170.1 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$171.9 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease, which included the favorable impact of currency translation, was driven by lower charges related to legal matters, partially offset by higher investments to support our expansion. During the quarter ended August 1, 2015, the Company recorded charges related to legal matters of \$7.0 million. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations favorably impacted SG&A expenses by \$1.0 million.

**Operating Margin.** Operating margin decreased 190 basis points to 2.9% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 4.8% in the same prior-year period. The decrease in operating margin was due to lower overall gross margins. Currency exchange rate fluctuations negatively impacted operating margin by approximately 70 basis points.

*Earnings from Operations.* Earnings from operations decreased by \$10.6 million, or 40.5%, to \$15.6 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$26.2 million in the same prior-year period. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations unfavorably impacted earnings from operations by \$0.2 million.

*Interest Expense, Net.* Interest expense, net was \$0.2 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$0.5 million for the quarter ended August 1, 2015 and includes the impact of hedge ineffectiveness of foreign exchange currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges.

*Other Income, Net.* Other income, net was \$27.4 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$3.7 million in the same prior-year period. Other income, net in the quarter ended July 30, 2016 consisted primarily of a realized gain of \$22.3 million from the sale of a minority interest investment. Other income, net in the quarter ended August 1, 2015 consisted primarily of net unrealized and realized mark-to-market revaluation gains on foreign exchange currency contracts.

*Income Tax Expense.* Income tax expense for the quarter ended July 30, 2016 was \$10.6 million, or a 24.8% effective tax rate, compared to \$10.9 million, or a 37.2% effective tax rate, in the same prior-year period. Generally, income taxes for the interim periods are computed using the effective tax rate estimated to be applicable for the full fiscal year which is subject to ongoing review and evaluation by management. The decrease in the effective income tax rate was due primarily to the favorable impact of a lower tax rate on the gain from the sale of a minority interest investment during the quarter ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period.

*Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests.* Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests for the quarter ended July 30, 2016 was \$0.1 million, net of taxes, compared to net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$0.2 million, net of taxes, in the same prior-year period.

*Net Earnings Attributable to Guess?, Inc.* Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. increased by \$14.0 million, or 76.4%, to \$32.3 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$18.3 million in the same prior-year period. Diluted earnings per share increased to \$0.38 for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$0.21 for the quarter ended August 1, 2015. The results for the quarter ended July 30, 2016 included the favorable \$0.24 per share impact from the gain on the sale of a minority interest investment. Excluding the gain related to the sale of the minority interest investment and the related tax impact, adjusted net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. were \$12.0 million and adjusted diluted earnings were \$0.14 per common share for the quarter ended July 30, 2016. References to financial results excluding the impact of the gain related to the sale of the minority interest investment are non-GAAP measures and are addressed below under "Non-GAAP Measures." We estimate that the negative impact from currency fluctuations (including translational and transactional impacts) on diluted earnings per common share for the quarter ended July 30, 2016 was approximately \$0.04 per share.

# **Information by Business Segment**

The following table presents our net revenue and earnings (loss) from operations by segment for the three months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					
	Jul 30, 2016		Aug 1, 2015		Change	% Change
Net revenue:						
Americas Retail	\$ 226,550	\$	232,456	\$	(5,906)	(2.5%)
Europe	213,467		199,375		14,092	7.1
Asia	53,247		56,745		(3,498)	(6.2)
Americas Wholesale	29,744		32,361		(2,617)	(8.1)
Licensing	21,951		25,327		(3,376)	(13.3)
Total net revenue	\$ 544,959	\$	546,264	\$	(1,305)	(0.2%)
Earnings (loss) from operations:						
Americas Retail	\$ (1,614)	\$	5,244	\$	(6,858)	(130.8%)
Europe	19,033		18,186		847	4.7
Asia	(3,546)		887		(4,433)	(499.8)
Americas Wholesale	3,339		4,872		(1,533)	(31.5)
Licensing	19,733		22,415		(2,682)	(12.0)
Corporate Overhead	(21,368)		(25,403)		4,035	(15.9)
Total earnings from operations	\$ 15,577	\$	26,201	\$	(10,624)	(40.5%)
Operating margins:		_				
Americas Retail	(0.7%)		2.3%			
Europe	8.9%		9.1%			
Asia	(6.7%)		1.6%			
Americas Wholesale	11.2%		15.1%			
Licensing	89.9%		88.5%			
Total Company	2.9%		4.8%			

## Americas Retail

Net revenue from our Americas Retail segment decreased by \$5.9 million, or 2.5%, to \$226.6 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$232.5 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 1.4%, driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from negative comparable store sales and store closures. Comparable store sales (including e-commerce) in the U.S. and Canada decreased 2.5% in U.S. dollars and 1.6% in constant currency, which excludes the unfavorable translation impact from currency fluctuations relating to our Canadian retail stores and e-commerce sites. E-commerce sales increased by \$0.9 million, or 4.7%, to \$19.1 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$18.2 million in the same prior-year period. The inclusion of our e-commerce sales improved the comparable store sale percentage by 0.7% in U.S. dollars and 0.8% in constant currency. The store base for the U.S. and Canada decreased by an average of nine net stores during the quarter ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period, resulting in a 0.6% net decrease in average square footage. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our non-U.S. retail stores and e-commerce sites unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$2.7 million.

Operating margin decreased 300 basis points to negative 0.7% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 2.3% in the same prioryear period, driven by lower gross margins due primarily to more markdowns and the negative impact on the fixed cost structure resulting from negative comparable store sales.

Loss from operations from our Americas Retail segment was \$1.6 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to earnings from operations of \$5.2 million in the same prior-year period. The deterioration reflects the unfavorable impact on earnings from lower product margins.

As of July 30, 2016, we directly operated 450 stores in the U.S. and Canada, of which 341 stores were in the U.S. and 109 stores were in Canada. As of July 30, 2016, the total 450 directly operated stores were comprised of 153 GUESS? factory outlet stores, 151 full-priced GUESS? retail stores, 67 G by GUESS stores, 40 MARCIANO stores, 27 GUESS? factory accessories stores and 12 GUESS? retail accessories stores. As of

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August 1, 2015, we directly operated 456 stores in the U.S. and Canada, of which 342 stores were in the U.S. and 114 stores were in Canada.

## Europe

Net revenue from our Europe segment increased by \$14.1 million, or 7.1%, to \$213.5 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$199.4 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue increased by 6.4%, driven primarily by the favorable impact from positive comparable store sales and retail expansion, partially offset by lower shipments in our European wholesale business mainly due to timing. As of July 30, 2016, we directly operated 295 stores in Europe compared to 266 stores at August 1, 2015, excluding concessions, which represents a 10.9% increase over the prior-year second quarter end. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our European operations favorably impacted net revenue by \$1.4 million.

Operating margin decreased 20 basis points to 8.9% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 9.1% in the same prior-year period, due to lower gross margins, partially offset by a lower SG&A rate. The lower gross margins were driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from currency exchange rate fluctuations on product costs and lower initial mark-ups, partially offset by the favorable impact from positive comparable store sales. The lower SG&A rate was due primarily to the favorable impact on the fixed cost structure resulting from positive comparable store sales, partially offset by higher store selling expenses due to retail expansion.

Earnings from operations from our Europe segment increased by \$0.8 million, or 4.7%, to \$19.0 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$18.2 million in the same prior-year period, driven primarily by the favorable impact on earnings from higher revenue.

## Asia

Net revenue from our Asia segment decreased by \$3.5 million, or 6.2%, to \$53.2 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$56.7 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 3.9%, driven primarily by South Korea as we completed the phase out of our G by GUESS concept in the region during fiscal 2016. As of July 30, 2016, we and our partners operated 495 stores and 416 concessions in Asia, compared to 478 stores and 456 concessions at August 1, 2015. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our Asian operations unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$1.3 million.

Operating margin decreased 830 basis points to negative 6.7% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 1.6% in the same prioryear period. The decrease in operating margin was due to a higher SG&A rate and lower gross margins driven primarily by higher expenses resulting from expansion in China and overall deleveraging.

Loss from operations from our Asia segment was \$3.5 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, compared to earnings from operations of \$0.9 million in the same prior-year period. The deterioration was driven by higher SG&A expenses and higher occupancy costs due primarily to expansion in China.

## **Americas Wholesale**

Net revenue from our Americas Wholesale segment decreased by \$2.6 million, or 8.1%, to \$29.7 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$32.4 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 3.9%, driven primarily by lower shipments in our U.S. wholesale business. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our non-U.S. wholesale businesses unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$1.4 million.

Operating margin decreased 390 basis points to 11.2% for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from 15.1% in the same prior-year period, due to lower gross margins and a higher SG&A rate. The lower gross margins were driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from currency exchange rate fluctuations on product costs and lower initial mark-ups. The higher SG&A rate was due primarily to overall deleveraging of expenses.

Earnings from operations from our Americas Wholesale segment decreased by \$1.5 million, or 31.5%, to \$3.3 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$4.9 million in the same prior-year period, driven primarily by the unfavorable impact on earnings from lower product margins and lower revenue.

# Licensing

Net royalty revenue from our Licensing segment decreased by \$3.4 million, or 13.3%, to \$22.0 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$25.3 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease was driven primarily by overall softness in our licensing business, particularly in our watch and footwear categories.

Earnings from operations from our Licensing segment decreased by \$2.7 million, or 12.0%, to \$19.7 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$22.4 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease was driven primarily by the unfavorable impact to earnings from lower revenue.

# **Corporate** Overhead

Unallocated corporate overhead decreased by \$4.0 million to \$21.4 million for the quarter ended July 30, 2016, from \$25.4 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease relates primarily to prior-year charges for legal matters of \$7.0 million, partially offset by a curtailment gain recorded during the prior-year period.

# Six Months Ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015

## **Consolidated Results**

*Net Revenue*. Net revenue decreased by \$31.3 million, or 3.1%, to \$993.8 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$1.03 billion for the six months ended August 1, 2015. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 2.1% as currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$10.1 million compared to the same prior-year period. The decrease was driven primarily by lower shipments in our European wholesale business.

*Gross Margin.* Gross margin decreased 250 basis points to 33.0% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from 35.5% in the same prior-year period, of which 150 basis points was due to lower overall product margins and 100 basis points was due to a higher occupancy rate. The lower overall product margins were due primarily to the negative impact from currency exchange rate fluctuations. The higher occupancy rate was driven by the negative impact from business mix.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit decreased by \$35.2 million, or 9.7%, to \$328.4 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$363.6 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease in gross profit, which included the unfavorable impact of currency translation, was due primarily to lower overall product margins and the negative impact from lower wholesale shipments in Europe. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations unfavorably impacted gross profit by \$2.9 million.

*SG&A Rate.* The Company's SG&A rate increased 120 basis points to 33.7% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to 32.5% in the same prior-year period, due primarily to higher expenses to support our retail expansion and overall deleveraging driven by lower shipments in our European wholesale business, partially offset by lower charges related to legal matters.

*SG&A Expenses.* SG&A expenses increased by \$2.7 million, or 0.8%, to \$335.7 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$333.0 million in the same prior-year period. The increase, which included the favorable impact of currency translation, was driven by higher investments to support our expansion, partially offset by lower charges related to legal matters. During the six months ended August 1, 2015, the Company recorded charges related to legal matters of \$7.0 million. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations favorably impacted SG&A expenses by \$2.0 million.

**Restructuring Charges.** During the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company implemented a global cost reduction and restructuring plan to better align its global cost and organizational structure with its current strategic initiatives. This plan included the consolidation and streamlining of the Company's business processes and a reduction in its global workforce and other expenses. These actions resulted in restructuring charges of \$6.1 million incurred during the six months ended July 30, 2016.

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**Operating Margin.** Operating margin decreased 430 basis points to negative 1.3% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from 3.0% in the same prior-year period. The decrease in operating margin was driven by lower overall gross margins and a higher SG&A rate. Currency exchange rate fluctuations negatively impacted operating margin by approximately 100 basis points. The restructuring charges negatively impacted the operating margin by 60 basis points.

*Earnings (Loss) from Operations.* Loss from operations was \$13.4 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to earnings from operations of \$30.6 million in the same prior-year period. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our foreign operations unfavorably impacted loss from operations by \$1.1 million.

*Interest Expense, Net.* Interest expense, net was \$0.1 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$0.7 million for the six months ended August 1, 2015 and includes the impact of hedge ineffectiveness of foreign exchange currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges.

*Other Income, Net.* Other income, net was \$26.3 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$6.3 million in the same prior-year period. Other income, net in the six months ended July 30, 2016 consisted primarily of a realized gain of \$22.3 million from the sale of a minority interest investment. Other income, net in the six months ended August 1, 2015 consisted primarily of net unrealized and realized mark-to-market revaluation gains on foreign exchange currency contracts and net unrealized and realized gains on non-operating assets.

*Income Tax Expense.* Income tax expense for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$5.8 million, or a 45.3% effective tax rate, compared to \$13.8 million, or a 38.0% effective tax rate, in the same prior-year period. Generally, income taxes for the interim periods are computed using the effective tax rate estimated to be applicable for the full fiscal year which is subject to ongoing review and evaluation by management. The increase in the effective income tax rate was due primarily to more losses incurred in certain foreign jurisdictions where the Company has valuation allowances and a shift in the distribution of earnings among the Company's tax jurisdictions within the quarters of the current fiscal year, partially offset by the favorable impact of a lower tax rate on the gain from the sale of a minority interest investment during the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period.

*Net Earnings (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests.* Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$0.1 million, net of taxes, compared to net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests of \$0.8 million, net of taxes, in the same prior-year period.

*Net Earnings Attributable to Guess?, Inc.* Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. decreased by \$14.5 million, or 67.2%, to \$7.1 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$21.6 million in the same prior-year period. Diluted earnings per share decreased to \$0.08 for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$0.25 per share for the six months ended August 1, 2015. The results for the six months ended July 30, 2016 included a gain from the sale of a minority interest investment of approximately \$22.3 million which was partially offset by restructuring charges of \$6.1 million and a related exit tax charge of \$1.9 million (or a combined \$14.5 million after considering the net \$0.2 million tax benefit resulting from the restructuring charges and the sale of the minority interest investment), or a favorable \$0.17 per share impact. Excluding the impact of these items, adjusted net loss attributable to Guess?, Inc. was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss was \$0.09 per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016. References to financial results excluding the impact of these items are non-GAAP measures and are addressed below under "Non-GAAP Measures." We estimate that the negative impact from currency fluctuations (including translational and transactional impacts) on diluted earnings per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was approximately \$0.12 per share.

# **Information by Business Segment**

The following table presents our net revenue and earnings (loss) from operations by segment for the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015 (dollars in thousands):

% Change
(3.6%)
3.6
(11.1)
(10.2)
(13.5)
(3.1%)
(623.4%)
(65.9)
(176.6)
(23.0)
(11.6)
(3.6)
(143.9%)

## Americas Retail

Net revenue from our Americas Retail segment decreased by \$16.0 million, or 3.6%, to \$430.7 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$446.7 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 2.3%, driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from negative comparable store sales and store closures. Comparable store sales (including e-commerce) in the U.S. and Canada decreased 3.3% in U.S. dollars and 2.3% in constant currency, which excludes the unfavorable translation impact from currency fluctuations relating to our Canadian retail stores and e-commerce sites. E-commerce sales increased by \$2.9 million, or 7.8%, to \$39.3 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$36.4 million in the same prior-year period. The inclusion of our e-commerce sales improved the comparable store sale percentage by 1.1% in U.S. dollars and constant currency. The store base for the U.S. and Canada decreased by an average of 17 net stores during the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period, resulting in a 2.0% net decrease in average square footage. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our non-U.S. retail stores and e-commerce sites unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$5.7 million.

Operating margin decreased 290 basis points to negative 3.3% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from negative 0.4% in the same prior-year period, driven by lower gross margins and a higher SG&A rate. The lower gross margins were due primarily to the negative impact on the fixed cost structure resulting from negative comparable store sales and more markdowns. The higher SG&A rate was driven primarily by negative impact on the fixed cost structure resulting from negative comparable store sales.

Loss from operations from our Americas Retail segment increased by \$12.3 million, or 623.4%, to \$14.2 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$2.0 million in the same prior-year period, driven primarily by the unfavorable impact on earnings from negative comparable store sales and lower product margins.

# Europe

Net revenue from our Europe segment increased by \$12.1 million, or 3.6%, to \$348.8 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$336.8 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue increased by 2.6%, driven primarily by the favorable impact from positive comparable store sales and retail expansion, partially offset by lower shipments in our European wholesale business. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our European operations favorably impacted net revenue by \$3.2 million.

Operating margin decreased 290 basis points to 1.4% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from 4.3% in the same prior-year period, due to lower gross margins. The lower gross margins were driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from currency exchange rate fluctuations and business mix, partially offset by the favorable impact from positive comparable store sales.

Earnings from operations from our Europe segment decreased by \$9.6 million, or 65.9%, to \$4.9 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$14.5 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease was driven primarily by lower product margins and higher store selling expenses and occupancy costs due to retail expansion.

#### Asia

Net revenue from our Asia segment decreased by \$13.4 million, or 11.1%, to \$107.4 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$120.8 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 7.5%, driven primarily by South Korea as we completed the phase out of our G by GUESS concept in the region during fiscal 2016. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our Asian operations unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$4.3 million.

Operating margin decreased 850 basis points to negative 3.9% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from 4.6% in the same prior-year period, due to a higher SG&A rate and lower gross margins. The higher SG&A rate was driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from business mix, higher expenses resulting from expansion in China and overall deleveraging. The lower gross margins were driven primarily by higher expenses resulting from expansion in China and overall deleveraging.

Loss from operations from our Asia segment was \$4.2 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to earnings from operations of \$5.5 million in the same prior-year period. The deterioration was driven by higher SG&A expenses due to expansion in China.

## Americas Wholesale

Net revenue from our Americas Wholesale segment decreased by \$7.1 million, or 10.2%, to \$62.5 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$69.6 million in the same prior-year period. In constant currency, net revenue decreased by 5.4%, driven primarily by lower shipments in our U.S. wholesale business. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our non-U.S. wholesale businesses unfavorably impacted net revenue by \$3.3 million.

Operating margin decreased 240 basis points to 14.3% for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from 16.7% in the same prior-year period, due to lower gross margins driven primarily by the unfavorable impact from currency exchange rate fluctuations on product costs and lower initial mark-ups.

Earnings from operations from our Americas Wholesale segment decreased by \$2.7 million, or 23.0%, to \$9.0 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$11.6 million in the same prior-year period, driven primarily by the unfavorable impact on earnings from lower product margins and lower revenue. Currency translation fluctuations relating to our non-U.S. wholesale businesses unfavorably impacted earnings from operations by \$0.8 million.

#### Licensing

Net royalty revenue from our Licensing segment decreased by \$6.9 million, or 13.5%, to \$44.3 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$51.2 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease was driven primarily by overall softness in our licensing business, particularly in our watch and footwear categories.

Earnings from operations from our Licensing segment decreased by \$5.3 million, or 11.6%, to \$40.1 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$45.4 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease was driven primarily by the unfavorable impact to earnings from lower revenue.

#### **Corporate Overhead**

Unallocated corporate overhead decreased by \$1.6 million to \$42.9 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, from \$44.6 million in the same prior-year period. The decrease relates primarily to prior-year charges for legal matters of \$7.0 million, partially offset by a curtailment gain recorded during the prior-year period.

## **Non-GAAP Measures**

The Company's reported financial results are presented in accordance with GAAP. The reported net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. and diluted earnings per common share for the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 reflect the impact of a gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment. The reported net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. and diluted earnings per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 also reflect the impact of restructuring charges and an estimated exit tax charge. These items affect the comparability of the Company's reported results. The financial results are also presented on a non-GAAP basis, as defined in Section 10(e) of Regulation S-K of the SEC, to exclude the effect of these items. The Company has excluded these items, and related tax impact, from its adjusted financial measures primarily because it does not believe such items reflect the Company's ongoing operating results or future outlook. The Company believes that these "non-GAAP" or "adjusted" financial measures are useful as an additional means for investors to evaluate the comparability of the Company's operating results when reviewed in conjunction with the Company's GAAP financial statements. The non-GAAP measures are provided in addition to, and not as alternatives for, the Company's reported GAAP results.

The adjusted measures for the three months ended July 30, 2016 exclude the impact of a gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment. During the three months ended July 30, 2016, the Company recognized a gain from the sale of a minority interest investment of approximately \$22.3 million (or \$20.3 million after considering the related tax impact of \$2.0 million), or a favorable \$0.24 per share impact. Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$32.3 million and diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$0.38. Excluding the impact of the gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment and related tax impact, adjusted net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$0.38. Excluding the impact of the gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment and related tax impact, adjusted net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$0.38. Excluding the impact of the gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment and related tax impact, adjusted net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$12.0 million and adjusted diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$12.0 million and adjusted diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended July 30, 2016 was \$0.14.

The adjusted measures for the six months ended July 30, 2016 also exclude the impact of a gain related to the sale of a minority interest investment and the impact of restructuring charges and an estimated exit tax charge recorded during the three months ended April 30, 2016. During the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the Company implemented a global cost reduction and restructuring plan to better align its global cost and organizational structure with its current strategic initiatives. This plan included the consolidation and streamlining of the Company's business processes and a reduction in its global workforce and other expenses. During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company recognized a gain from the sale of a minority interest investment of approximately \$22.3 million which was partially offset by the negative impact from restructuring charges of \$6.1 million and a related exit tax charge of \$1.9 million (or a combined \$14.5 million after considering the net \$0.2 million tax benefit resulting from the restructuring charges and the sale of the minority interest investment), or a favorable \$0.17 per share impact. Net earnings attributable to Guess?, Inc. for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.1 million and diluted earnings per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and adjusted diluted loss per common share for the six months ended July 30, 2016 was \$7.4 million and

Our discussion and analysis herein also includes certain constant currency financial information. Foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations affect the amount reported from translating the Company's foreign revenue,

expenses and balance sheet amounts into U.S. dollars. These rate fluctuations can have a significant effect on reported operating results under GAAP. The Company provides constant currency information to enhance the visibility of underlying business trends, excluding the effects of changes in foreign currency translation rates. To calculate net revenue, comparable store sales and earnings (loss) from operations on a constant currency basis, operating results for the current-year period are translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rates in effect during the comparable period of the prior year. To calculate balance sheet amounts on a constant currency basis, the current period balance sheet amount is translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect at the comparable prior-year period end. The constant currency calculations do not adjust for the impact of revaluing specific transactions denominated in a currency that is different to the functional currency of that entity when exchange rates fluctuate. The constant currency information presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

In calculating the estimated impact of currency fluctuations (including translational and transactional impacts) on other measures such as earnings per share, the Company estimates gross margin (including the impact of foreign exchange currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges for anticipated merchandise purchases) and expenses using the appropriate prior-year rates, translates the estimated foreign earnings at the comparable prior-year rates and excludes the year-over-year earnings impact of gains or losses arising from balance sheet remeasurement and foreign exchange currency contracts not designated as cash flow hedges for merchandise purchases.

# Liquidity and Capital Resources

We need liquidity primarily to fund our working capital, the expansion and remodeling of our retail stores, shop-in-shop programs, concessions, systems, infrastructure, other existing operations, international growth, potential acquisitions and investments, potential share repurchases and payment of dividends to our stockholders. During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company relied primarily on trade credit, available cash, real estate and other operating leases, proceeds from the real estate secured loan and short-term lines of credit and internally generated funds to finance our operations, the purchase of the Company's U.S. distribution center during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016, dividends and expansion. The Company anticipates that we will be able to satisfy our ongoing cash requirements during the next twelve months for working capital, capital expenditures, interest and principal payments on our debt, potential acquisitions and investments, potential share repurchases and any dividend payments to stockholders, primarily with cash flow from operations and existing cash balances supplemented by borrowings, as necessary, under our existing Credit Facility and bank facilities in Europe, as described below under "—Borrowings and Capital Lease Obligations."

As of July 30, 2016, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$415.5 million, of which approximately \$84.7 million was held in the U.S. As of July 30, 2016, we have not provided for U.S. federal and state income taxes on the undistributed earnings of our foreign subsidiaries, since such earnings are considered indefinitely reinvested outside the U.S. If in the future we decide to repatriate such earnings, we would incur incremental U.S. federal and state income taxes, reduced by allowable foreign tax credits. However, our intent is to keep these funds indefinitely reinvested outside of the U.S. and our current plans do not indicate a need to repatriate them to fund our U.S. operations. Due to the complexities associated with the hypothetical calculation, including the availability of foreign tax credits, it is not practicable to determine the unrecognized deferred tax liability related to the undistributed earnings.

Excess cash and cash equivalents, which represent the majority of our outstanding cash and cash equivalents balance, are held primarily in overnight deposit and short-term time deposit accounts. Please see "—Important Factors Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" and "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 30, 2016 for a discussion of risk factors which could reasonably be likely to result in a decrease of internally generated funds available to finance capital expenditures and working capital requirements.

The Company has presented below the cash flow performance comparison of the six months ended July 30, 2016, versus the six months ended August 1, 2015.

## **Operating** Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$17.6 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$56.7 million for the six months ended August 1, 2015, or a decrease of \$74.3 million. The decrease was driven primarily by the unfavorable impact of changes in working capital and lower net earnings for the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period. The change in working capital was driven primarily by higher inventory related to timing of receipts, retail expansion and a buildup of inventory in Americas Retail during the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period.

## **Investing** Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$0.8 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$17.2 million for the six months ended August 1, 2015, and includes proceeds from the sale of long-term assets of \$43.4 million. Excluding these proceeds, cash used in investing activities increased \$27.0 million. Cash used in investing activities related primarily to capital expenditures incurred on retail expansion and existing store remodeling programs, partially offset by proceeds from the sale of long-term assets. In addition, the cost of any business acquisitions and the settlement of forward exchange currency contracts are also included in cash flows used in investing activities.

The decrease in cash used in investing activities was driven primarily by proceeds from the sale of long-term assets, partially offset by a higher level of spending on retail expansion during the six months ended July 30, 2016 compared to the same prior-year period and lower cash receipts from settlement of forward exchange currency contracts. During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company opened 52 directly operated stores compared to 22 directly operated stores that were opened in the comparable prior-year period.

#### **Financing** Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$23.2 million for the six months ended July 30, 2016, compared to \$44.4 million for the six months ended August 1, 2015. Cash used in financing activities related primarily to the payment of dividends, partially offset by proceeds from borrowings of \$21.5 million during the six months ended July 30, 2016. In addition, payments related to capital lease obligations, borrowings and debt issuance costs, purchase of redeemable noncontrolling interest, capital distributions to noncontrolling interests and proceeds from capital contributions from noncontrolling interests, issuance of common stock under our equity plans and excess tax benefits from share-based compensation are also included in cash flows from financing activities.

The decrease in cash used in financing activities was driven primarily by proceeds from the Company's ten-year \$21.5 million real estate secured loan entered into during the six months ended July 30, 2016 to partially finance the \$28.8 million purchase of the Company's U.S. distribution center during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016.

# Effect of Exchange Rates on Cash and Cash Equivalents

During the six months ended July 30, 2016, changes in foreign currency translation rates increased our reported cash and cash equivalents balance by \$11.7 million. This compares to a decrease of \$7.6 million in cash and cash equivalents driven by changes in foreign currency translation rates during the six months ended August 1, 2015.

#### Working Capital

As of July 30, 2016, the Company had net working capital (including cash and cash equivalents) of \$713.9 million, compared to \$709.2 million at January 30, 2016 and \$751.8 million at August 1, 2015. As a result of the adoption of new authoritative guidance during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016 which requires that all deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as long-term on the balance sheet, net working capital at August 1, 2015 was adjusted to reflect the reclassification of deferred tax assets for \$19.1 million from current to long-term. The Company's primary working capital needs are for accounts receivable and inventory. Accounts receivable increased by \$2.6 million, or 1.3%, to \$201.3 million as of July 30, 2016, compared to \$198.7 million at August 1, 2015. The accounts receivable balance consists of trade receivables relating primarily to the Company's wholesale

business in Europe and, to a lesser extent, to its wholesale businesses in the Americas and Asia, royalty receivables relating to its licensing operations and certain other receivables. On a constant currency basis, accounts receivable was relatively flat compared to the same prior-year period. As of July 30, 2016, approximately 50% of our total net trade receivables and 65% of our European net trade receivables were subject to credit insurance coverage, certain bank guarantees or letters of credit for collection purposes. Our credit insurance coverage contains certain terms and conditions specifying deductibles and annual claim limits. Inventory increased by \$44.2 million, or 13.2%, to \$379.7 million as of July 30, 2016, compared to \$335.5 million at August 1, 2015. On a constant currency basis, inventory increased by \$42.0 million, or 12.5%, when compared to August 1, 2015, driven primarily by timing of receipts, retail expansion and a buildup of inventory in Americas Retail.

#### Dividends

During the first quarter of fiscal 2008, the Company announced the initiation of a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.06 per share of the Company's common stock. Since that time, the Company has continued to pay a quarterly cash dividend, which has subsequently increased to \$0.225 per common share.

On August 24, 2016, the Company announced a regular quarterly cash dividend of \$0.225 per share on the Company's common stock. The cash dividend will be paid on September 23, 2016 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on September 7, 2016.

The payment of cash dividends in the future will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will be based upon a number of business, legal and other considerations, including our cash flow from operations, capital expenditures, debt service and covenant requirements, cash paid for income taxes, earnings, share repurchases, economic conditions and liquidity.

#### **Capital Expenditures**

Gross capital expenditures totaled \$44.2 million, before deducting lease incentives of \$3.3 million, for the six months ended July 30, 2016. This compares to gross capital expenditures of \$25.0 million, before deducting lease incentives of \$4.1 million, for the six months ended August 1, 2015. As part of our strategic initiatives, we plan to significantly increase our capital expenditures over the next three years. The Company's investments in capital for the full fiscal year 2017 are planned between \$90 million and \$100 million. The planned investments in capital are primarily for retail expansion, store remodeling programs and investments in maintaining and improving our infrastructure (primarily information and operating systems).

We will periodically evaluate strategic acquisitions and alliances and pursue those that we believe will support and contribute to our overall growth initiatives.

#### **Borrowings**

#### Credit Facilities

On June 23, 2015, the Company entered into a five-year senior secured asset-based revolving credit facility with Bank of America, N.A. and the other lenders party thereto (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility provides for a borrowing capacity in an amount up to \$150 million, including a Canadian sub-facility up to \$50 million, subject to a borrowing base. Based on applicable accounts receivable, inventory and eligible cash balances as of July 30, 2016, the Company could have borrowed up to \$148 million under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility has an option to expand the borrowing capacity by up to \$150 million subject to certain terms and conditions, including the willingness of existing or new lenders to assume such increased amount. The Credit Facility is available for direct borrowings and the issuance of letters of credit, subject to certain letters of credit sublimits, and may be used for working capital and other general corporate purposes.

All obligations under the Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by the Company and the Company's existing and future domestic and Canadian subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions, and are secured by a first priority lien on substantially all of the assets of the Company and such domestic and Canadian subsidiaries, as applicable.

Direct borrowings under the Credit Facility made by the Company and its domestic subsidiaries shall bear interest at the U.S. base rate plus an applicable margin (varying from 0.25% to 0.75%) or at LIBOR plus an

applicable margin (varying from 1.25% to 1.75%). The U.S. base rate is based on the greater of (i) the U.S. prime rate, (ii) the federal funds rate, plus 0.5%, and (iii) LIBOR for a 30 day interest period, plus 1.0%. Direct borrowings under the Credit Facility made by the Company's Canadian subsidiaries shall bear interest at the Canadian prime rate plus an applicable margin (varying from 0.25% to 0.75%) or at the Canadian BA rate plus an applicable margin (varying from 1.25% to 1.75%). The Canadian prime rate is based on the greater of (i) the Canadian prime rate, (ii) the Bank of Canada overnight rate, plus 0.5%, and (iii) the Canadian BA rate for a one month interest period, plus 1.0%. The applicable margins are calculated quarterly and vary based on the average daily availability of the aggregate borrowing base. The Company is also obligated to pay certain commitment, letter of credit and other fees customary for a credit facility of this size and type. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had \$0.7 million in outstanding standby letters of credit, \$1.3 million in outstanding documentary letters of credit and no outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility requires the Company to comply with a fixed charge coverage ratio on a trailing four-quarter basis if a default or an event of default occurs under the Credit Facility or if the borrowing capacity falls below certain levels. In addition, the Credit Facility contains customary covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company and certain of its subsidiaries' ability to: incur liens, incur indebtedness, make investments, dispose of assets, make certain restricted payments, merge or consolidate and enter into certain transactions with affiliates. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Credit Facility, the lenders may cease making loans, terminate the Credit Facility and declare all amounts outstanding to be immediately due and payable. The Credit Facility specifies a number of events of default (some of which are subject to applicable grace or cure periods), including, among other things, non-payment defaults, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to other material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults and material judgment defaults. The Credit Facility allows for both secured and unsecured borrowings outside of the Credit Facility up to specified amounts.

The Company, through its European subsidiaries, maintains short-term uncommitted borrowing agreements, primarily for working capital purposes, with various banks in Europe. The majority of the borrowings under these agreements are secured by specific accounts receivable balances. Based on the applicable accounts receivable balances as of July 30, 2016, the Company could have borrowed up to \$75.8 million under these agreements. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had no outstanding borrowings and \$1.4 million in outstanding documentary letters of credit under these agreements. The agreements are denominated primarily in euros and provide for annual interest rates ranging from 0.4% to 6.8%. The maturities of any short-term borrowings under these arrangements are generally linked to the credit terms of the underlying accounts receivable that secure the borrowings. With the exception of one facility for up to \$39.1 million that has a minimum net equity requirement, there are no other financial ratio covenants.

#### Mortgage Debt

On February 16, 2016, the Company entered into a ten-year \$21.5 million real estate secured loan (the "Mortgage Debt"). The Mortgage Debt is secured by the Company's U.S. distribution center based in Louisville, Kentucky and provides for monthly principal and interest payments based on a 25-year amortization schedule, with the remaining principal balance and any accrued and unpaid interest due at maturity. Outstanding principal balances under the Mortgage Debt bear interest at the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.5%. As of July 30, 2016, outstanding borrowings under the Mortgage Debt, net of debt issuance costs of \$0.1 million, were \$21.2 million.

The Mortgage Debt requires the Company to comply with a fixed charge coverage ratio on a trailing four-quarter basis if consolidated cash, cash equivalents and short term investment balances fall below certain levels. In addition, the Mortgage Debt contains customary covenants, including covenants that limit or restrict the Company's ability to incur liens on the mortgaged property and enter into certain contractual obligations. Upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Mortgage Debt, the lender may terminate the Mortgage Debt and declare all amounts outstanding to be immediately due and payable. The Mortgage Debt specifies a number of events of default (some of which are subject to applicable grace or cure periods), including, among other things, non-payment defaults, covenant defaults, cross-defaults to other material indebtedness, bankruptcy and insolvency defaults and material judgment defaults.

On February 16, 2016, the Company also entered into a separate interest rate swap agreement, designated as a cash flow hedge, that resulted in a swap fixed rate of approximately 3.06%. This interest rate swap agreement matures in January 2026 and converts the nature of the Mortgage Debt from LIBOR floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. The fair value of the interest rate swap liability as of July 30, 2016 was approximately \$0.7 million.

#### Other

From time-to-time, the Company will obtain other financing in foreign countries for working capital to finance its local operations.

#### Share Repurchases

On June 26, 2012, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase, from time-to-time and as market and business conditions warrant, up to \$500 million of the Company's common stock. Repurchases under the program may be made on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 trading plans or other available means. There is no minimum or maximum number of shares to be repurchased under the program, which may be discontinued at any time, without prior notice. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had remaining authority under the program to purchase \$451.8 million of its common stock. There were no share repurchases during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015.

### Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

On August 23, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP") which became effective January 1, 2006. The SERP provides select employees who satisfy certain eligibility requirements with certain benefits upon retirement, termination of employment, death, disability or a change in control of the Company, in certain prescribed circumstances.

In fiscal 2016, the SERP was amended in connection with Paul Marciano's transition from Chief Executive Officer to Executive Chairman of the Board and Chief Creative Officer. This amendment effectively eliminated any future salary progression by finalizing compensation levels for future benefits. Mr. Marciano will continue to be eligible to receive SERP benefits in the future in accordance with the amended terms of the SERP. Subsequent to this amendment, there are no employees considered actively participating under the terms of the SERP. As a result, the Company included an actuarial gain of \$11.4 million before taxes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) during fiscal 2016. In addition, the Company also recognized a curtailment gain of \$1.7 million before taxes related to the accelerated amortization of the remaining prior service credit during fiscal 2016. The actuarial and curtailment gains were recorded during the three months ended August 1, 2015.

As a non-qualified pension plan, no dedicated funding of the SERP is required; however, the Company has made periodic payments into insurance policies held in a rabbi trust to fund the expected obligations arising under the non-qualified SERP. The amount of any future payments into the insurance policies, if any, may vary depending on investment performance of the trust. The cash surrender values of the insurance policies were \$57.7 million and \$52.5 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively, and were included in other assets in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. As a result of changes in the value of the insurance policy investments, the Company recorded unrealized gains of \$1.9 million and \$5.1 million in other income during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, respectively, and unrealized gains (losses) of \$(0.3) million and \$1.6 million in other income and expense during the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, respectively. The Company also recorded realized gains of \$0.1 million and \$0.7 million in other income resulting from payout on the insurance policies during the six months ended July 30, 2016 and August 1, 2015, respectively. The realized gains were recorded during the three months ended April 30, 2016 and May 2, 2015. The projected benefit obligation was \$53.5 million and \$53.4 million as of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, respectively, and was included in accrued expenses and other long-term liabilities in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets depending on the expected timing of payments. SERP benefit payments of \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million were made during the three and six months ended July 30, 2016, respectively. SERP benefit payments of \$0.4 million and \$0.8 million were made during the three and six months ended August 1, 2015, respectively.

## Inflation

The Company does not believe that inflation trends in the U.S. and internationally over the last three years have had a significant effect on net revenue or profitability.

## Seasonality

The Company's business is impacted by the general seasonal trends characteristic of the apparel and retail industries. The retail operations in the Americas and Europe are generally stronger during the second half of the fiscal year, and the wholesale operations in the Americas generally experience stronger performance from July through November. The European wholesale businesses operate with two primary selling seasons: the Spring/Summer season, which ships from November to April and the Fall/Winter season, which ships from May to October. The Company's goal in the European wholesale business is to take advantage of early-season demand and potential reorders by offering a pre-collection assortment which ships at the beginning of each season. Customers retain the ability to request early shipment of backlog orders or delay shipment of orders depending on their needs.

### Wholesale Backlog

We generally receive orders for fashion apparel three to six months prior to the time the products are delivered to our customers' stores. The backlog of wholesale orders at any given time is affected by various factors, including seasonality, cancellations, the scheduling of market weeks, the timing of the receipt of orders and the timing of the shipment of orders and may include orders for multiple seasons. Accordingly, a comparison of backlogs of wholesale orders from period-to-period is not necessarily meaningful and may not be indicative of eventual actual shipments.

**U.S. and Canada Backlog.** Our U.S. and Canadian wholesale backlog as of August 29, 2016, consisting primarily of orders for fashion apparel, was \$45.6 million in constant currency, compared to \$49.9 million at August 31, 2015, a decrease of 8.6%. We estimate that if we were to normalize the orders for the scheduling of market weeks the current backlog would have increased by 14.5% compared to the prior year.

*Europe Backlog.* As of August 28, 2016, the European wholesale backlog was  $\notin$ 198.4 million, compared to  $\notin$ 208.4 million at August 30, 2015, a decrease of 4.8%. The backlog as of August 28, 2016 is primarily comprised of sales orders for the Fall/Winter 2016 and Spring/Summer 2017 seasons.

# **Application of Critical Accounting Policies**

Our critical accounting policies reflecting our estimates and judgments are described in "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2016 filed with the SEC on March 25, 2016. There have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies during the six months ended July 30, 2016.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Guidance**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard which will supersede previous existing revenue recognition guidance. The standard creates a five-step model for revenue recognition that requires companies to exercise judgment when considering contract terms and relevant facts and circumstances. The five-step model includes (1) identifying the contract, (2) identifying the separate performance obligations in the contract, (3) determining the transaction price, (4) allocating the transaction price to the separate performance obligations and (5) recognizing revenue when each performance obligation has been satisfied. The standard also requires expanded disclosures surrounding revenue recognition. During the first half of fiscal 2017, the FASB issued additional clarification guidance on the new revenue recognition standard which also included certain scope improvements and practical expedients. The standard (including clarification guidance issued) is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2017, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2019, and allows for either full retrospective or modified retrospective adoption. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption



of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, including the choice of application method upon adoption.

In July 2015, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to simplify the subsequent measurement of inventories by replacing the lower of cost or market test with a lower of cost and net realizable value test. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2018, and requires prospective adoption, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or related disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance which requires equity investments not accounted for under the equity method of accounting or consolidation accounting to be measured at fair value, with subsequent changes in fair value recognized in net income. This guidance also addresses other recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2019, and requires a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued a comprehensive new lease standard which will supersede previous lease guidance. The standard requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities related to long-term leases that were classified as operating leases under previous guidance in its balance sheet. An asset would be recognized related to the right to use the underlying asset and a liability would be recognized related to the obligation to make lease payments over the term of the lease. The standard also requires expanded disclosures surrounding leases. The standard is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2020, and requires modified retrospective adoption, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures, but expects there will be a significant increase in its long-term assets and liabilities resulting from the adoption.

In March 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance to simplify the accounting for certain aspects of share-based compensation. This guidance requires all income tax effects of awards to be recognized in the income statement when the awards vest or are settled. This guidance also addresses other recognition, measurement and presentation requirements for share-based compensation. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to the measurement of credit losses on financial instruments. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2021. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2020. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In August 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to the classification of certain cash receipts and cash payments in the statement of cash flows. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, which will be the Company's first quarter of fiscal 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

# ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

## Exchange Rate Risk

More than half of product sales and licensing revenue recorded for the six months ended July 30, 2016 were denominated in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The Company's primary exchange rate risk relates to operations in Europe, Canada, South Korea and Mexico. Changes in currencies affect our earnings in various ways. For further discussion on currency-related risk, please refer to our risk factors under "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended January 30, 2016.

Various transactions that occur primarily in Europe, Canada, South Korea and Mexico are denominated in U.S. dollars and British pounds and thus are exposed to earnings risk as a result of exchange rate fluctuations when converted to their functional currencies. These types of transactions include U.S. dollar denominated purchases of merchandise and U.S. dollar and British pound denominated intercompany liabilities. In addition, certain operating expenses, tax liabilities and pension-related liabilities are denominated in Swiss francs and are exposed to earnings risk as a result of exchange rate fluctuations when converted to the functional currency. The Company is also subject to certain translation and economic exposures related to its net investment in certain of its international subsidiaries. The Company enters into derivative financial instruments to offset some but not all of its exchange risk. In addition, some of the derivative contracts in place will create volatility during the fiscal year as they are marked-to-market according to the accounting rules and may result in revaluation gains or losses in different periods from when the currency impact on the underlying transactions are realized.

# Foreign Exchange Currency Contracts Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company purchased U.S. dollar forward contracts in Europe and Canada totaling US\$46.7 million and US\$35.9 million, respectively, to hedge forecasted merchandise purchases and intercompany royalties that were designated as cash flow hedges. As of July 30, 2016, the Company had forward contracts outstanding for its European and Canadian operations of US\$106.4 million and US\$60.6 million, respectively, which are expected to mature over the next 17 months. The Company's foreign exchange currency contracts are recorded in its condensed consolidated balance sheet at fair value based on quoted market rates. Changes in the fair value of the U.S. dollar forward contracts, designated as cash flow hedges for forecasted merchandise purchases, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are recognized in cost of product sales in the period which approximates the time the hedged merchandise inventory is sold. Changes in the fair value of the U.S. dollar forward eas cash flow hedges for forecasted in tercompany royalties, are recorded as a component of accumulated as cash flow hedges for forecasted intercompany royalties, are recorded as a component of accumulated as cash flow hedges for forecasted intercompany royalties, are recorded as a component of accumulated as cash flow hedges for forecasted intercompany royalties, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are recognized in other income and expense in the period in which the royalty expense is incurred.

As of July 30, 2016, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to foreign exchange currency contracts included a net unrealized gain of approximately \$0.4 million, net of tax, which will be recognized in cost of product sales or other income over the following 12 months, at the then current values on a pre-tax basis, which can be different than the current quarter-end values. As of July 30, 2016, the net unrealized loss of the remaining open forward contracts recorded in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet was minimal.

At January 30, 2016, the Company had forward contracts outstanding for its European and Canadian operations of US\$106.3 million and US\$48.2 million, respectively, that were designated as cash flow hedges. At January 30, 2016, the net unrealized gain of these open forward contracts recorded in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet was approximately \$7.4 million.

# Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments

The Company also has foreign exchange currency contracts that are not designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Changes in fair value of foreign exchange currency contracts not designated as hedging instruments are reported in net earnings as part of other income and expense. For the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company recorded a net loss of \$3.1 million for its Canadian dollar and euro foreign exchange currency contracts not designated as hedges, which has been included in other income. As of July 30, 2016, the Company

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had euro foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$66.2 million expected to mature over the next 11 months and Canadian dollar foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$20.4 million expected to mature over the next nine months. As of July 30, 2016, the net unrealized loss of these open forward contracts recorded in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet was approximately \$0.9 million.

At January 30, 2016, the Company had euro foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$54.8 million and Canadian dollar foreign exchange currency contracts to purchase US\$25.8 million. At January 30, 2016, the net unrealized gain of these open forward contracts recorded in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet was approximately \$2.0 million.

## Sensitivity Analysis

As of July 30, 2016, a sensitivity analysis of changes in foreign currencies when measured against the U.S. dollar indicates that, if the U.S. dollar had uniformly weakened by 10% against all of the U.S. dollar denominated foreign exchange derivatives totaling US\$253.6 million, the fair value of the instruments would have decreased by \$28.2 million. Conversely, if the U.S. dollar uniformly strengthened by 10% against all of the U.S. dollar denominated foreign exchange derivatives, the fair value of these instruments would have increased by \$23.1 million. Any resulting changes in the fair value of the hedged instruments may be partially offset by changes in the fair value of certain balance sheet positions (primarily U.S. dollar denominated liabilities in our foreign operations) impacted by the change in the foreign currency rate. The ability to reduce the exposure of currencies on earnings depends on the magnitude of the derivatives compared to the balance sheet positions during each reporting cycle.

## Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its floating-rate debt. The Company has entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively convert its floating-rate debt to a fixed-rate basis. The principal objective of these contracts is to eliminate or reduce the variability of the cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's floating-rate debt, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest payment cash flows. The Company has elected to apply the hedge accounting rules in accordance with authoritative guidance for certain of these contracts.

# Interest Rate Swap Agreement Designated as Cash Flow Hedge

During the six months ended July 30, 2016, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$21.5 million, designated as a cash flow hedge, to hedge the variability of cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's floating-rate debt. This interest rate swap agreement matures in January 2026 and converts the nature of the Company's real estate secured term loan from LIBOR floating-rate debt to fixed-rate debt, resulting in a swap fixed rate of approximately 3.06%. The fair values of the interest rate swap agreements are based upon inputs corroborated by observable market data. Changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement, designated as cash flow hedges to hedge the variability of cash flows in interest payments associated with the Company's floating-rate debt, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are amortized to interest expense over the term of the related debt.

As of July 30, 2016, accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to the interest rate swap agreement included a net unrealized loss of approximately \$0.4 million, net of tax, which will be recognized in interest expense after the following 12 months, at the then current values on a pre-tax basis, which can be different than the current quarter-end values. As of July 30, 2016, the net unrealized loss of the interest rate swap recorded in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet was approximately \$0.7 million.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

As of July 30, 2016, approximately 87% of the Company's total indebtedness related to a real estate secured term loan, which is covered by a separate interest rate swap agreement with a swap fixed interest rate of approximately 3.06% that matures in January 2026. The interest rate swap agreement is designated as a cash flow hedge and converts the nature of the Company's real estate secured term loan from LIBOR floating-rate debt to



fixed-rate debt. Changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap agreement are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity and are amortized to interest expense over the term of the related debt. The Company's remaining indebtedness is at variable rates of interest. Accordingly, changes in interest rates would impact the Company's results of operations in future periods. A 100 basis point increase in interest rates would have had an insignificant effect on interest expense for the six months ended July 30, 2016.

The fair value of the Company's debt instruments are based on the amount of future cash flows associated with each instrument discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate. As of July 30, 2016 and January 30, 2016, the carrying value of all financial instruments was not materially different from fair value, as the interest rate on the Company's debt approximates rates currently available to the Company.

### **ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures.**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the quarterly period covered by this report.

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the second quarter of fiscal 2017 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

# **ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.**

On May 6, 2009, Gucci America, Inc. filed a complaint in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against Guess?, Inc. and certain third party licensees for the Company asserting, among other things, trademark and trade dress law violations and unfair competition. The complaint sought injunctive relief, compensatory damages, including treble damages, and certain other relief. Complaints similar to those in the above action have also been filed by Gucci entities against the Company and certain of its subsidiaries in the Court of Milan, Italy, the Intermediate People's Court of Nanjing, China and the Court of Paris, France. The threeweek bench trial in the U.S. matter concluded on April 19, 2012, with the court issuing a preliminary ruling on May 21, 2012 and a final ruling on July 19, 2012. Although the plaintiff was seeking compensation in the U.S. matter in the form of damages of \$26 million and an accounting of profits of \$99 million, the final ruling provided for monetary damages of \$2.3 million against the Company and \$2.3 million against certain of its licensees. The court also granted narrow injunctions in favor of the plaintiff for certain of the claimed infringements. On August 20, 2012, the appeal period expired without any party having filed an appeal, rendering the judgment final. On May 2, 2013, the Court of Milan ruled in favor of the Company in the Milan, Italy matter. In the ruling, the Court rejected all of the plaintiff's claims and ordered the cancellation of three of the plaintiff's Italian and four of the plaintiff's European Community trademark registrations. On June 10, 2013, the plaintiff appealed the Court's ruling in the Milan matter. On September 15, 2014, the Court of Appeal of Milan affirmed the majority of the lower Court's ruling in favor of the Company, but overturned the lower Court's finding with respect to an unfair competition claim. That portion of the matter is now in a damages phase based on the ruling. On October 16, 2015, the plaintiff appealed the remainder of the Court of Appeal of Milan's ruling in favor of the Company to the Italian Supreme Court of Cassation. In the China matter, the Intermediate People's Court of Nanjing, China issued a ruling on November 8, 2013 granting an injunction in favor of the plaintiff for certain of the claimed infringements on handbags and small leather goods and awarding the plaintiff statutory damages in the amount of approximately \$80,000. The Company strongly disagrees with the Court's decision and has appealed the ruling. The judgment in the China matter is stayed pending the appeal, which was heard in May 2014. On January 30, 2015, the Court of Paris ruled in favor of the Company, rejecting all of the plaintiff's claims and partially canceling two of the plaintiff's community trademark registrations and one of the plaintiff's international trademark registrations. On February 17, 2015, the plaintiff appealed the Court of Paris' ruling.

On August 25, 2006, Franchez Isaguirre, a former employee of the Company, filed a complaint in the Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles alleging violations by the Company of California wage and hour laws. The complaint was subsequently amended, adding a second former employee as an additional named party. The plaintiffs purport to represent a class of similarly situated employees in California who allegedly had been injured by not being provided adequate meal and rest breaks. The complaint seeks unspecified compensatory damages, statutory penalties, attorney's fees and injunctive and declaratory relief. On June 9, 2009, the Court certified the class but immediately stayed the case pending the resolution of a separate California Supreme Court case on the standards of class treatment for meal and rest break claims. Following the Supreme Court ruling, the Superior Court denied the Company's motions to decertify the class and to narrow the class in January 2013 and June 2013, respectively. The Company subsequently petitioned to have the Court's decision not to narrow the class definition reviewed. That petition was ultimately denied by the California Supreme Court in April 2014. In July 2015, the parties entered into a Memorandum of Understanding to settle the matter for \$5.25 million, subject to certain limited offsets. The Court issued a final order and judgment approving the settlement in February 2016.

The Company has received customs tax assessment notices from the Italian Customs Agency regarding its customs tax audit of one of the Company's European subsidiaries for the period from July 2010 through December 2012. Such assessments totaled  $\notin$ 9.8 million (\$11.0 million), including potential penalties and interest. The Company strongly disagrees with the positions that the Italian Customs Agency has taken and therefore filed appeals with the Milan First Degree Tax Court ("MFDTC"). In May 2015, the MFDTC issued a judgment in favor of the Company in relation to the first set of appeals (covering the period through September 2010) and canceled the related assessments totaling  $\notin$ 1.7 million (\$1.9 million). In November 2015, the Italian Customs Agency notified the Company of its intent to appeal this first MFDTC judgment. During the first half of fiscal 2017, the MFDTC issued judgments in favor of the Company in relation to the second, third and fourth set of appeals (covering the period from October 2010 through June 2011), sixth set of appeals (covering the period from August 2012 through December 2012) and canceled the related assessments totaling  $\notin$ 6.0 million). While these MFDTC judgments have been favorable to the Company, there can be no assurances that the Company's remaining open appeals covering the periods from July 2011 through December 2011 as well as July 2012 will be successful. There also can be no assurances that the Italian Customs Agency will not be successful in its appeal of the first MFDTC judgment or that they will not appeal the other favorable MFDTC judgments. It also continues to be possible that the Company will receive similar or even larger assessments for periods subsequent to December 2012 or other claims or charges related to the matter in the future.

Although the Company believes that it has a strong position and will continue to vigorously defend each of the remaining matters, it is unable to predict with certainty whether or not these efforts will ultimately be successful or whether the outcomes will have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

The Company is also involved in various other claims and other matters incidental to the Company's business, the resolutions of which are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have not been any material changes from the Risk Factors as previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended January 30, 2016, filed with the SEC on March 25, 2016.

# ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

Items (a) and (b) are not applicable.

Item (c). Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

<u>Period</u>	Total Number of Shares Purchased	verage Price Paid r Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs	
May 1, 2016 to May 28, 2016					
Repurchase program (1)	—		—	\$ 451,783,109	
Employee transactions (2)	—	—	—		
May 29, 2016 to July 2, 2016					
Repurchase program (1)	—	—	—	\$ 451,783,109	
Employee transactions (2)	6,610	\$ 15.68	—		
July 3, 2016 to July 30, 2016					
Repurchase program (1)	—	—	—	\$ 451,783,109	
Employee transactions (2)	347	\$ 15.29	—		
Total		 			
Repurchase program (1)	—	—	—		
Employee transactions (2)	6,957	\$ 15.66			

<sup>(1)</sup> On June 26, 2012, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a program to repurchase, from time-to-time and as market and business conditions warrant, up to \$500 million of the Company's common stock. Repurchases under the program may be made on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 trading plans or other available means. There is no minimum or maximum number of shares to be repurchased under the program, which may be discontinued at any time, without prior notice.

(2) Consists of shares surrendered to, or withheld by, the Company in satisfaction of employee tax withholding obligations that occur upon vesting of restricted stock awards/units granted under the Company's 2004 Equity Incentive Plan, as amended.

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# ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1.	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant (incorporated by reference from Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-4419) filed July 30, 1996).
3.2.	Second Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant (incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 4, 2007).
4.1.	Specimen Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference from Amendment No. 3 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-4419) filed July 30, 1996).
*10.1.	Guess?, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Compensation Plan (incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 6, 2016).
*†10.2.	Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Agreement.
*†10.3.	Form of Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Unit Agreement.
†31.1.	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
†31.2.	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
†32.1.	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
†32.2.	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
†101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
†101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
†101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
†101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
†101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
†101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\* Management Contract or Compensatory Plan

† Filed herewith

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# Guess?, Inc.

Date:	August 31, 2016	By:	/s/ VICTOR HERRERO			
			Victor Herrero			
			Chief Executive Officer			
Date:	August 31, 2016	By:	/s/ SANDEEP REDDY			
			Sandeep Reddy			
			Chief Financial Officer			
			(Principal Financial Officer)			

# RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT UNDER THE GUESS?, INC. NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION PLAN

This RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT, dated as of the **«Grant\_Date»** (the "<u>Award Agreement</u>"), is entered into by and between Guess?, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **«Name» «Last\_Name»** (the "<u>Grantee</u>").

WHEREAS, the Grantee is currently a non-employee director ("<u>Eligible Director</u>") of the Company and pursuant to the Guess?, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Compensation Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>"), and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Company grants to the Grantee a restricted stock award (the "<u>Award</u>"). Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of services rendered and to be rendered by the Grantee, and the mutual promises made herein and the mutual benefits to be derived therefrom, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- <u>Grant</u>. Subject to the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Company hereby grants to the Grantee, effective as of «Grant\_Date» (the "Date of Grant"), an Award with respect to an aggregate of «Shares» restricted shares of the Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share (the "<u>Restricted Stock</u>").
- 2. <u>Vesting</u>. Subject to 7 below, the Award shall become vested as to 100% of the shares of Restricted Stock subject to the Award upon the first to occur of (a) the first anniversary of the Date of Grant, (b) a termination of service on the Board if the Grantee has completed one full term of service and he or she does not stand for re-election at the completion of such term, or (c) a Change in Control of the Company, provided that Grantee has been continuously engaged as an Eligible Director from the Date of Grant through the first to occur of such dates.
- 3. <u>Continuance of Service Required</u>. The vesting schedule requires continued service through the applicable vesting date as a condition to the vesting of the rights and benefits under this Award Agreement. Partial service, even if substantial, during the vesting period will not entitle the Grantee to any proportionate vesting or avoid or mitigate a termination of rights and benefits upon or following a termination of service as provided in Section 7 below or under the Plan, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan.
- 4. <u>Restrictions on Transfer</u>. Prior to the time that they have become vested pursuant to Section 2 hereof, neither the Restricted Stock, nor any interest therein, amount payable in respect thereof, or Restricted Property (as defined in Section 5 hereof) may be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise disposed of, alienated or encumbered, either voluntarily or involuntarily. The transfer restrictions in the preceding sentence shall not apply to (a) transfers to the Company or (b) transfers by will or the laws of descent and distribution.
- 5. <u>Voting: Dividends</u>. After the Date of Grant, the Grantee shall have voting rights and dividend rights with respect to the Restricted Stock subject to the Award. Any securities or

other property receivable in respect of the Restricted Stock as a result of any dividend or other distribution (other than cash dividends), conversion or exchange of or with respect to the shares ("<u>Restricted Property</u>") will be subject to the restrictions set forth in this Award Agreement and the Plan to the same extent as the shares to which such securities or other property relate and shall be held and accumulated for the benefit of the Grantee, but subject to such risks. The Grantee's voting and dividend rights shall terminate immediately as to any shares that are forfeited back to the Company in accordance with Section 7.

# 6. <u>Stock Certificates.</u>

- (a) <u>Book Entry Form</u>. The Company shall, in its discretion, issue the shares of Restricted Stock subject to the Award either
   (i) in certificate form as provided in Section 6(b) below or (ii) in book entry form, registered in the name of the Grantee with notations regarding the applicable restrictions on transfer imposed under this Award Agreement.
- (b) <u>Certificates to be Held by Company; Legend</u>. Any certificates representing shares of Restricted Stock that may be delivered to the Grantee by the Company prior to vesting shall be immediately redelivered by the Grantee to the Company to be held by the Company until the restrictions on such shares shall have lapsed and the shares shall thereby have become vested or the shares represented thereby have been forfeited hereunder. Such certificates shall bear the following legend and any other legends the Company may determine to be necessary or advisable to comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations:

"The ownership of this certificate and the shares of stock evidenced hereby and any interest therein are subject to substantial restrictions on transfer under an Award Agreement entered into between the registered owner and Guess?, Inc. A copy of such Award Agreement is on file in the office of the Secretary of Guess?, Inc."

- (c) <u>Delivery of Shares Upon Vesting</u>. Promptly after the vesting of any shares of Restricted Stock pursuant to Section 2 hereof, the Company shall, as applicable, either remove the notations on any shares of Restricted Stock issued in book entry form that have vested or deliver to the Grantee a certificate or certificates evidencing the number of shares of Restricted Stock that have vested. The Grantee (or the beneficiary or personal representative of the Grantee in the event of the Grantee's death or disability, as the case may be) shall deliver to the Company any representations or other documents or assurances as the Company may deem necessary or reasonably desirable to ensure compliance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The shares so delivered shall no longer be restricted shares hereunder.
- (d) <u>Stock Power; Power of Attorney</u>. Concurrent with the execution and delivery of this Award Agreement, the Grantee shall deliver to the Company an executed stock power in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, in blank, with respect to the Restricted Stock. The Grantee, by acceptance of the Award, shall be deemed to appoint, and does so appoint by execution of this Award Agreement, the Company and each of its authorized representatives as the Grantee's attorney(s) in fact to effect any transfer of unvested forfeited shares (or shares otherwise reacquired by the Company hereunder) to the Company as may be required pursuant to the Plan

or this Award Agreement and to execute such documents as the Company or such representatives deem necessary or advisable in connection with any such transfer.

- 7. <u>Effect of a Termination of Service</u>. Except as expressly provided in Section 2, if Grantee ceases to be a member of the Board for any reason any shares of Restricted Stock subject to the Award that are not fully vested and free from restriction as of the Grantee's termination of service shall thereupon be forfeited and returned to the Company.
- 8. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted under this Award Agreement shall be deemed given when personally delivered, or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed, as appropriate, to the Grantee either at the address in the records of the Company or such other address as may be designated by Grantee in writing to the Company; or to the Company, Attention: Secretary, 1444 South Alameda Street, Los Angeles, California 90021, or such other address as the Company may designate in writing to the Grantee.
- 9. <u>Failure to Enforce Not a Waiver</u>. The failure of the Company or the Grantee to enforce at any time any provision of this Award Agreement shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provision or of any other provision hereof.
- 10. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Delaware (without giving effect to conflicts of law principles).
- 11. <u>Amendments</u>. This Award Agreement may be amended or modified at any time by an instrument in writing signed by both parties, subject to Section 7 of the Plan.
- 12. <u>No Right to Re-Election</u>. Neither the grant of the Award nor the execution of this Award Agreement shall interfere in any way with the right of the Company to terminate its relationship with the Grantee at any time.
- 13. <u>No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes</u>. Neither the grant of the Award, the Plan nor this Award Agreement shall affect or restrict in any way the right or power of the Company or its shareholders to make or authorize any adjustment, recapitalization, reorganization or other change in the capital structure or business of the Company, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Common Stock or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Common Stock, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of the assets or business of the Company, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.
- 14. Entire Agreement. This Award Agreement and the Plan set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the matters covered herein, and supersede any prior agreements and understandings concerning such matters. This Award Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same agreement. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Award Agreement. This Award Agreement shall be assumed by, be binding upon and insure to the benefit of any successor or successors to the Company.

- 15. <u>Plan</u>. The Award and all rights of the Grantee under this Award Agreement are subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, incorporated herein by this reference. The Grantee agrees to be bound by the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement. The Grantee acknowledges having read and understanding the Plan and this Award Agreement. Unless otherwise expressly provided in other sections of this Award Agreement, provisions of the Plan that confer discretionary authority on the Board do not and shall not be deemed to create any rights in the Grantee unless such rights are expressly set forth herein or are otherwise in the sole discretion of the Board so conferred by appropriate action of the Board under the Plan after the date hereof.
- 16. <u>Section 83(b) Election</u>. The Grantee hereby acknowledges that, with respect to the grant of the Restricted Stock, an election may be filed by the Grantee with the Internal Revenue Service, <u>within 30 days</u> of the Date of Grant, electing pursuant to Section 83(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "<u>Code</u>"), to be taxed currently on the fair market value of the Restricted Stock on the Date of Grant.

THE GRANTEE HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT IS THE GRANTEE'S SOLE RESPONSIBILITY AND NOT THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE COMPANY TO TIMELY FILE AN ELECTION UNDER SECTION 83(b) OF THE CODE IN THE EVENT THE GRANTEE DESIRES TO MAKE SUCH AN ELECTION, EVEN IF THE GRANTEE REQUESTS THE COMPANY OR ITS REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE THIS FILING ON THE GRANTEE'S BEHALF. THE COMPANY MAKES NO RECOMMENDATION AS TO WHETHER SUCH AN ELECTION SHOULD BE MADE. **IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Company has caused this Award Agreement to be executed on its behalf by a duly authorized officer and the Grantee has hereunto set his or her hand as of the date and year first above written.

# GUESS?, INC.,

a Delaware corporation

By: \_\_\_\_\_
Print Name:
Its:
GRANTEE
Signature

«Name» «Last Name»

Print Name

EXHIBIT A

# STOCK POWER

FOR VALUE RECEIVED and pursuant to that certain Restricted Stock Award Agreement between Guess?, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and the individual named below (the "Individual"), dated as of \_\_\_\_\_\_, the Individual hereby sells, assigns and transfers to the Company an aggregate of \_\_\_\_\_\_ shares of Common Stock of the Company, standing in the Individual's name on the books of the Company and, if such shares are in certificate form, represented by stock certificate number(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to which this instrument is attached, and hereby irrevocably constitutes and appoints \_\_\_\_\_\_ as his or her attorney in fact and agent to transfer such shares on the books of the Company, with full power of substitution in the premises.

Dated	,	
-------	---	--

Signature

«Name» «Last Name»

Print Name

(Instruction: Please do not fill in any blanks other than the signature line. The purpose of the assignment is to enable the Company to exercise its sale/purchase option set forth in the Restricted Stock Award Agreement without requiring additional signatures on the part of the Individual.)

# RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT UNDER THE GUESS?, INC. NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTORS' COMPENSATION PLAN

This RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AWARD AGREEMENT, dated as of the **«GRANT\_DATE»** (the "<u>Award</u> <u>Agreement</u>"), is entered into by and between Guess?, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "<u>Company</u>"), and **«Name» «Last\_Name»** (the "<u>Grantee</u>").

WHEREAS, the Grantee is currently a non-employee director ("<u>Eligible Director</u>") of the Company and pursuant to the Guess?, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Compensation Plan (the "<u>Plan</u>"), and upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Company grants to the Grantee a restricted stock unit award (the "<u>Award</u>"). Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Plan.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of services rendered and to be rendered by the Grantee, and the mutual promises made herein and the mutual benefits to be derived therefrom, the parties hereto agree as follows:

- <u>Grant</u>. Subject to the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the Company hereby grants to the Grantee, effective as of «GRANT\_DATE» (the "<u>Date of Grant</u>"), an Award with respect to an aggregate of «SHARES» stock units (subject to adjustment as provided in Section 8 of the Plan) (the "<u>Stock Units</u>"). As used herein, the term "stock unit" shall mean a nonvoting unit of measurement which is deemed for bookkeeping purposes to be equivalent to one outstanding share of the Company's Common Stock solely for purposes of the Plan and this Award Agreement. The Stock Units shall be used solely as a device for the determination of the payment to eventually be made to the Grantee if such Stock Units vest pursuant to Section 2. The Stock Units shall not be treated as property or as a trust fund of any kind.
- 2. <u>Vesting</u>. Subject to Section 7 below, the Award shall become vested as to 100% of the Stock Units subject to the Award upon the first to occur of (a) the first anniversary of the Date of Grant, (b) a termination of service on the Board if the Grantee has completed one full term of service and he or she does not stand for re-election at the completion of such term, or (c) a Change in Control of the Company, provided that Grantee has been continuously engaged as an Eligible Director from the Date of Grant through the first to occur of such dates.
- 3. <u>Continuance of Service Required</u>. The vesting schedule requires continued service through the applicable vesting date as a condition to the vesting of the rights and benefits under this Award Agreement. Partial service, even if substantial, during the vesting period will not entitle the Grantee to any proportionate vesting or avoid or mitigate a termination of rights and benefits upon or following a termination of service as provided in Section 7 below or under the Plan, except as otherwise expressly provided in the Plan.
- 4. <u>Restrictions on Transfer</u>. Prior to the time that they have become vested pursuant to Section 2 hereof, neither the Stock Units, nor any interest therein or amount or shares payable in respect thereof, may be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise

disposed of, alienated or encumbered, either voluntarily or involuntarily. The transfer restrictions in the preceding sentence shall not apply to (a) transfers to the Company or (b) transfers by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

- 5. <u>Voting; Dividends</u>.
  - (a) Limitations on Rights Associated with Units. The Grantee shall have no rights as a stockholder of the Company, no dividend rights (except as expressly provided in Section 5(b) with respect to Dividend Equivalent Rights) and no voting rights, with respect to the Stock Units and any shares of Common Stock underlying or issuable in respect of such Stock Units until such shares of Common Stock are actually issued to and held of record by the Grantee. No adjustments will be made for dividends or other rights of a holder for which the record date is prior to the date of issuance of such shares.
  - (b) <u>Dividend Equivalent Rights Distributions</u>. As of any date that the Company pays a cash dividend on its Common Stock, the Company shall credit the Grantee with an amount equal to (i) the per-share cash dividend paid by the Company on its Common Stock on such date, multiplied by (ii) the total number of Stock Units (with such total number adjusted pursuant to Section 8 of the Plan) subject to the Award as of the related dividend payment record date. Any amount credited pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section 5(b) shall be payable to the Grantee in cash, subject to the same vesting, timing of payment and other terms, conditions and restrictions as the original Stock Units to which such amount relates. No crediting of dividend equivalents shall be made pursuant to this Section 5(b) with respect to any Stock Units which, as of such record date, have either been paid pursuant to Section 6 or terminated pursuant to Section 7.
- 6. <u>Timing and Manner of Payment of Stock Units</u>. On or as soon as administratively practical following each vesting of the applicable portion of the total Award pursuant to Section 2 hereof (and in all events not later than two and one-half months after the applicable vesting date), the Company shall deliver to the Grantee a number of shares of Common Stock (either by delivering one or more certificates for such shares or by entering such shares in book entry form, as determined by the Corporation in its discretion) equal to the number of Stock Units subject to this Award that vest on the applicable vesting date, unless such Stock Units terminate prior to the given vesting date pursuant to Section 7. The Company's obligation to deliver shares of Common Stock or otherwise make payment with respect to vested Stock Units is subject to the condition precedent that the Grantee or other person entitled under the Plan to receive any shares with respect to the vested Stock Units deliver to the Company any representations or other documents or assurances as the Company may deem necessary or reasonably desirable to ensure compliance with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements. The Grantee shall have no further rights with respect to any Stock Units that are paid or that terminate pursuant to Section 7.
- 7. <u>Effect of a Termination of Service</u>. Except as expressly provided in Section 2, if the Grantee ceases to be a member of the Board for any reason, the Stock Units shall terminate to the extent such units have not become vested prior to the first date the Grantee is no longer a member of the Board. If any unvested Stock Units are terminated hereunder, such Stock Units shall automatically terminate and be cancelled as of the applicable termination

date without payment of any consideration by the Company and without any other action by the Grantee, or the Grantee's beneficiary or personal representative, as the case may be.

- 8. <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted under this Award Agreement shall be deemed given when personally delivered, or when deposited in a United States Post Office, postage prepaid, addressed, as appropriate, to the Grantee either at the address in the records of the Company or such other address as may be designated by Grantee in writing to the Company; or to the Company, Attention: Secretary, 1444 South Alameda Street, Los Angeles, California 90021, or such other address as the Company may designate in writing to the Grantee.
- 9. <u>Failure to Enforce Not a Waiver</u>. The failure of the Company or the Grantee to enforce at any time any provision of this Award Agreement shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provision or of any other provision hereof.
- 10. <u>Governing Law</u>. This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Delaware (without giving effect to conflicts of law principles).
- 11. <u>Amendments</u>. This Award Agreement may be amended or modified at any time by an instrument in writing signed by both parties, subject to Section 7 of the Plan.
- 12. <u>No Right to Re-Election</u>. Neither the grant of the Award nor the execution of this Award Agreement shall interfere in any way with the right of the Company to terminate its relationship with the Grantee at any time.
- 13. <u>No Restriction on Right of Company to Effect Corporate Changes</u>. Neither the grant of the Award, the Plan nor this Award Agreement shall affect or restrict in any way the right or power of the Company or its shareholders to make or authorize any adjustment, recapitalization, reorganization or other change in the capital structure or business of the Company, or any merger or consolidation of the Company, or any issue of stock or of options, warrants or rights to purchase stock or of bonds, debentures, preferred or prior preference stocks whose rights are superior to or affect the Common Stock or the rights thereof or which are convertible into or exchangeable for Common Stock, or the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, or any sale or transfer of all or any part of the assets or business of the Company, or any other corporate act or proceeding, whether of a similar character or otherwise.
- 14. Entire Agreement. This Award Agreement and the Plan set forth the entire agreement and understanding between the parties hereto with respect to the matters covered herein, and supersede any prior agreements and understandings concerning such matters. This Award Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same agreement. The headings of sections and subsections herein are included solely for convenience of reference and shall not affect the meaning of any of the provisions of this Award Agreement. This Award Agreement shall be assumed by, be binding upon and insure to the benefit of any successor or successors to the Company.
- 15. <u>Plan</u>. The Award and all rights of the Grantee under this Award Agreement are subject to the terms and conditions of the Plan, incorporated herein by this reference. The Grantee agrees to be bound by the terms of the Plan and this Award Agreement. The Grantee acknowledges having read and understanding the Plan and this Award Agreement. Unless

otherwise expressly provided in other sections of this Award Agreement, provisions of the Plan that confer discretionary authority on the Board do not and shall not be deemed to create any rights in the Grantee unless such rights are expressly set forth herein or are otherwise in the sole discretion of the Board so conferred by appropriate action of the Board under the Plan after the date hereof.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Company has caused this Award Agreement to be executed on its behalf by a duly authorized officer and the Grantee has hereunto set his or her hand as of the date and year first above written.

# GUESS?, INC., a Delaware corporation

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name:

Its:

GRANTEE

Signature

«Name» «Last Name»

Print Name

# I, Victor Herrero, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Guess?, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 31, 2016

By: /s/ VICTOR HERRERO

Victor Herrero Chief Executive Officer

# I, Sandeep Reddy, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Guess?, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 31, 2016

By: /s/ SANDEEP REDDY

Sandeep Reddy Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Victor Herrero, Chief Executive Officer of Guess?, Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended July 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 31, 2016

By: /s/ VICTOR HERRERO

Victor Herrero Chief Executive Officer

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Sandeep Reddy, Chief Financial Officer of Guess?, Inc. (the "Company"), do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended July 30, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 31, 2016

By: /s/ SANDEEP REDDY

Sandeep Reddy Chief Financial Officer